- 1. Read Kardar chapter 6. Did you read all the pages?
- 2. (a) What is the energy density of the photons in an oven at  $350^{\circ}$ F?
  - (b) What is the energy density of the air in an oven at  $350^{\circ}$ F?
- 3. (a) For the black body spectrum, find  $\frac{h\nu_{\text{peak}}}{k_BT}$ .
  - (b) Derive a formula for the black body spectrum in terms of wavelength  $\lambda$ .
  - (c) Find  $\frac{hc}{\lambda_{\text{peak}}k_BT}$ .
  - (d) Explain why  $\nu_{\text{peak}} \neq \frac{c}{\lambda_{\text{peak}}}$ .
- 4. At the surface of the sun, what fraction of the radiated energy is in the visible part of the spectrum?
- 5. How many photons (on average) are in one cubic meter at
  - (a) cosmic background temperature
  - (b) room temperature
  - (c) solar surface temperature
  - (d) solar core temperature
  - (e) What is the entropy per photon in natural units (leave  $k_B$  in the formula as a symbol)? Does it depend on temperature?

## Bonus

1. We saw that the energy density of photons in a box at temperature T is  $u = aT^4$ , where a is the radiation constant. Show that the intensity of radiation escaping from a small hole in the box is  $(\frac{c}{4})aT^4 = \sigma T^4$ , where  $\sigma$  is the Stefan-Boltzmann constant.