

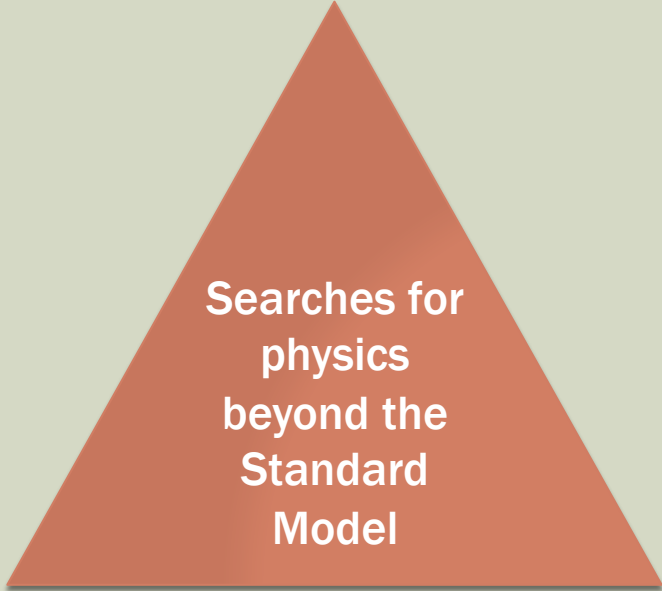
**DAY 2:
TRIGGER
AND
MEASUREMENTS
DOUBLING AS
SEARCHES**

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Yale University

TRIGGER PHILOSOPHY?



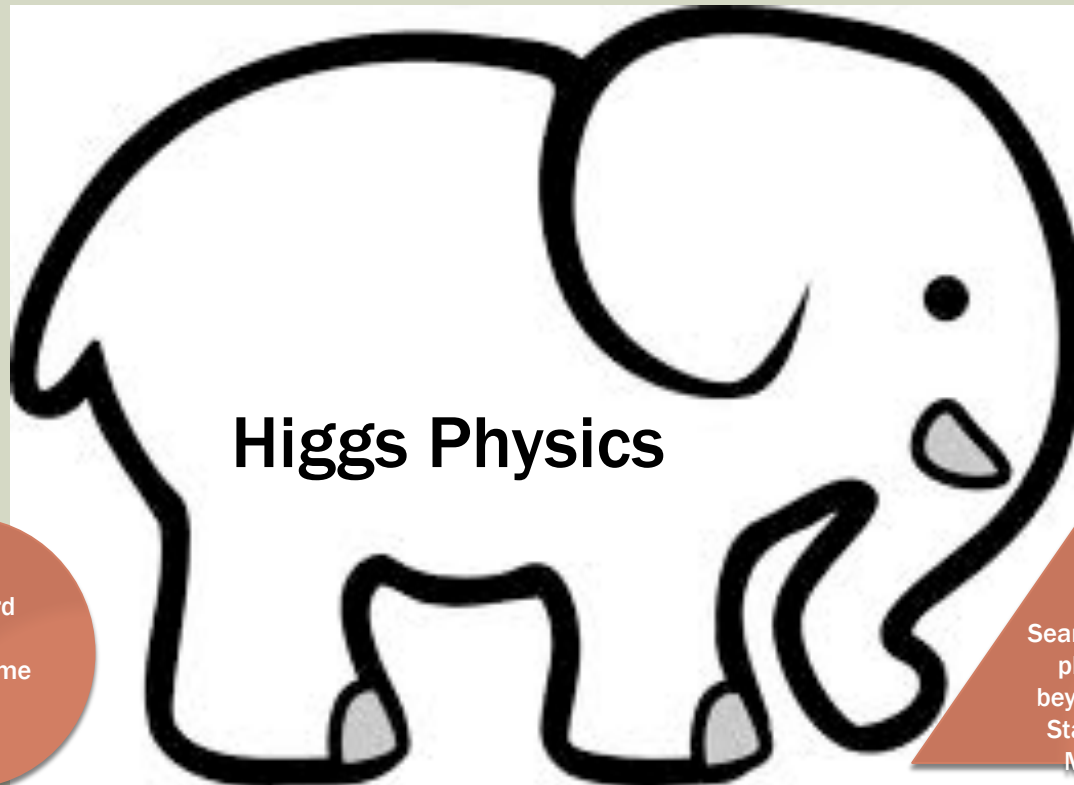
Standard Model
Measurements



Searches for
physics
beyond the
Standard
Model

How do experiments support a wide array of measurements and searches?

TRIGGER PHILOSOPHY?

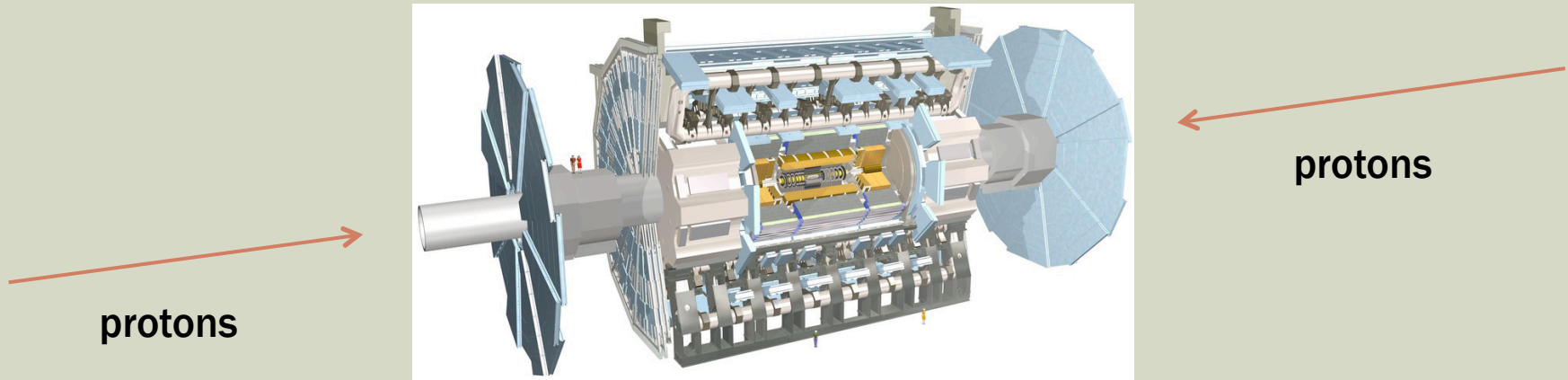


Standard
Model
Measurements

Searches for
physics
beyond the
Standard
Model

How do experiments support a wide array of measurements and searches?

WE THROW OUT THE VAST MAJORITY OF OUR DATA . . .



40 MHz

Trigger

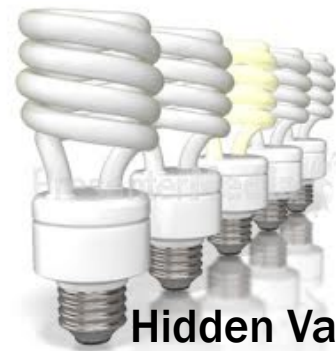
800 Hz

Bunches of protons pass through each other every 25 (50) ns,
for 40,000,000 possible opportunities to store data every second
but only $O(1000)$ can be kept for analysis

AND PEOPLE ARE PRETTY CREATIVE!

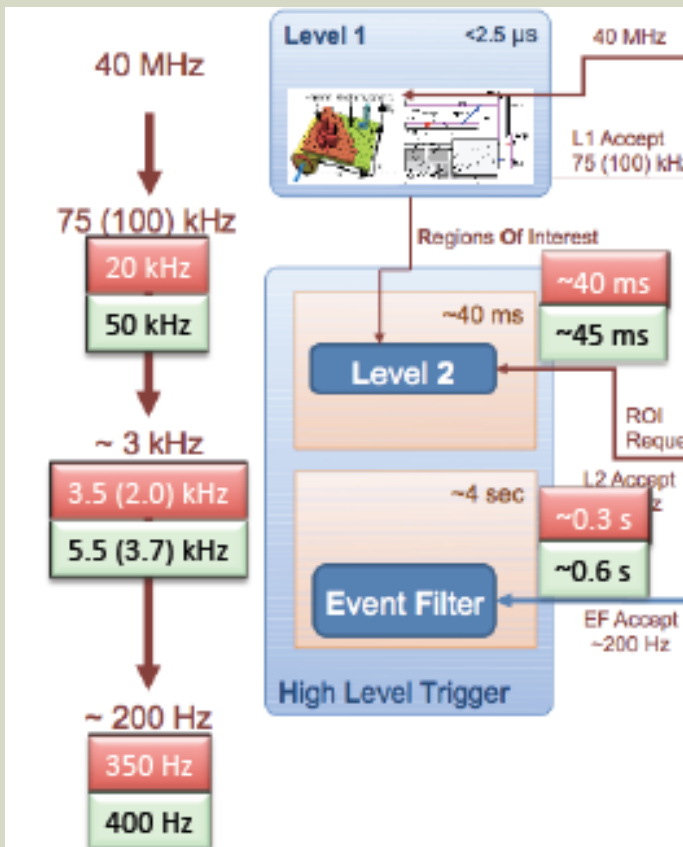


HOW TO BALANCE COMPETING NEEDS?

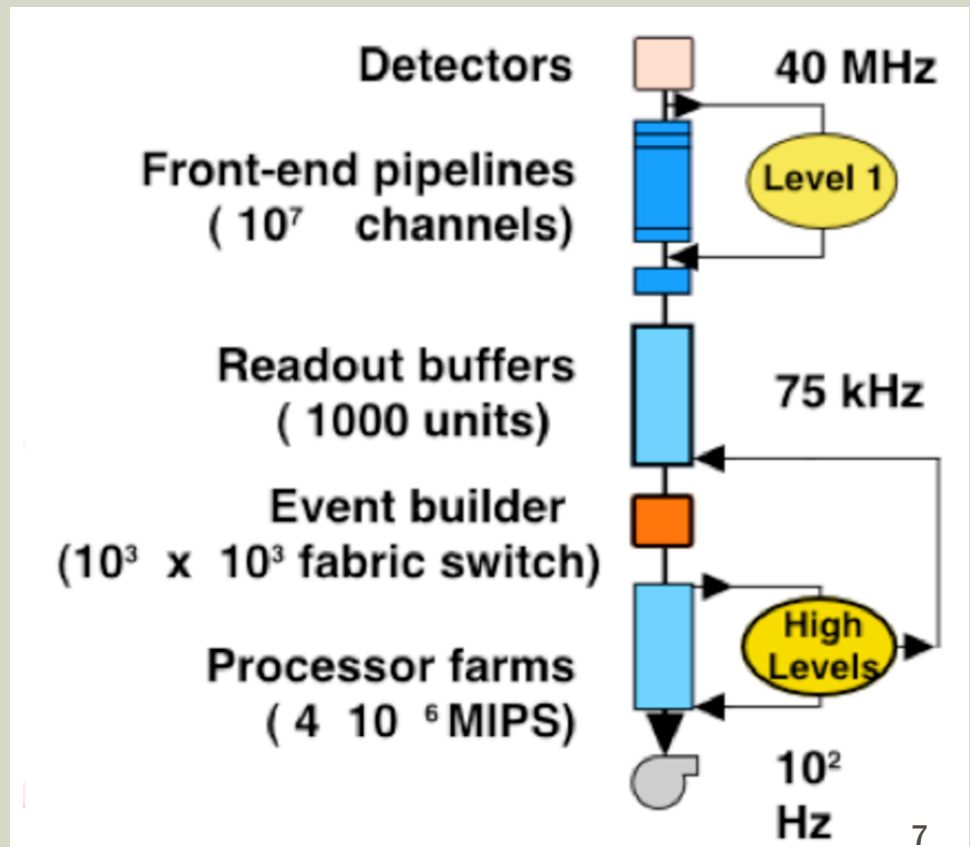


TRIGGER

ATLAS: 3 Levels



CMS: 2 Levels



TRIGGER PHILOSOPHY

- Physics-object based
 - electrons, muons, jets, b-jets, taus,
 - SUM ET, MET
- Reject as early as possible, leaving more time for more complicated decisions
- Need to be able to measure trigger efficiency
 - back-up triggers required?
- Result, ~500 distinct selections at the trigger level

