

Dirac Formalism:

For the H.O. the eigenfunctions of \hat{H} are eigenfunctions of the Number operator $\hat{N} = \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a}$

$$\hat{a} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \quad \hat{a}^\dagger \sim \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \pi & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{mn} &= \int \psi_m^*(x) \hat{a} \psi_n(x) dx \\ &= \sqrt{n-1} \int \psi_m(x) \psi_{n-1}(x) dx \\ &= \sqrt{n-1} \delta_{m, n-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$a \psi \sim \hat{a} \psi$$

To each quantum state there corresponds state vector.

$$\hat{Q} |\psi\rangle = |\psi'\rangle$$

$$|\psi\rangle \sim \vec{V}$$

$$\hat{Q} |\psi\rangle = q |\psi\rangle \rightarrow \hat{Q} |q\rangle = q |q\rangle$$

"Ket Vectors"

$$\hat{H} |E\rangle = E |E\rangle \quad \begin{matrix} \uparrow \text{Hermitian} & \uparrow \text{Real} \end{matrix}$$

$$\hat{H} \psi_E(x) = E \psi_E(x)$$

$$\langle q' | q \rangle = 0 \quad q' \neq q$$

$$\langle \phi | \psi \rangle \equiv \int \phi^*(x) \psi(x) dx$$

$$\hat{X} |x\rangle = x |x\rangle, \quad \hat{P} |p\rangle = p |p\rangle$$

$$\text{Quantum State} \leftrightarrow |\psi\rangle, \quad \langle \psi |$$

$$\langle \phi | \psi \rangle = \int \phi^*(x) \psi(x) dx$$

$$\psi(x) = \sum c_n \psi_n(x), \quad \phi(x) = \sum d_n \psi_n(x)$$

$$= \int \sum_{m,n} d_m^* \psi_m^*(x) c_n \psi_n(x) dx$$

$$= \sum_{m,n} d_m^* c_n \int \underbrace{\psi_m^*(x)}_{S_{mn}} \psi_n(x) dx$$

$$= \sum_m d_m^* c_m$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} d_1^* \\ d_2^* \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{d} = \begin{pmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{c} = \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\langle \phi | \psi \rangle = \tilde{d}^* \cdot \tilde{c}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$|\psi\rangle \sim \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\phi\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} d_1 \\ d_2 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$