- 1. Consider a ring of radius a in the xy-plane with center at the origin whose linear charge density is $\lambda(\phi) = \frac{Q}{a} \cos \phi$. Find the first three **spherical** multipole tensors $Q_{\ell m}$ $(\ell = 0, 1, 2 \text{ and } -\ell \leq m \leq \ell)$.
- 2. For each of the following, state whether or not the expression satisfies the Cauchy-Riemann equations. If it does, rewrite the expression as a function of z (and not z^*).
 - (a) $e^x[\cos(y) + i\sin(y)]$
 - (b) $e^{x^2 y^2} [\cos(2xy) + i\sin(2xy)]$
 - (c) $\cos(x)\cosh(y) i\sin(x)\sinh(y)$
 - (d) $x^2 + y^2 + 2ixy$
- 3. Show that $z(f) = \frac{a}{2\pi}(1 + f + e^f)$ is analytic by satisfying the Cauchy-Riemann equations. Show that the inverse map f(z) is analytic by satisfying the Cauchy-Riemann equations. You will not be able to isolate f, so you need to be clever.

Bonus:



If each vertex of a tetrahedron is connected by a resistor R (6 in total), what is the equivalent resistance from one vertex to another?

If each vertex of a cube is connected by a resistor R (12 in total), what is the equivalent resistance from one vertex to an adjacent vertex (connected by a cube edge)?