TRIGGER MENU JUGGLING: ATLAS ORGANIZATION

Physics Groups

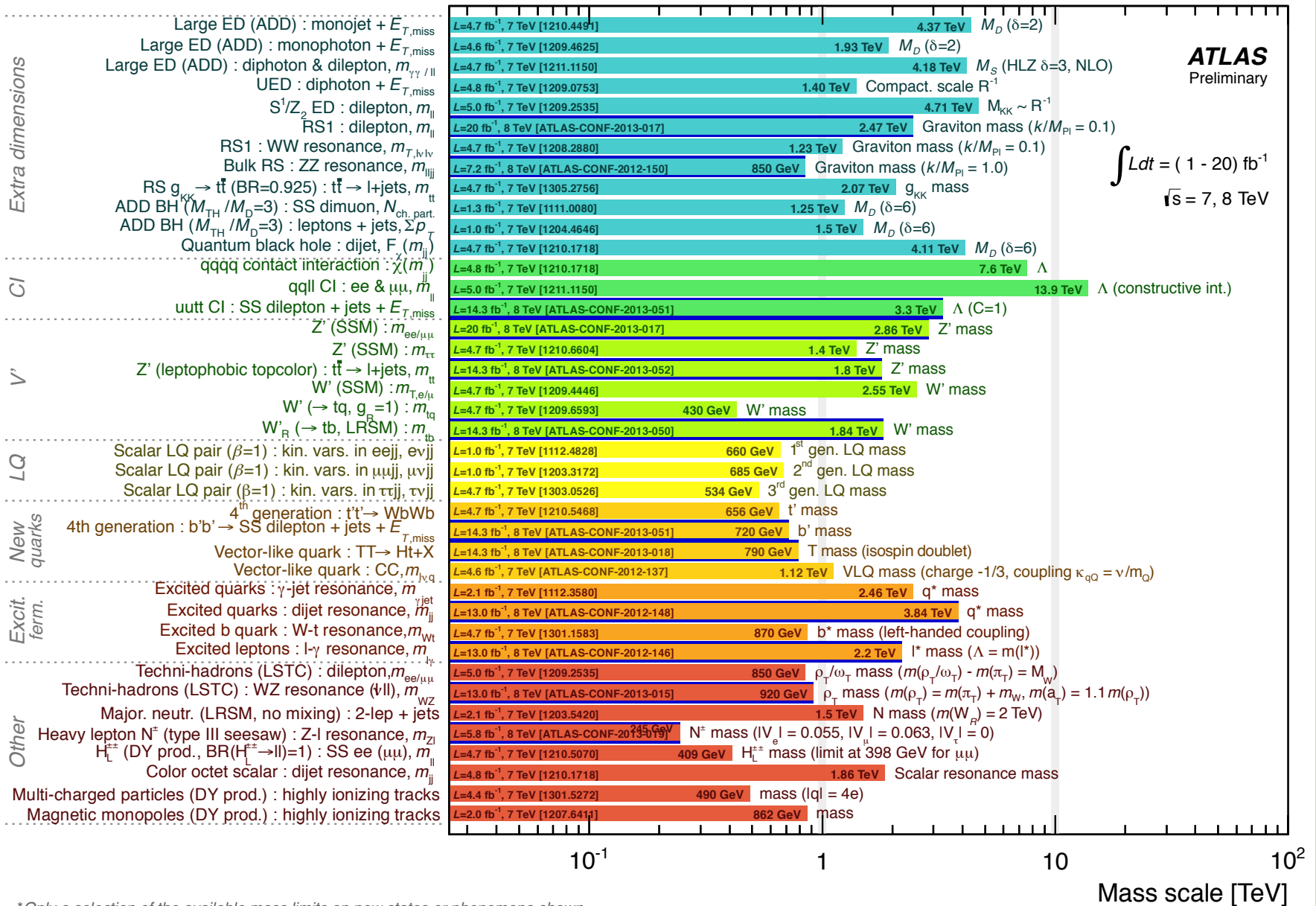
B Physics
Top
Standard Model
Higgs
SUSY
Exotics
Heavy Ions
Monte Carlo

Combined Performance

e/gamma
Flavour tagging
Jet/MET
Tau
Muon
Inner Tracking

Note: the Exotics group has an "other" category...

ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits (Status: May 2013)



*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena shown

Mass scale [TeV]

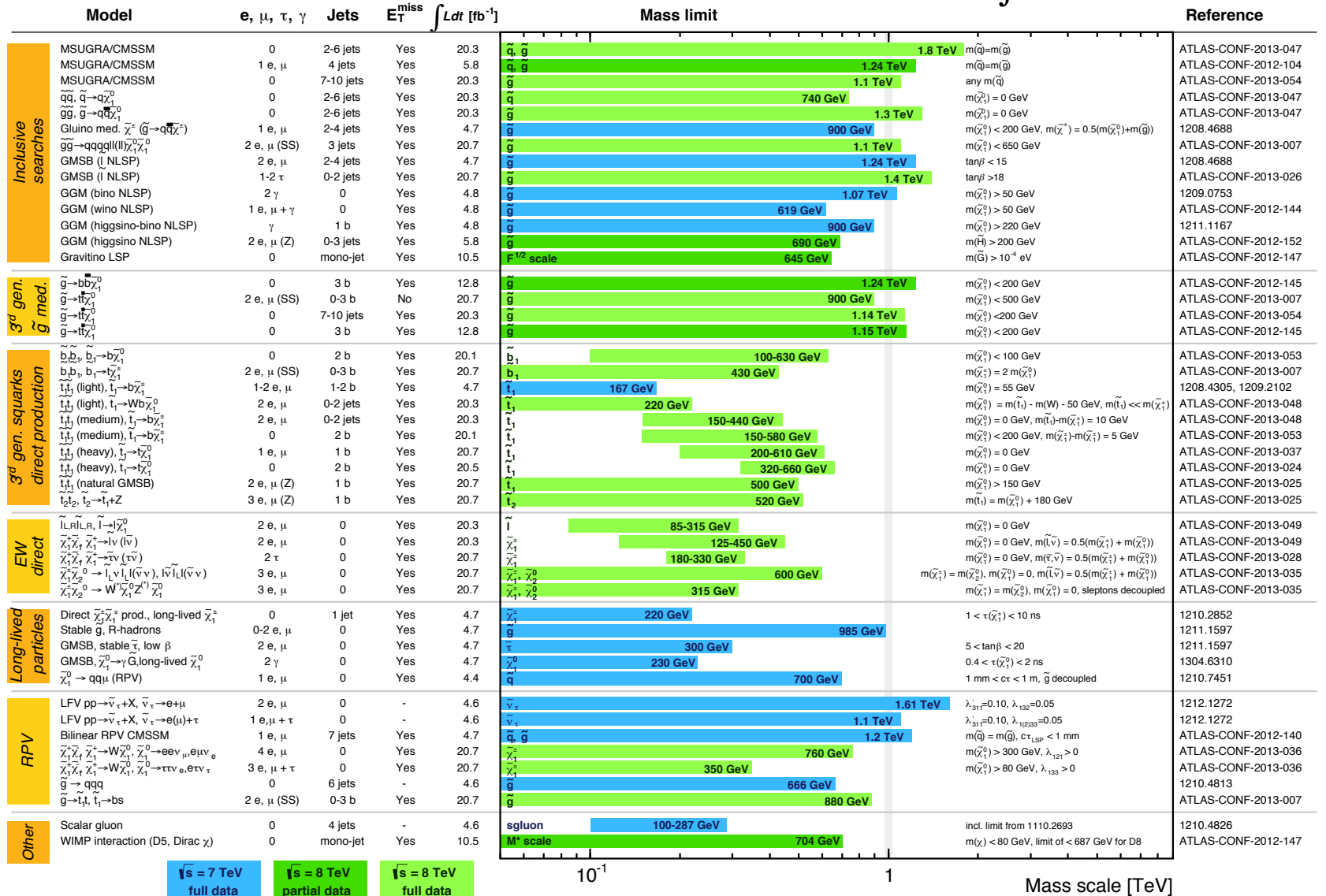
SUSY: this is just a representative selection...

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: LHCP 2013

ATLAS Preliminary

$$\int L dt = (4.4 - 20.7) \text{ fb}^{-1} \quad \sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$$



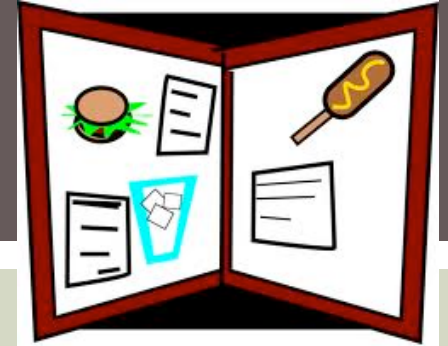
$\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ full data
 $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ partial data
 $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ full data

10⁻¹ 1 Mass scale [TeV]

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1 σ theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.

1 TeV

MAKING THE MENU



- Need low threshold leptons
 - to keep SM (W and Z) and the Higgs is light
 - SUSY cascades can result in lots of low p_T stuff

↓
- Impose isolation requirements
 - this reduces rate for a given threshold, but can become inefficient at higher energy

↓

 - add higher p_T un-isolated thresholds
- Make multiple object selections (2 electrons, or 1 electron + 1 muon)
 - results in many combinations, could be optimized per “signal” channel with competing interests

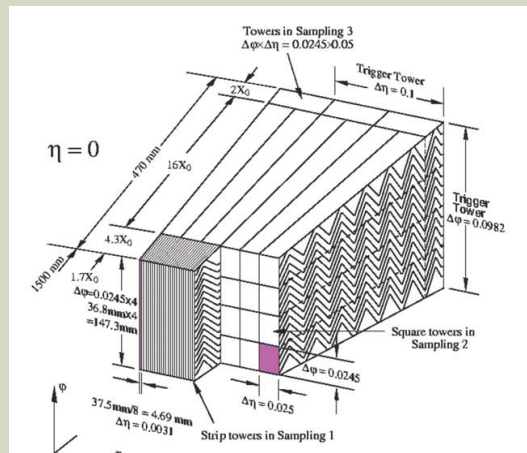
SO, YOU HAVE AN ANALYSIS IDEA?

- Present the analysis to your colleagues
- Propose trigger item
 - Calculate rate (both total and unique)
 - Present plan for measuring efficiency + any back-up trigger needed
 - Present plan for how to adapt with changing conditions
 - should item be pre-scaled? Thresholds increased?
- Bandwidth allocation is driven by priorities of the experiment



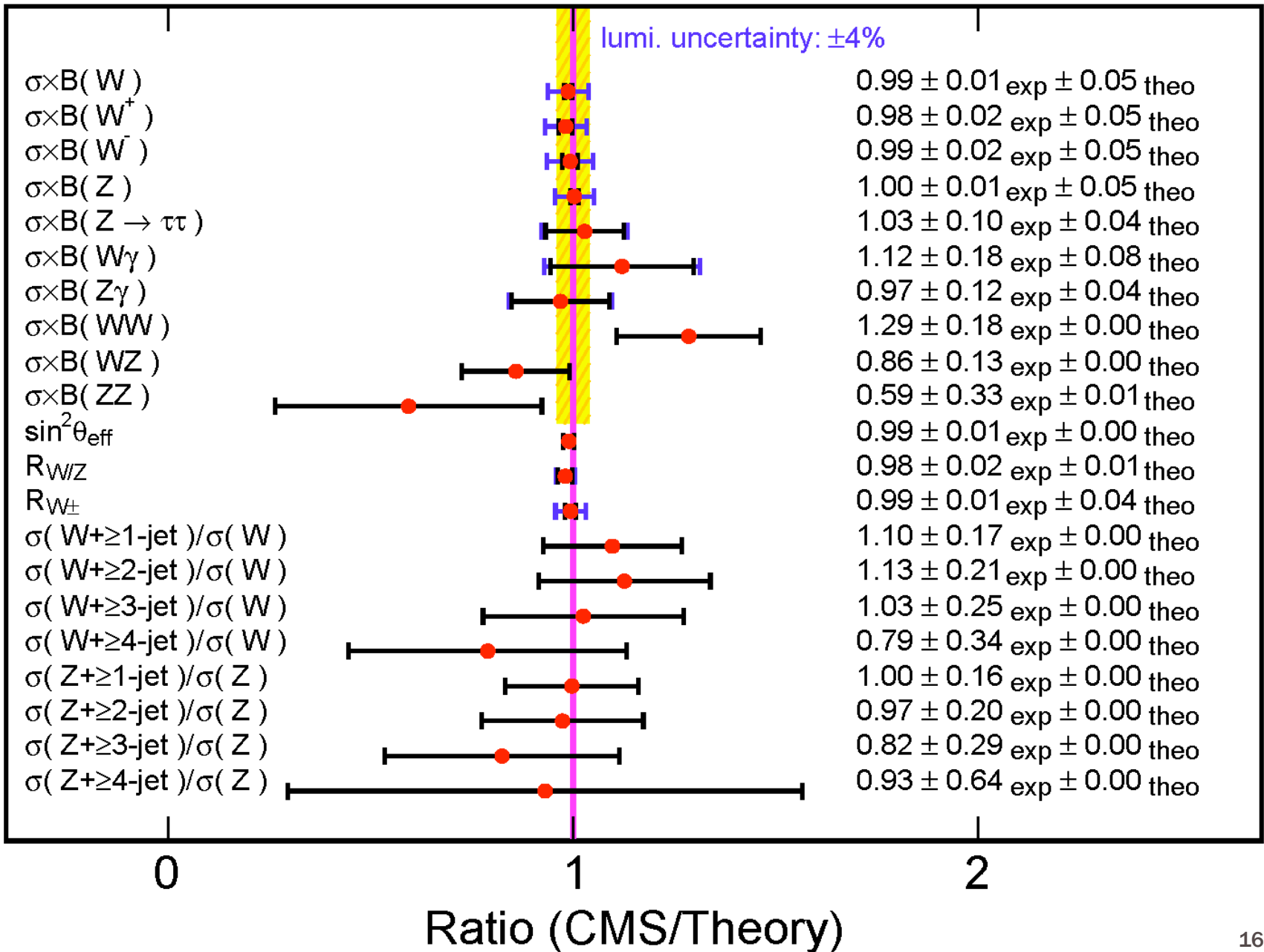
MOVING FORWARD?

- How to cope with additional pile-up for LHC Run 2 and beyond?
 - Add more information or increase the quality of information available
 - ATLAS plans to increase granularity of Level 1 calorimeter information, add topology information at L1, and have fast-tracking input to L2
 - For “Run3”, tracking would likely be added at Level 1



ELECTROWEAK OVERVIEW

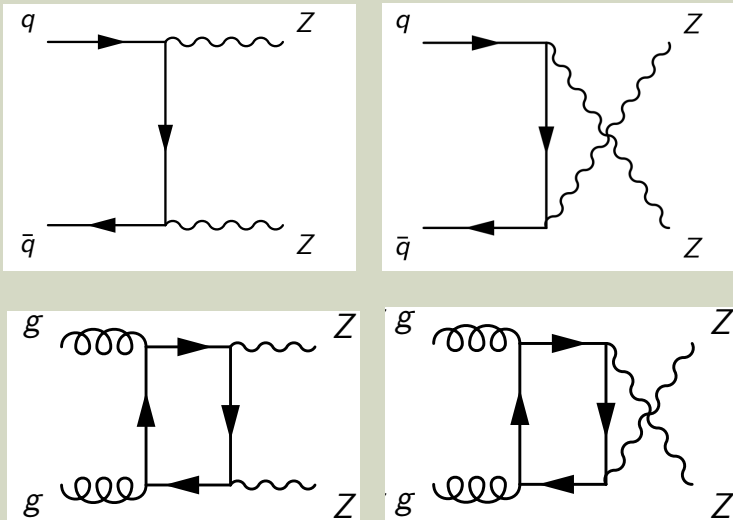
CMS



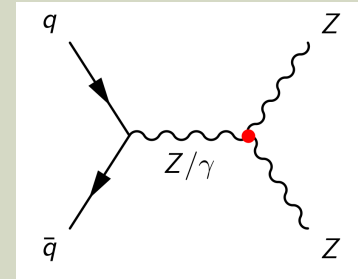
ZZ PRODUCTION

ATLAS

PRODUCTION OF ZZ



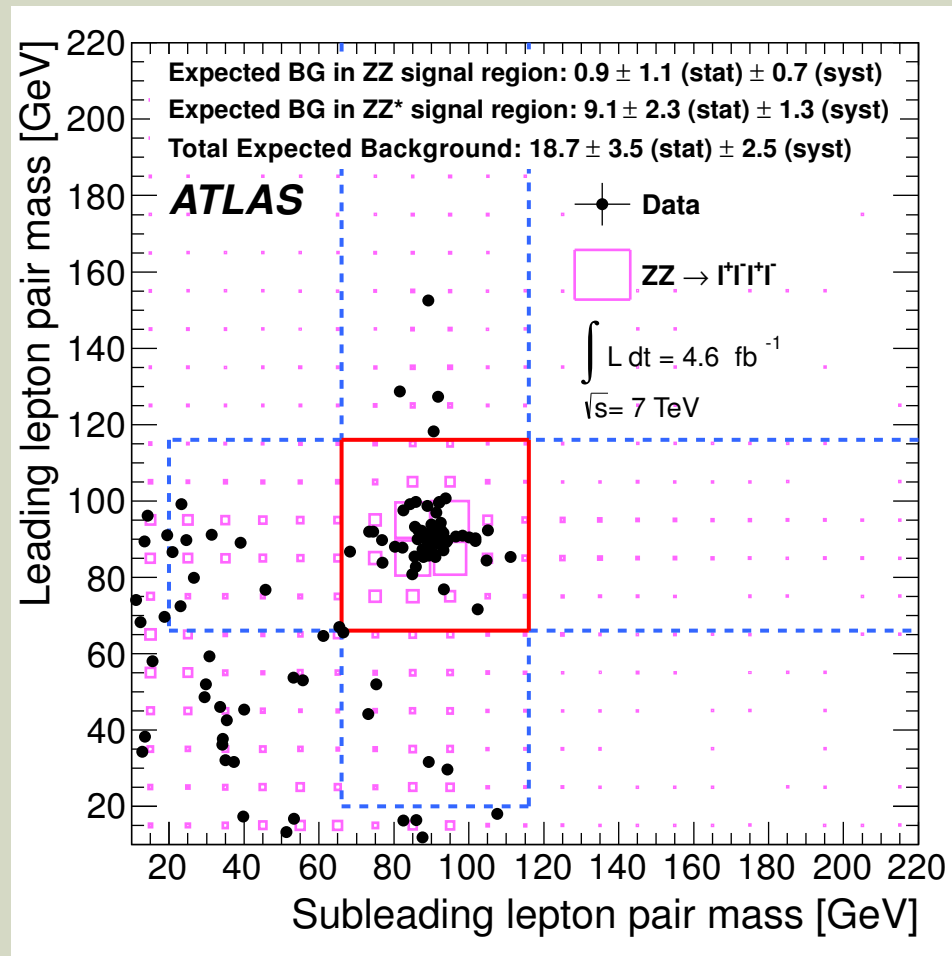
SM does not have
neutral triple gauge
boson couplings



Predicted ZZ cross section, with NLO and natural Z width: $5.89^{+0.22}_{-0.18}$ pb

Higgs also produces ZZ, but one Z is offshell – “contamination” of this analysis expected at the level of 3%

FOUR CHARGED LEPTON CHANNEL



FIDUCIAL CROSS SECTION

$$\sigma_{ZZ}^{\text{fid}} = \frac{N_{\text{obs}} - N_{\text{bkg}}}{C_{ZZ} \times \mathcal{L}}$$



correction factor: # events passing selection
signal events in fiducial region

Selection	C_{ZZ}
$ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-$	$0.552 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.021$
$ZZ^* \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-$	$0.542 \pm 0.002 \pm 0.022$
$ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \nu \bar{\nu}$	$0.679 \pm 0.004 \pm 0.014$

From data-corrected MC
in particular, lepton p_T
and resolution

EXTRAPOLATE TO TOTAL PHASE SPACE?

$$\sigma_{ZZ}^{\text{total}} = \frac{N_{\text{obs}} - N_{\text{bkg}}}{A_{ZZ} \times C_{ZZ} \times \mathcal{L} \times \text{BF}}$$

A_{ZZ} = Acceptance

Branching
Fraction

Selection	A_{ZZ}
$ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-$	$0.804 \pm 0.001 \pm 0.010$
$ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \nu \bar{\nu}$	$0.081 \pm 0.001 \pm 0.004$

Keep backgrounds low!!

SYSTEMATICS (AS % OF A OR C)

Source	$ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-$	$ZZ^* \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-$	$ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \nu \bar{\nu}$
	C_{ZZ}		
Lepton efficiency	3.0%	3.1%	1.3%
Lepton energy/momentum	0.2%	0.3%	1.1%
Lepton isolation and impact parameter	1.9%	2.0%	0.6%
Jet + E_T^{miss} modelling	–	–	0.8%
Jet veto	–	–	0.9%
Trigger efficiency	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%
PDF and scale	1.6%	1.5%	0.4%
	A_{ZZ}		
Jet veto	–	–	2.3%
PDF and scale	0.6%	–	1.9%
Generator modelling and parton shower	1.1%	–	4.6%

BACKGROUNDS

for the 4 ch. lepton channel, backgrounds come from jets faking electrons or muons measured from data (f), and scaled-up from lepton + jets sample (N) corrected for the signal.

	$e^+e^-e^+e^-$	$\mu^+\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-$	$e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$	$\ell^+\ell^-\ell'^+\ell'^-$
(+) $N(\ell\ell\ell j) \times f$	8.85 ± 0.98	0.21 ± 0.21	10.63 ± 1.06	19.70 ± 1.46
(-) $N(ZZ) \times f$	0.29 ± 0.18	$0.20^{+0.25}_{-0.20}$	0.56 ± 0.28	1.05 ± 0.42
(-) $N(\ell\ell j j) \times f^2$	4.24 ± 0.23	1.10 ± 0.31	4.24 ± 0.23	9.58 ± 0.45
Background estimate, $N(\text{BG})$	$4.3 \pm 1.4(\text{stat.})$ $\pm 0.6(\text{syst.})$	< 0.91	$5.8 \pm 1.6(\text{stat.})$ $\pm 0.9(\text{syst.})$	$9.1 \pm 2.3(\text{stat.})$ $\pm 1.3(\text{syst.})$

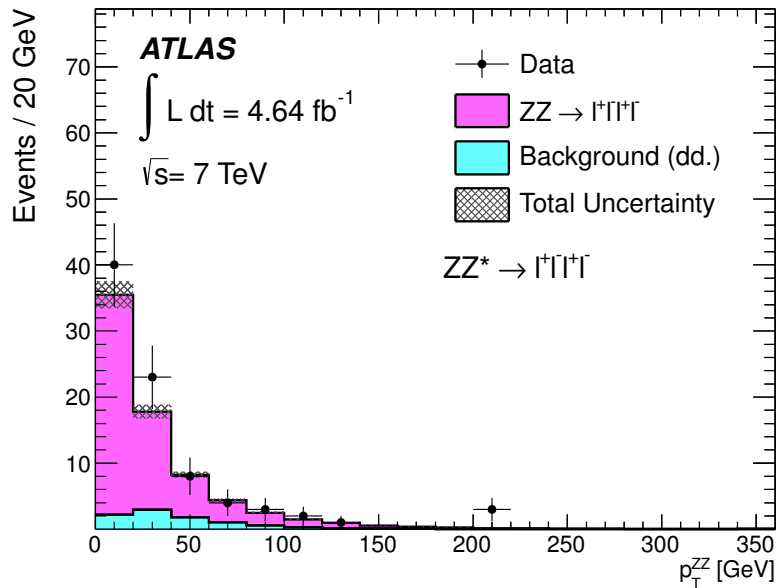
for the channel with neutrinos, the backgrounds are electroweak processes

Process	$e^+e^- E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$	$\mu^+\mu^- E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$	$\ell^+\ell^- E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$
$t\bar{t}, Wt, WW, Z \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	$8.5 \pm 2.1 \pm 0.5$	$10.6 \pm 2.6 \pm 0.6$	$19.1 \pm 2.3 \pm 1.0$
WZ	$8.9 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.4$	$11.9 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3$	$20.8 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.5$
$Z \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-, e^+e^- + \text{jets}$	$2.6 \pm 0.7 \pm 1.0$	$2.7 \pm 0.8 \pm 1.2$	$5.3 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.6$
$W + \text{jets}$	$0.7 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.3$	$0.7 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.2$	$1.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.4$
$W\gamma$	$0.1 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.2 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.0$	$0.3 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.0$
Total	$20.8 \pm 2.3 \pm 1.2$	$26.1 \pm 2.8 \pm 1.4$	$46.9 \pm 4.8 \pm 1.9$

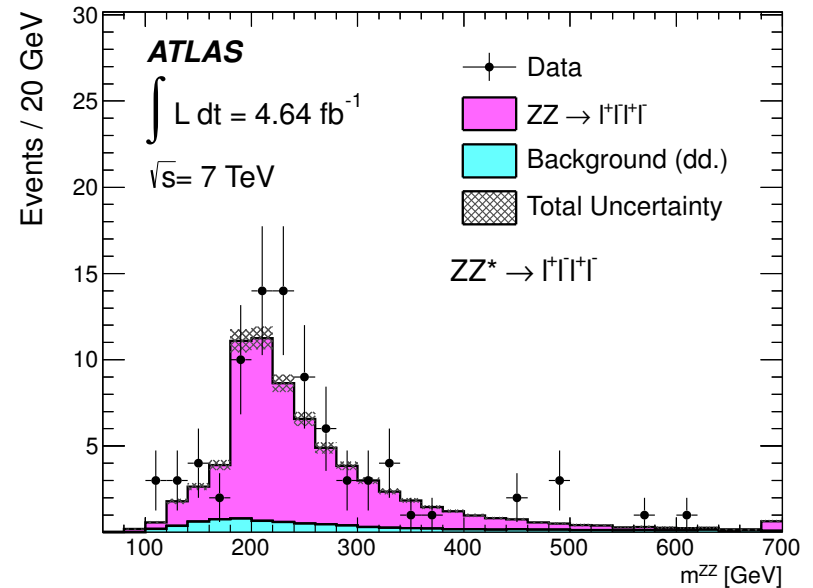
data-driven

DO WE KNOW WHAT WE ARE DOING?

transverse momentum (ZZ)



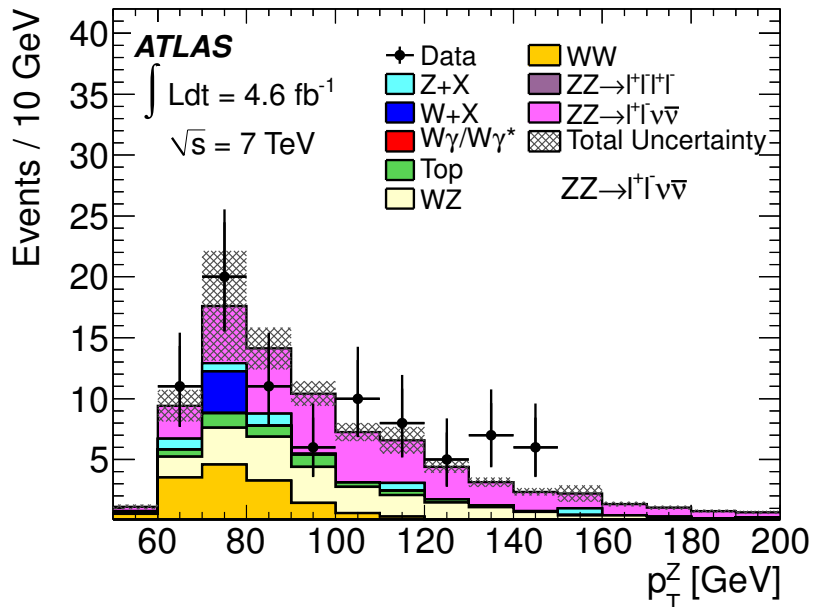
Invariant mass (ZZ)



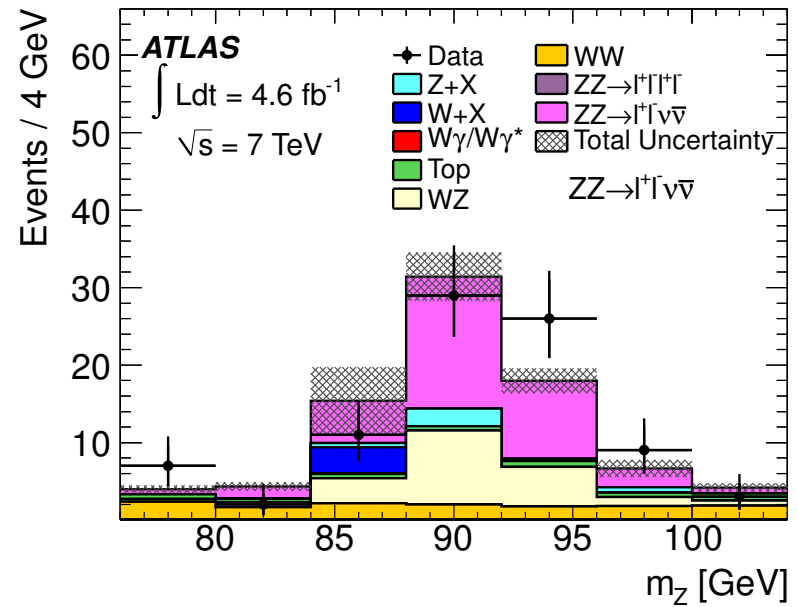
for the $l^+l^-l^+l^-$ channel

WHAT ABOUT FOR THIS CHANNEL?

transverse momentum (ZZ)



Invariant mass (ZZ)

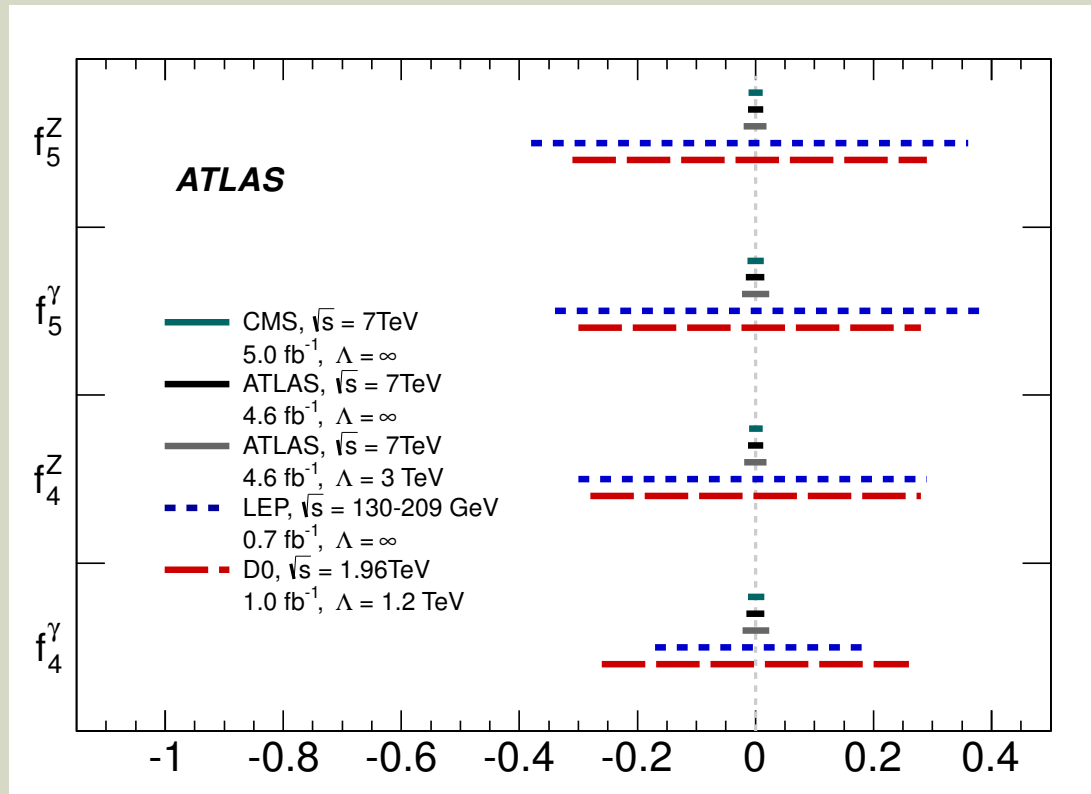


for the channel with two neutrinos

RESULTS

measured:

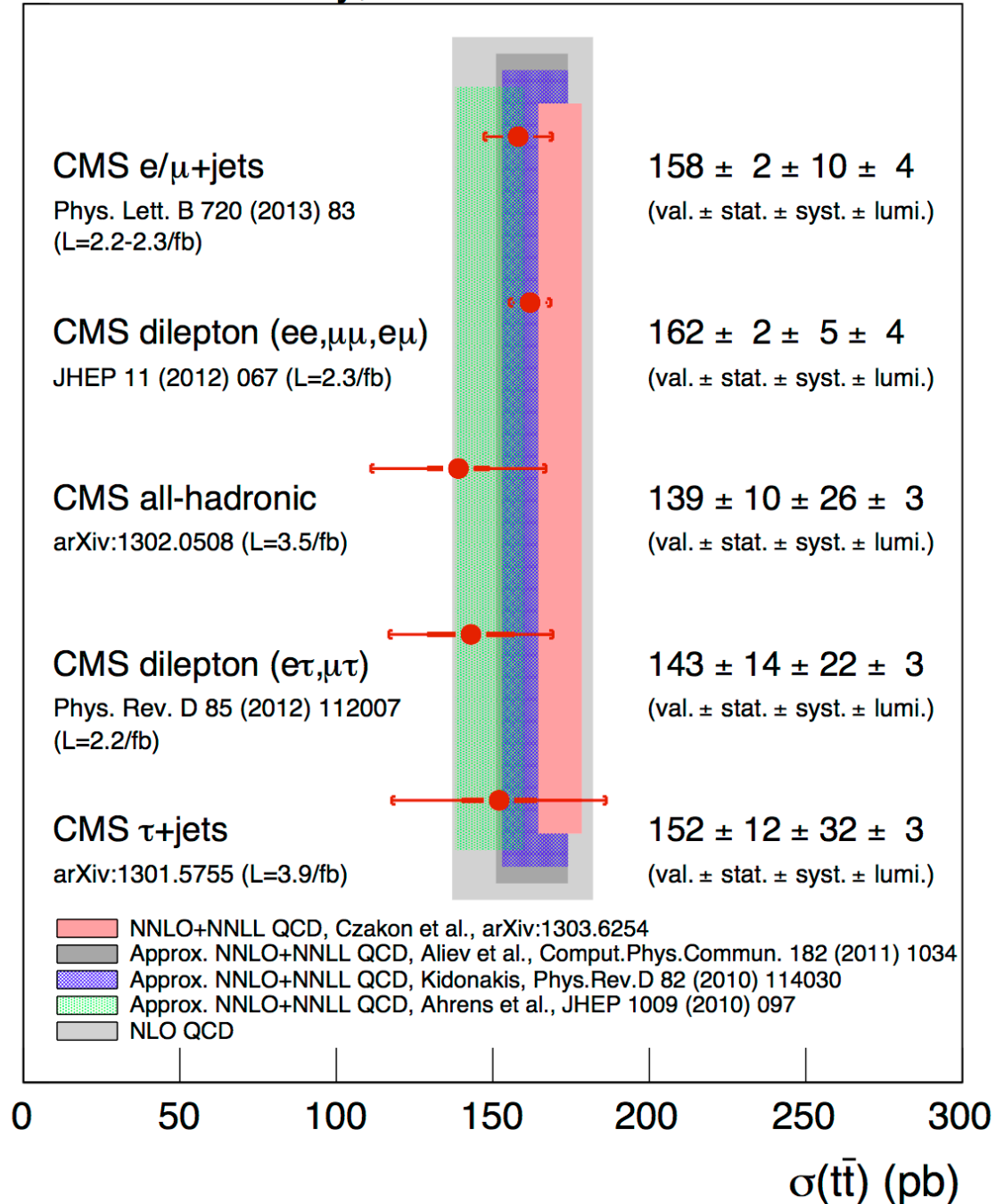
$$\sigma_{ZZ}^{\text{tot}} = 6.7 \pm 0.7 \text{ (stat.) } {}_{-0.3}^{+0.4} \text{ (syst.) } \pm 0.3 \text{ (lumi.) pb.}$$



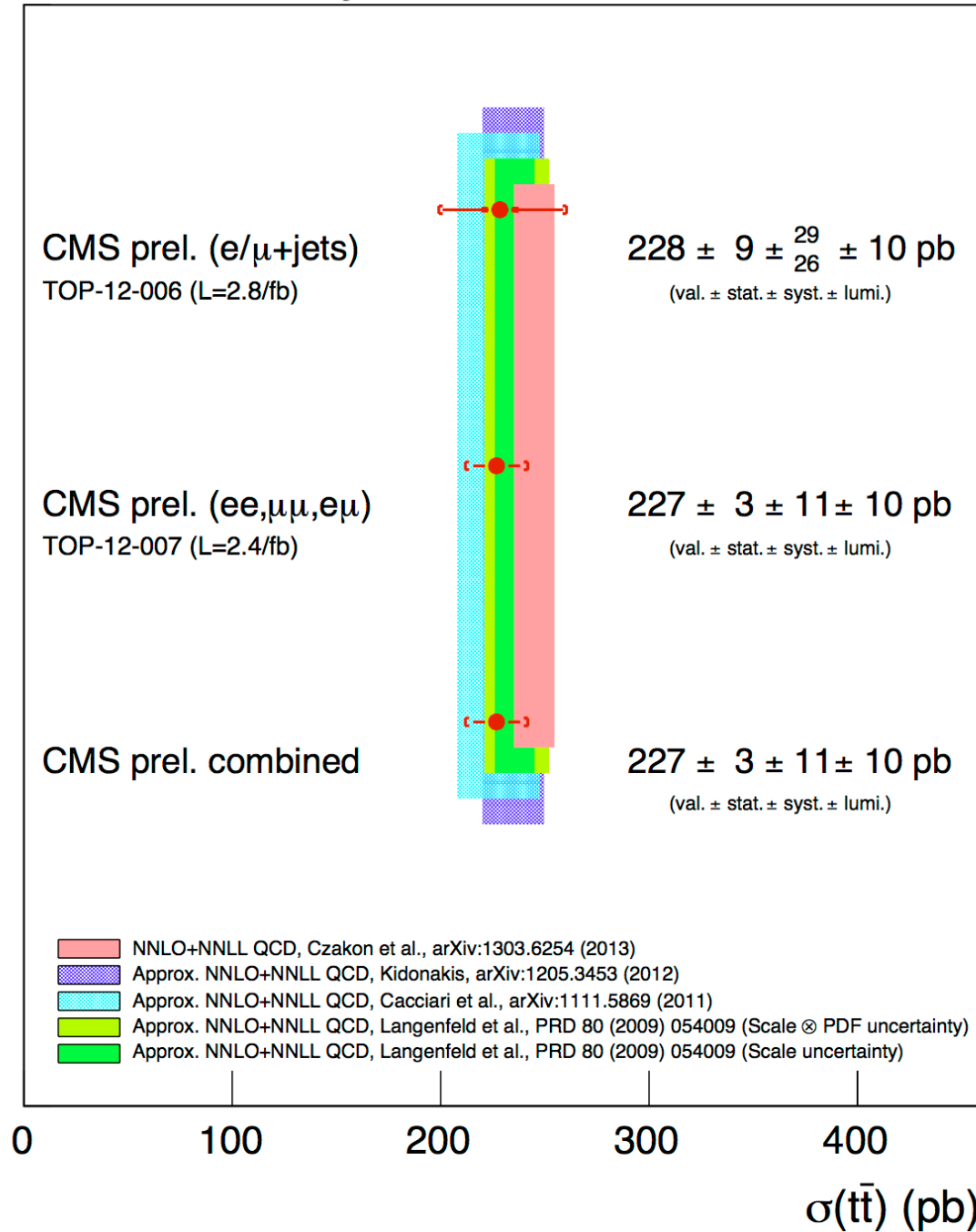
TOP QUARK OVERVIEW

CMS

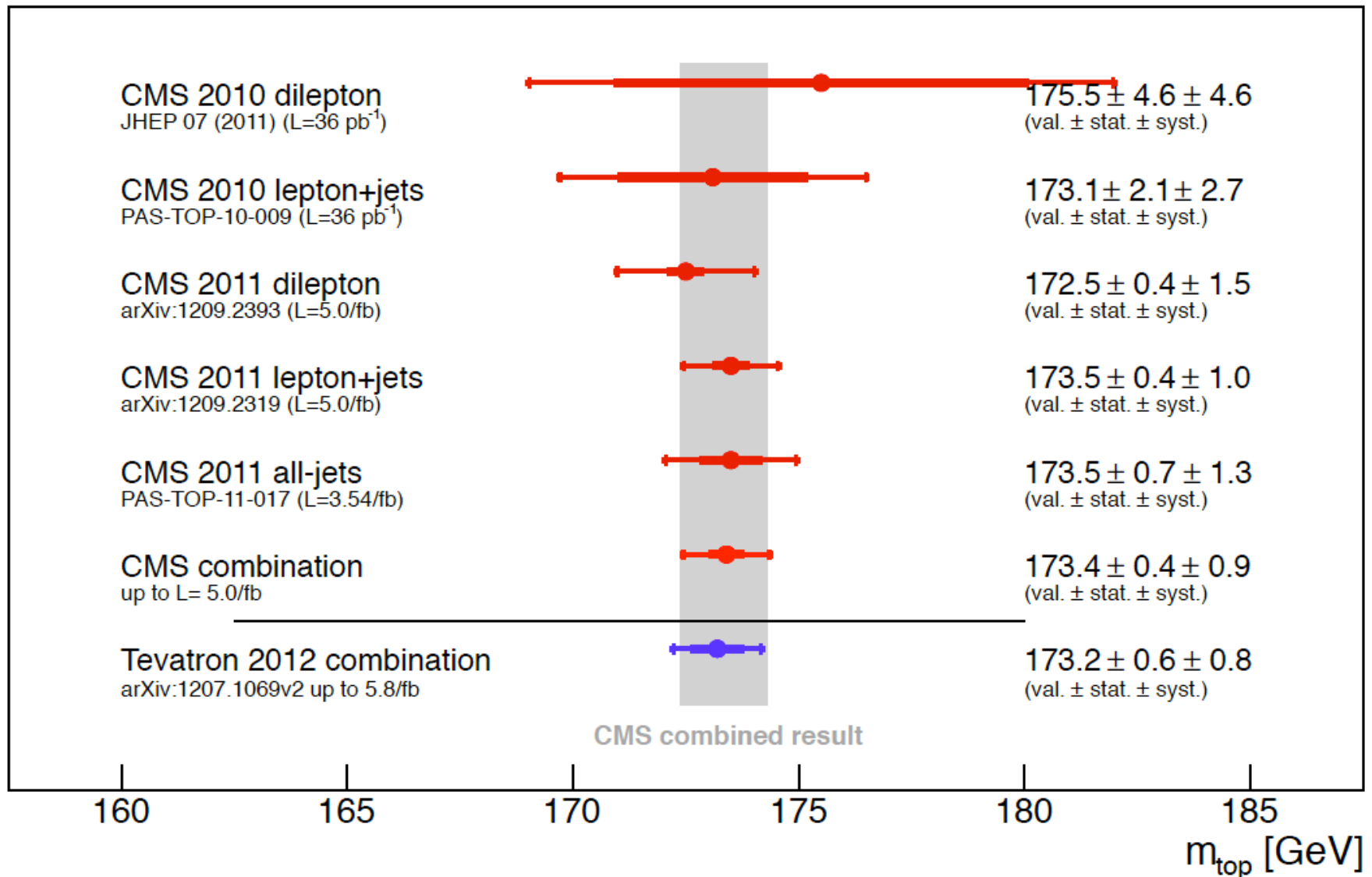
CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV



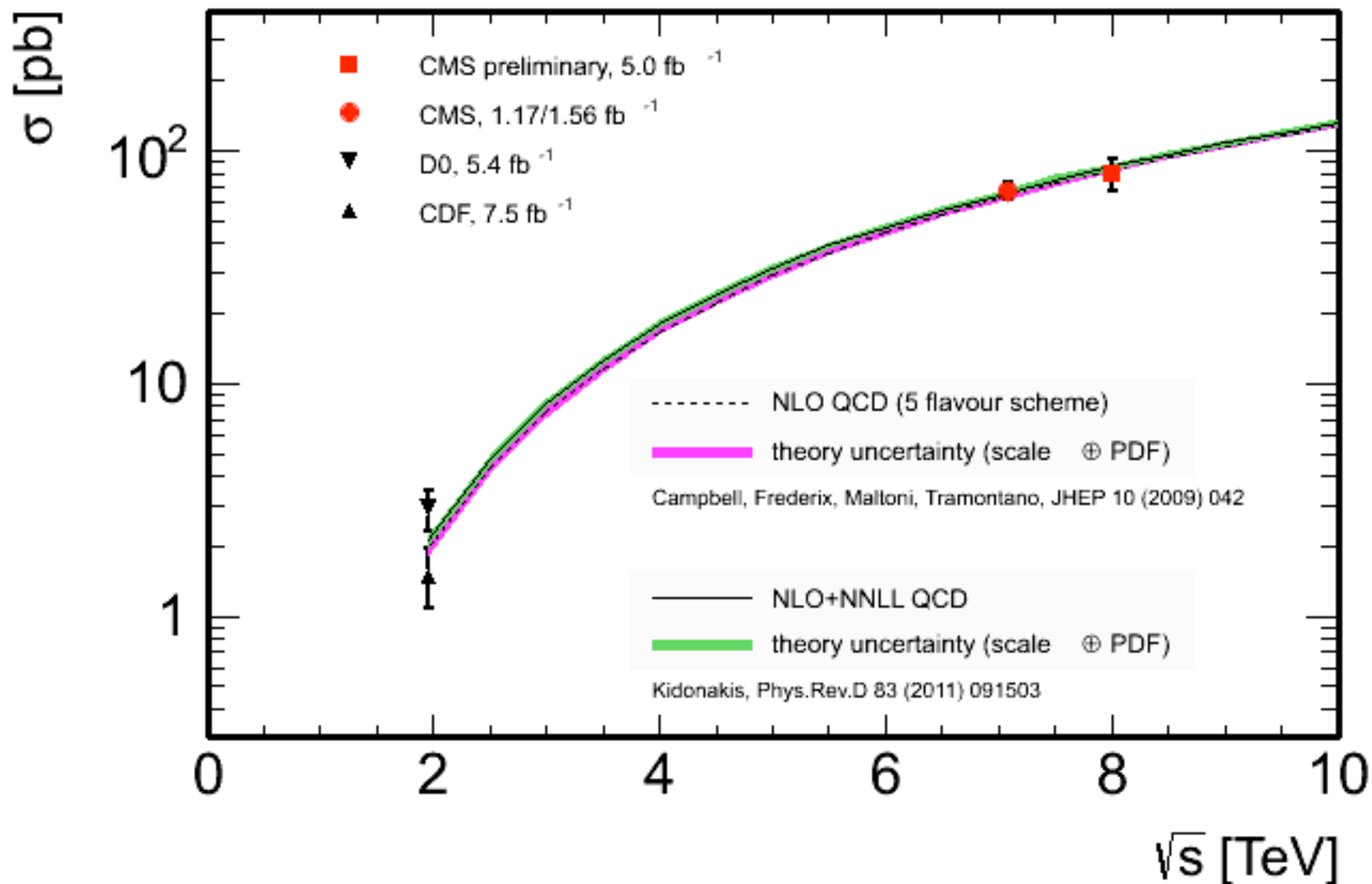
CMS Preliminary, $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$



CMS Preliminary



t-channel single top quark production



**ASSOCIATED
PRODUCTION: TOP
QUARK PAIRS AND W/Z**

CMS

PRODUCTION

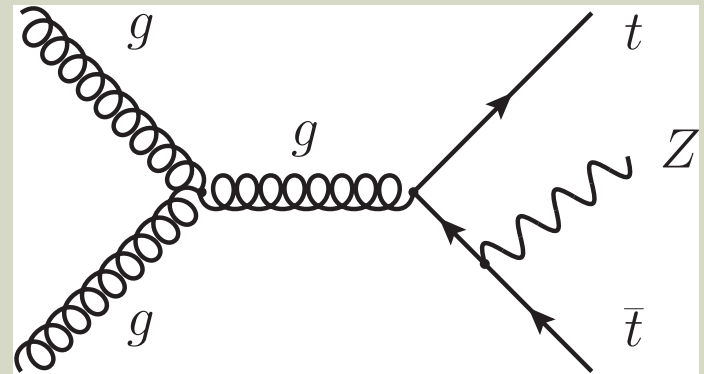
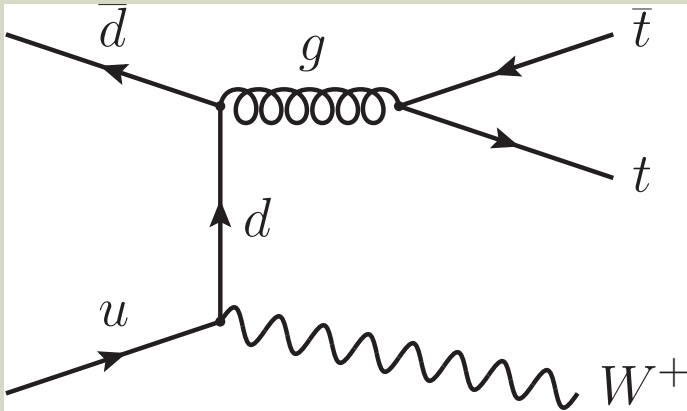
NLO calculation for ttW:

$$0.169^{+0.029}_{-0.051} \text{ pb}$$

NLO calculation for ttZ:

$$0.137^{+0.012}_{-0.016} \text{ pb}$$

Most important diagrams for ttV



Testing the SM at the TeV scale!

TRILEPTON ANALYSIS

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}Z \rightarrow (t \rightarrow b\ell^{\pm}\nu)(t \rightarrow bj\bar{j})(Z \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp}) \quad (\text{with } \ell = e \text{ or } \mu)$$

TRILEPTON ANALYSIS

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}Z \rightarrow (t \rightarrow b\ell^\pm\nu)(t \rightarrow bj\bar{j})(Z \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\mp) \quad (\text{with } \ell = e \text{ or } \mu)$$

Z provides powerful constraint!
two same-flavor, opposite-sign leptons ($p_T > 20$ GeV)
that give Z mass (81 – 100 GeV)

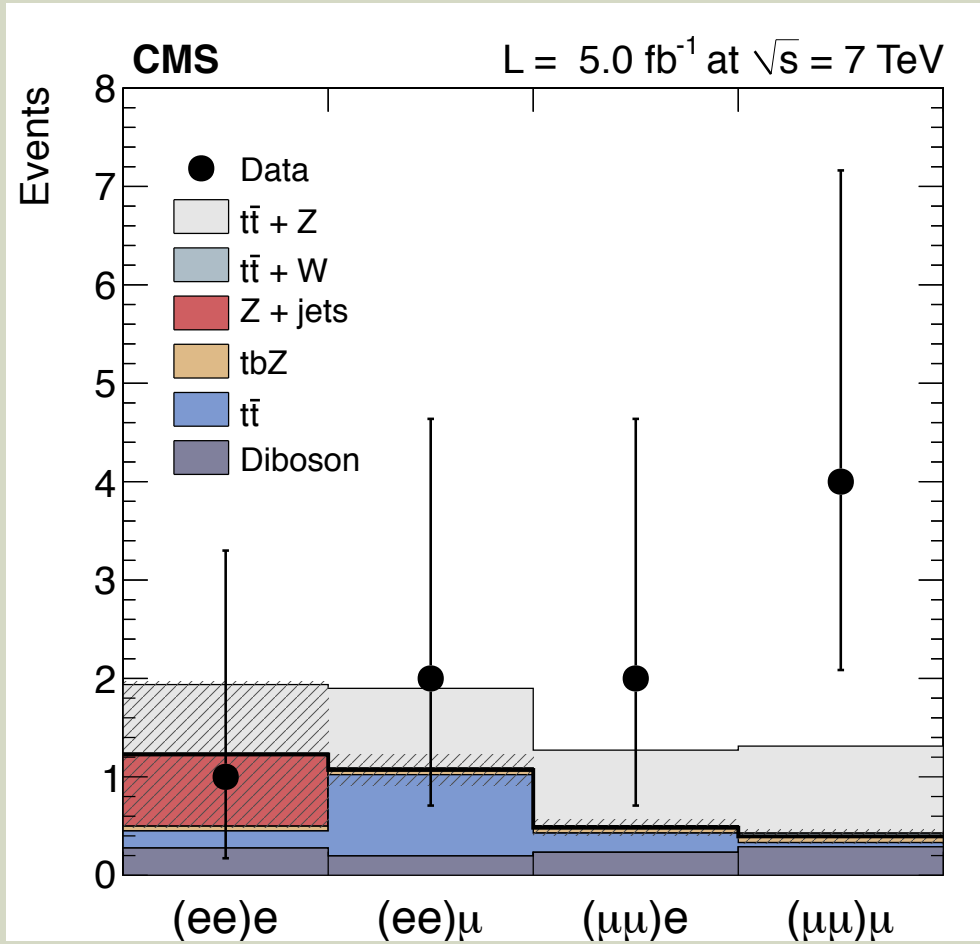
two b-quarks!

three jets, at least two b-tags
additional lepton > 10 GeV

transverse momentum of Z system > 35 GeV

scalar sum of p_T of all jets > 120 GeV

TRILEPTON RESULT



$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}Z} = 0.28^{+0.14}_{-0.11} \text{ (stat.) } ^{+0.06}_{-0.03} \text{ (syst.) pb}$$

SAME-SIGN DILEPTONS (V+TTBAR)

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}W \rightarrow (t \rightarrow b\ell^{\pm}\nu)(t \rightarrow bj\bar{j})(W \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\nu)$$

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}Z \rightarrow (t \rightarrow b\ell^{\pm}\nu)(t \rightarrow bj\bar{j})(Z \rightarrow \ell^{\pm}\ell^{\mp})$$

SAME-SIGN DILEPTONS (V+TTBAR)

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}W \rightarrow (t \rightarrow b\ell^\pm\nu)(t \rightarrow bj\bar{j})(W \rightarrow \ell^\pm\nu)$$

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}Z \rightarrow (t \rightarrow b\ell^\pm\nu)(t \rightarrow bj\bar{j})(Z \rightarrow \ell^\pm\ell^\mp)$$

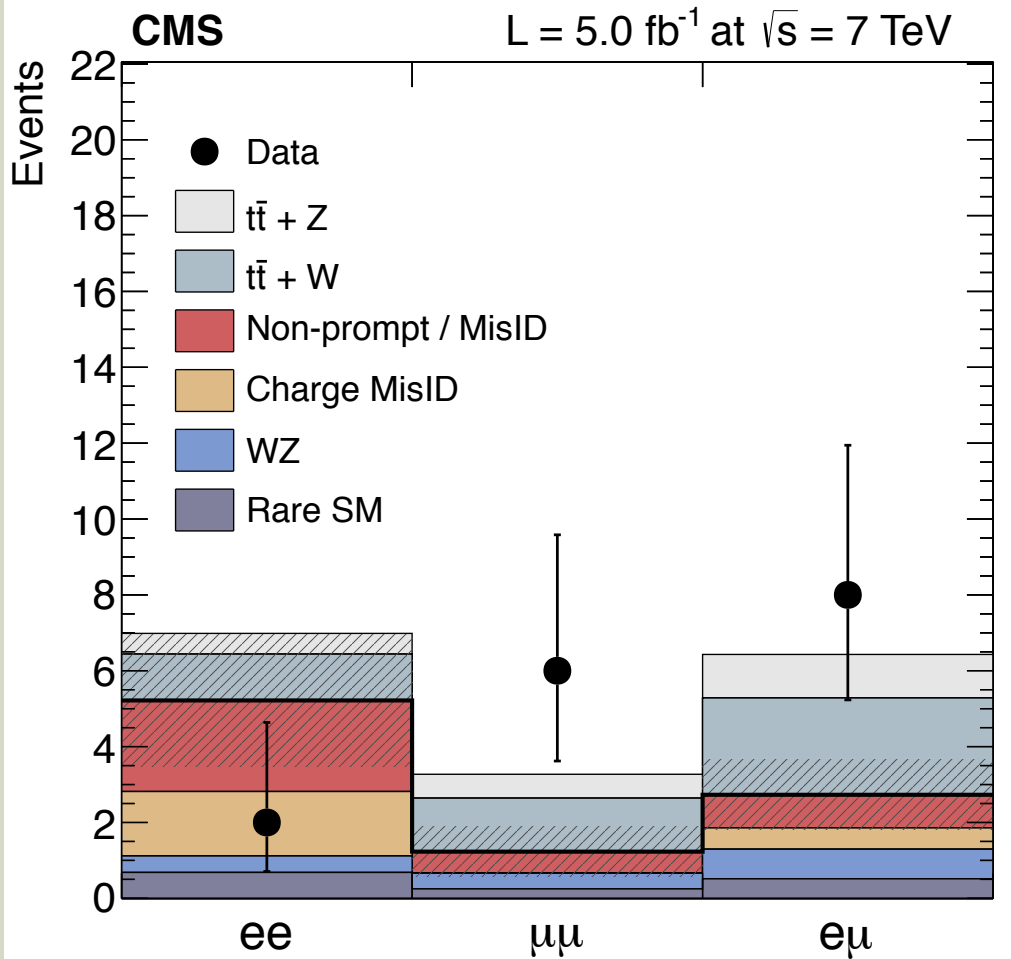
**First, we want an orthogonal selection: veto events that pass
trilepton analysis cuts**

requiring three jets, at least one b-tagged

**two same-sign leptons $p_T > 55$ (30) GeV,
with invariant mass > 8 GeV**

Why is the Z even included in this selection?

SAME-SIGN RESULTS

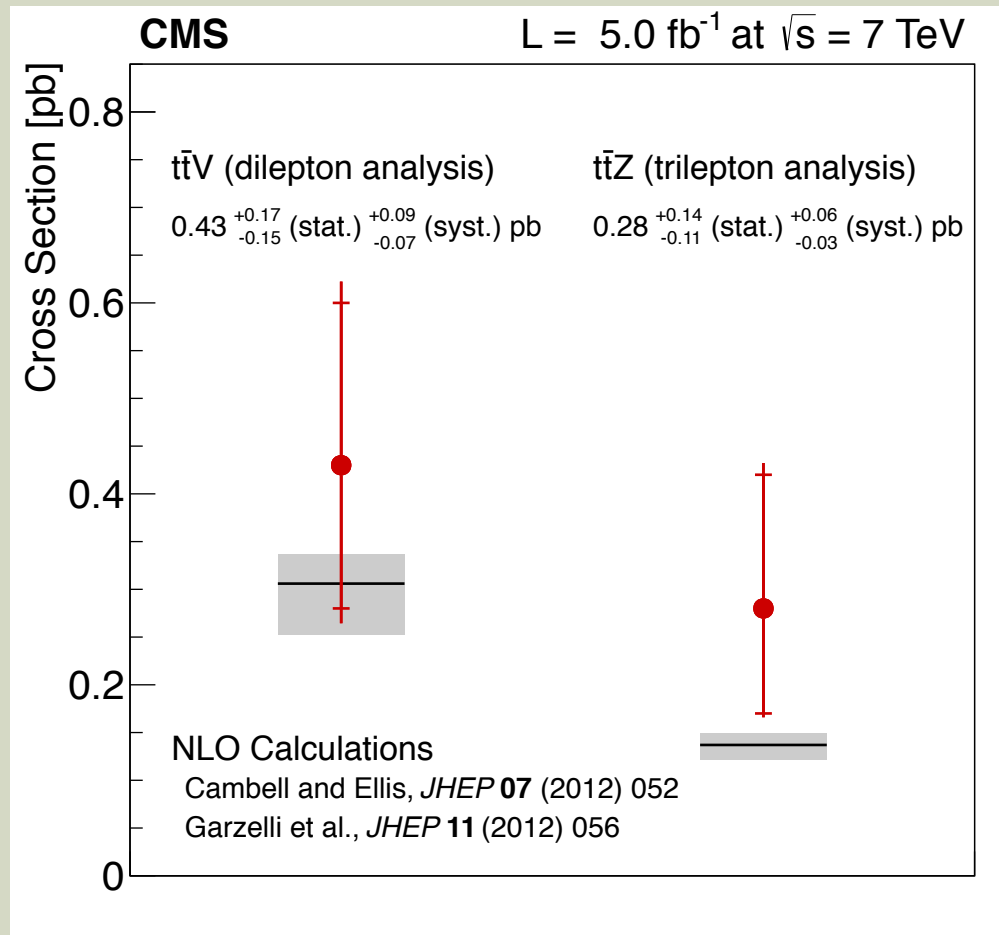


backgrounds are fairly low

$t\bar{t}V$ can be accessed

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}V} = 0.43^{+0.17}_{-0.15} \text{ (stat.) } ^{+0.09}_{-0.07} \text{ (syst.) pb}$$

SUMMARY



TTBAR RESONANCE SEARCH

ATLAS

USING LEPTON + JETS CHANNEL

■ Resolved

- Trigger: low p_T single lepton (18 – 22 GeV depending on object)
- jets assigned via minimization:

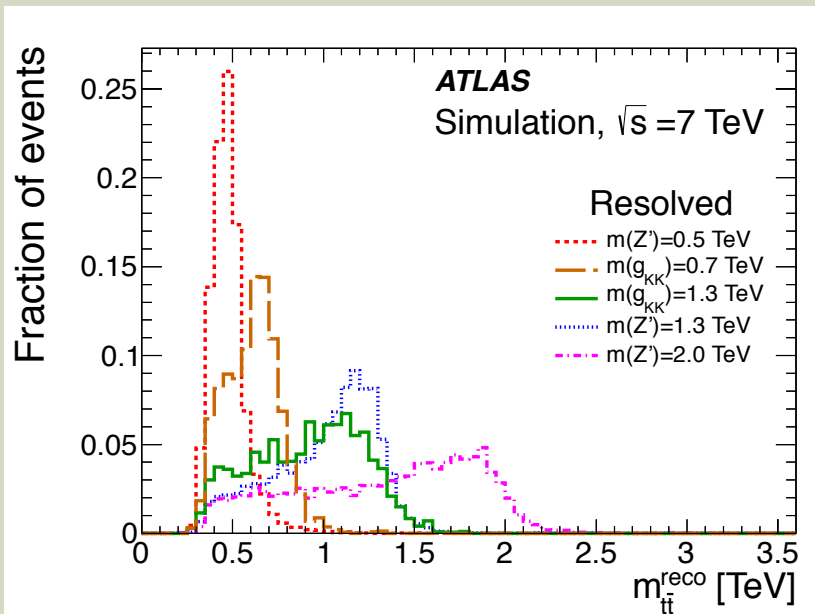
$$\chi^2 = \left[\frac{m_{jj} - m_W}{\sigma_W} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{m_{jjb} - m_{jj} - m_{t_h - W}}{\sigma_{t_h - W}} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{m_{j\ell\nu} - m_{t_\ell}}{\sigma_{t_\ell}} \right]^2 + \left[\frac{(p_{T,jjb} - p_{T,j\ell\nu}) - (p_{T,t_h} - p_{T,t_\ell})}{\sigma_{\text{diff}p_T}} \right]^2,$$

■ Boosted

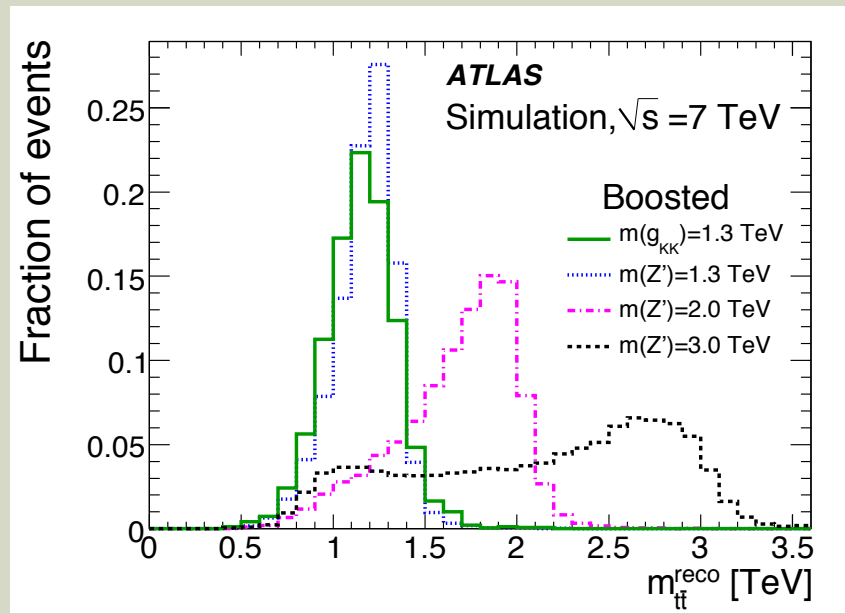
- Trigger: large (R=1.0) radius high p_T (240 GeV) single jet trigger
- offline single jet p_T cut is 350 GeV
- the large jet is taken to have the W → jets, so missing E_T provides the neutrino information

MASS RECONSTRUCTION (SIMULATION)

Resolved



Boosted

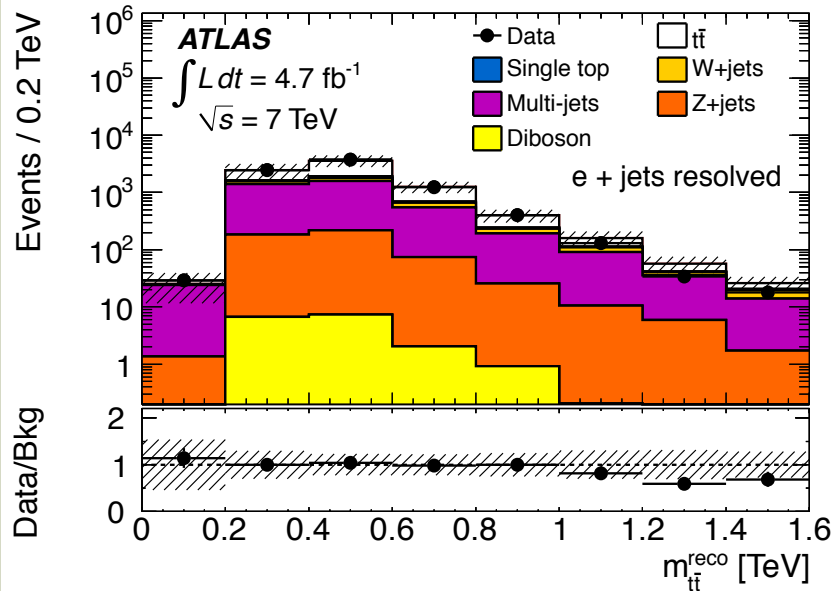


CONTROL REGION: MULTI-JET ENRICHED

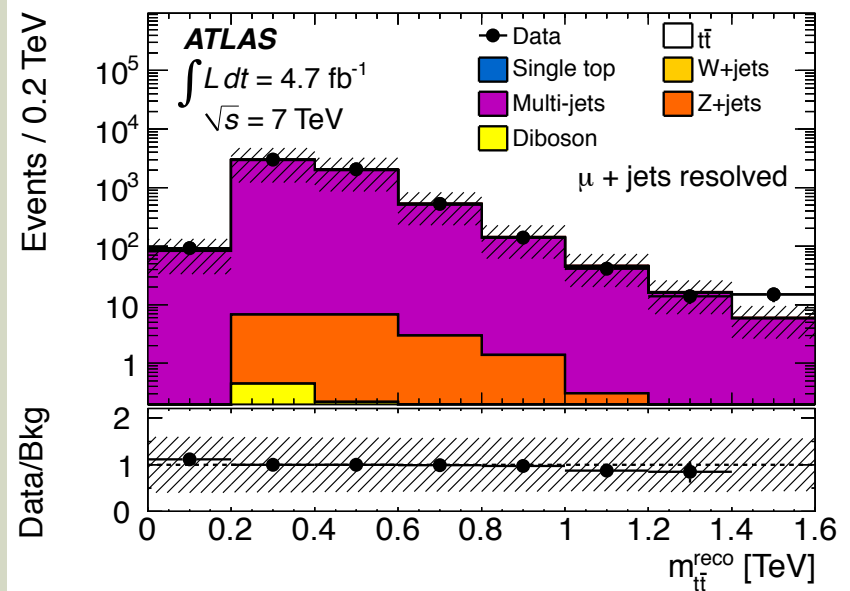
Require Missing ET < 50 GeV and $m_T < 50$ GeV

For muons, also require significant impact parameter to enrich in heavy flavor

electrons (resolved)



muons (resolved)

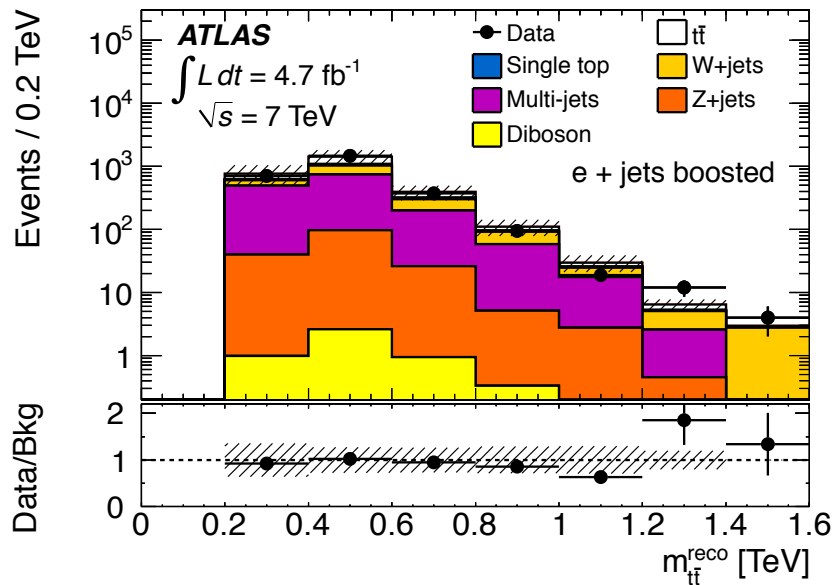


CONTROL REGION: MULTI-JET ENRICHED

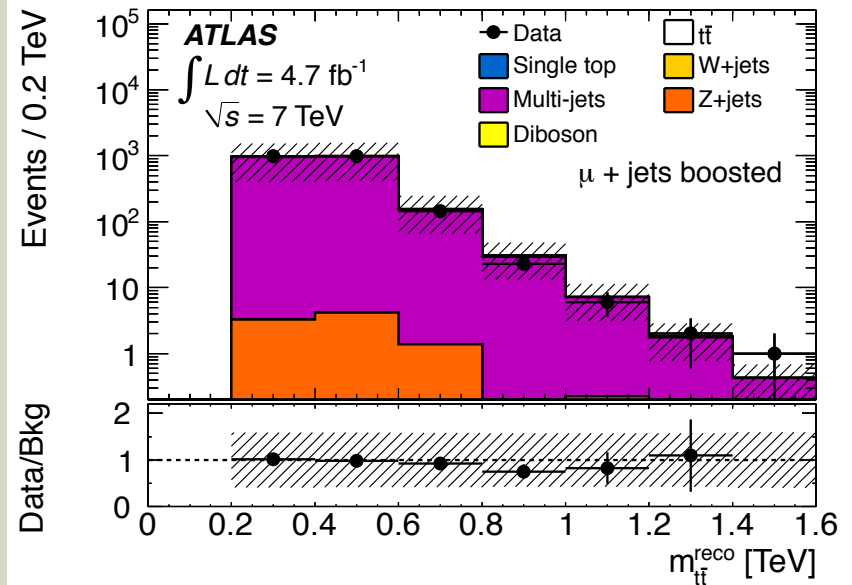
Require Missing ET < 50 GeV and $m_T < 50$ GeV

For muons, also require significant impact parameter to enrich in heavy flavor

electrons (boosted)



muons (boosted)



Systematic effect	Resolved selection		Boosted selection	
	uncertainty [%]	uncertainty [%]	uncertainty [%]	uncertainty [%]
	tot. bkg.	Z'	tot. bkg.	Z'
Luminosity	3.3	3.9	3.5	3.9
PDF	4.7	3.2	7.3	1.5
ISR/FSR	0.5	—	0.9	—
Parton shower and fragm.	0.1	—	7.4	—
$t\bar{t}$ normalization	8.2	—	9.0	—
$t\bar{t}$ EW virtual correction	1.9	—	4.2	—
$t\bar{t}$ NLO scale variation	1.2	—	8.9	—
W +jets $bb+cc+c$ vs. light	1.7	—	1.1	—
W +jets bb variation	1.3	—	1.1	—
W +jets c variation	0.8	—	0.1	—
W +jets normalization	1.3	—	1.5	—
Multi-jets norm, e +jets	1.7	—	0.4	—
Multi-jets norm, μ +jets	1.0	—	1.1	—
JES, small-radius jets	7.9	3.1	0.6	0.4
JES+JMS, large-radius jets	0.2	4.7	17.3	2.8
Jet energy resolution	1.3	0.7	0.5	0.2
Jet vertex fraction	1.4	1.8	1.9	1.9
b -tag efficiency	3.8	7.9	6.1	3.7
c -tag efficiency	1.2	0.6	0.1	2.6
Mistag rate	1.0	0.3	0.6	0.1
Electron efficiency	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5
Muon efficiency	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6
All systematic effects	14.1	11.2	25.4	7.1

**Look at 1.6 TeV Z'
to evaluate systematics**

BACKGROUNDS

uncertainties listed are systematics

from data

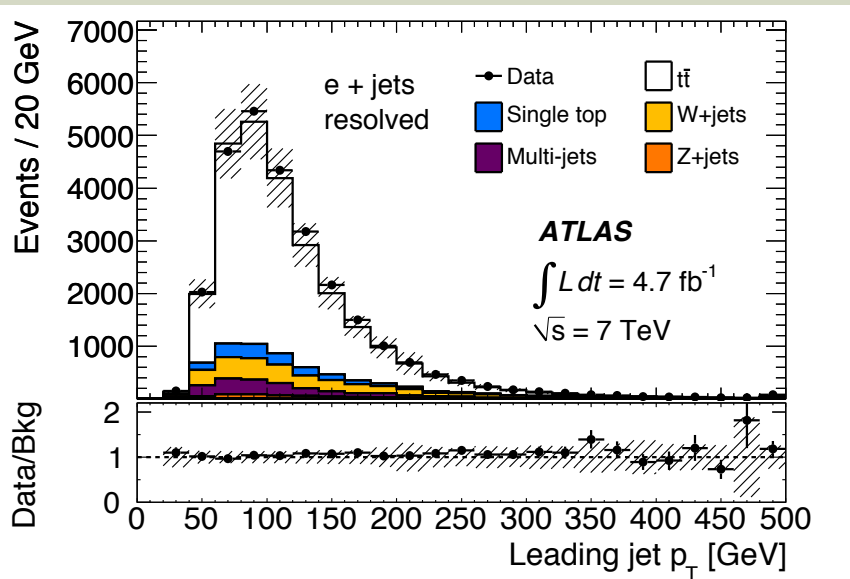
Type	Resolved selection	Boosted selection
$t\bar{t}$	44200 \pm 7000	940 \pm 260
Single top	3200 \pm 500	50 \pm 10
Multi-jets e	1600 \pm 1000	8 \pm 5
Multi-jets μ	1000 \pm 600	19 \pm 11
W +jets	7000 \pm 2200	90 \pm 30
Z +jets	800 \pm 500	11 \pm 6
Dibosons	120 \pm 50	0.9 \pm 0.6
Total	58000 \pm 8000	1120 \pm 280
Data	61931	1078

HOW DID WE DO?

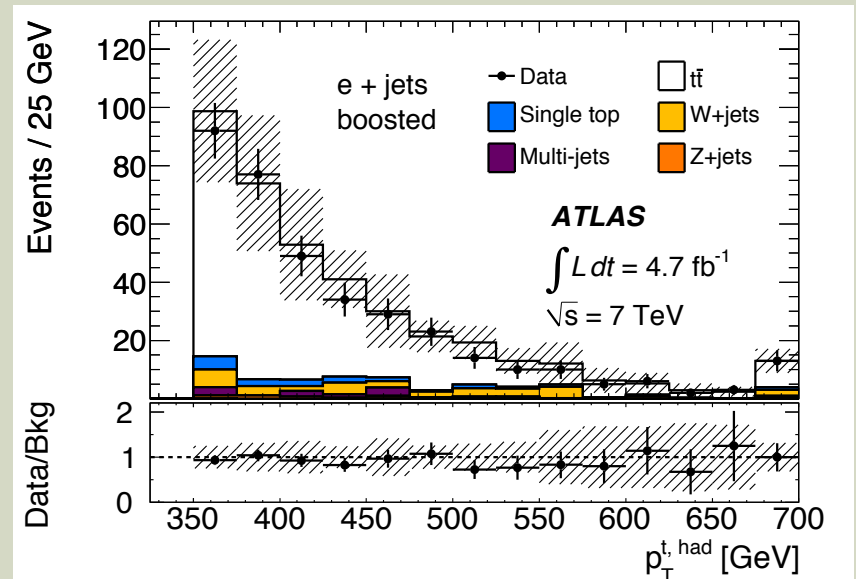
HOW DID WE DO?

electron channel

resolved category: p_T of leading jet



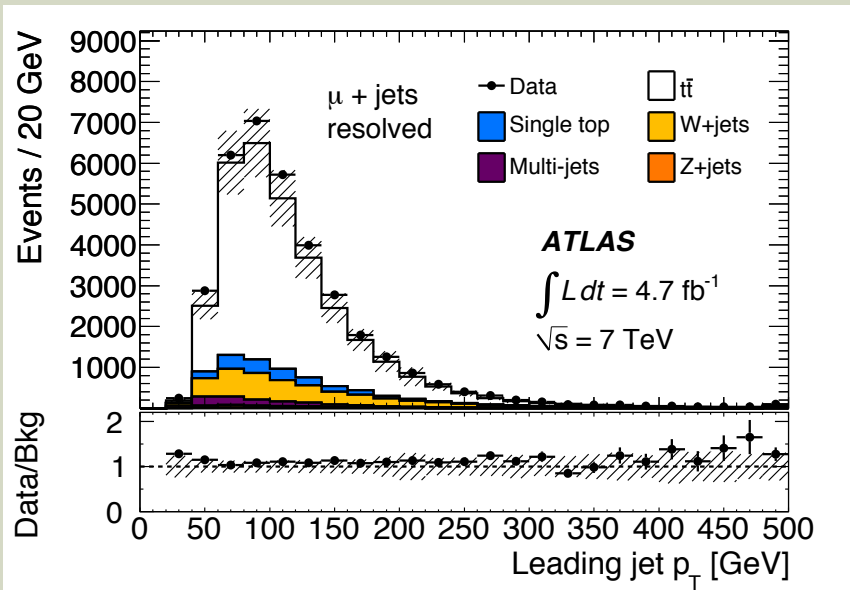
boosted category: p_T of hadronic top candidate (large jet)



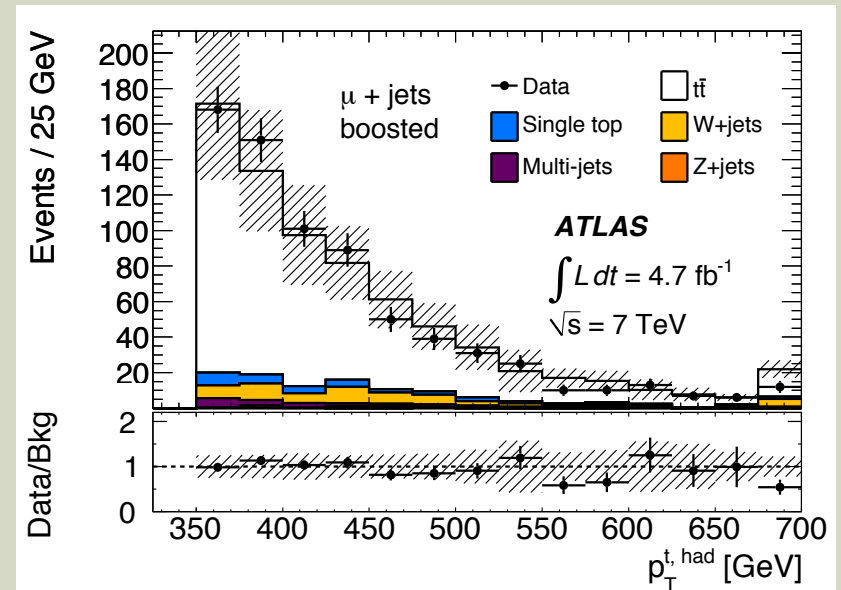
HOW DID WE DO?

muon channel

resolved category: p_T of leading jet

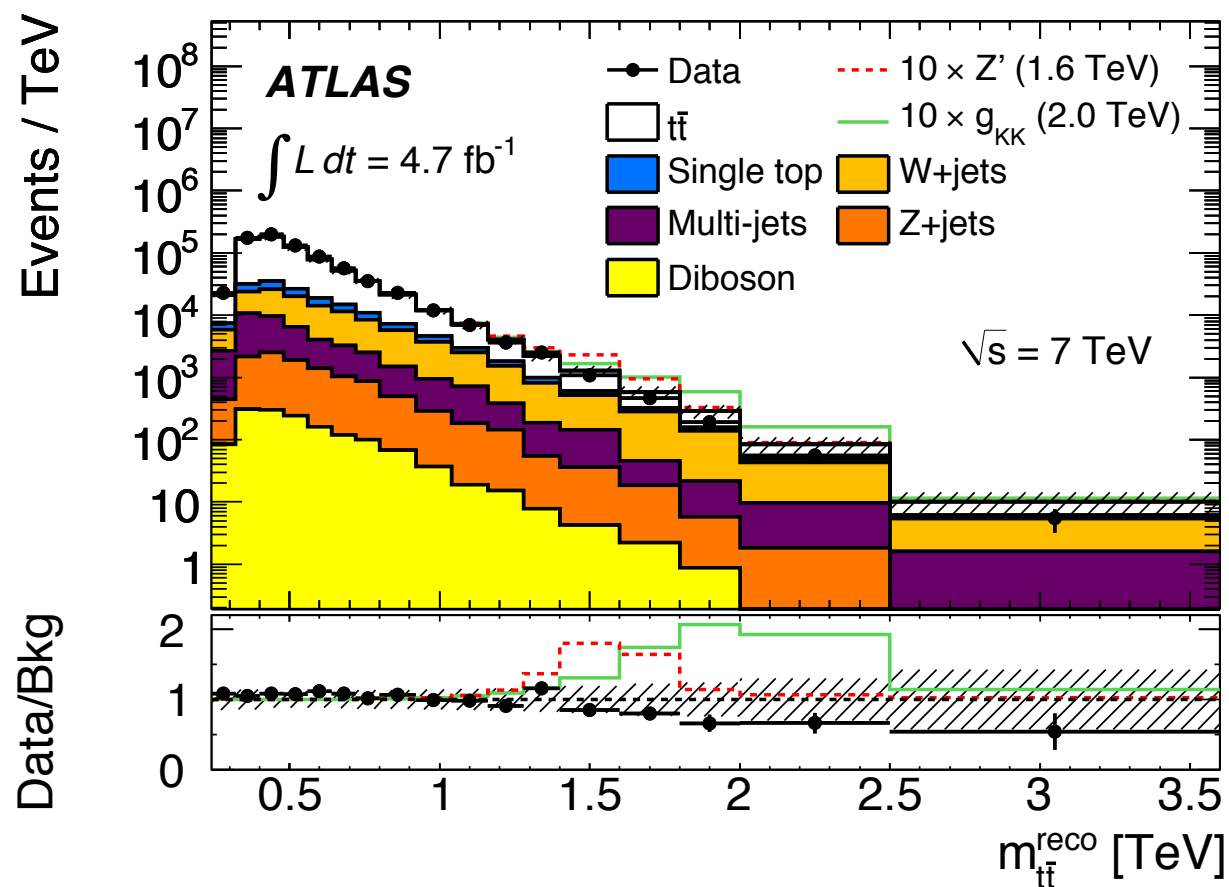


boosted category: p_T of hadronic top candidate (large jet)

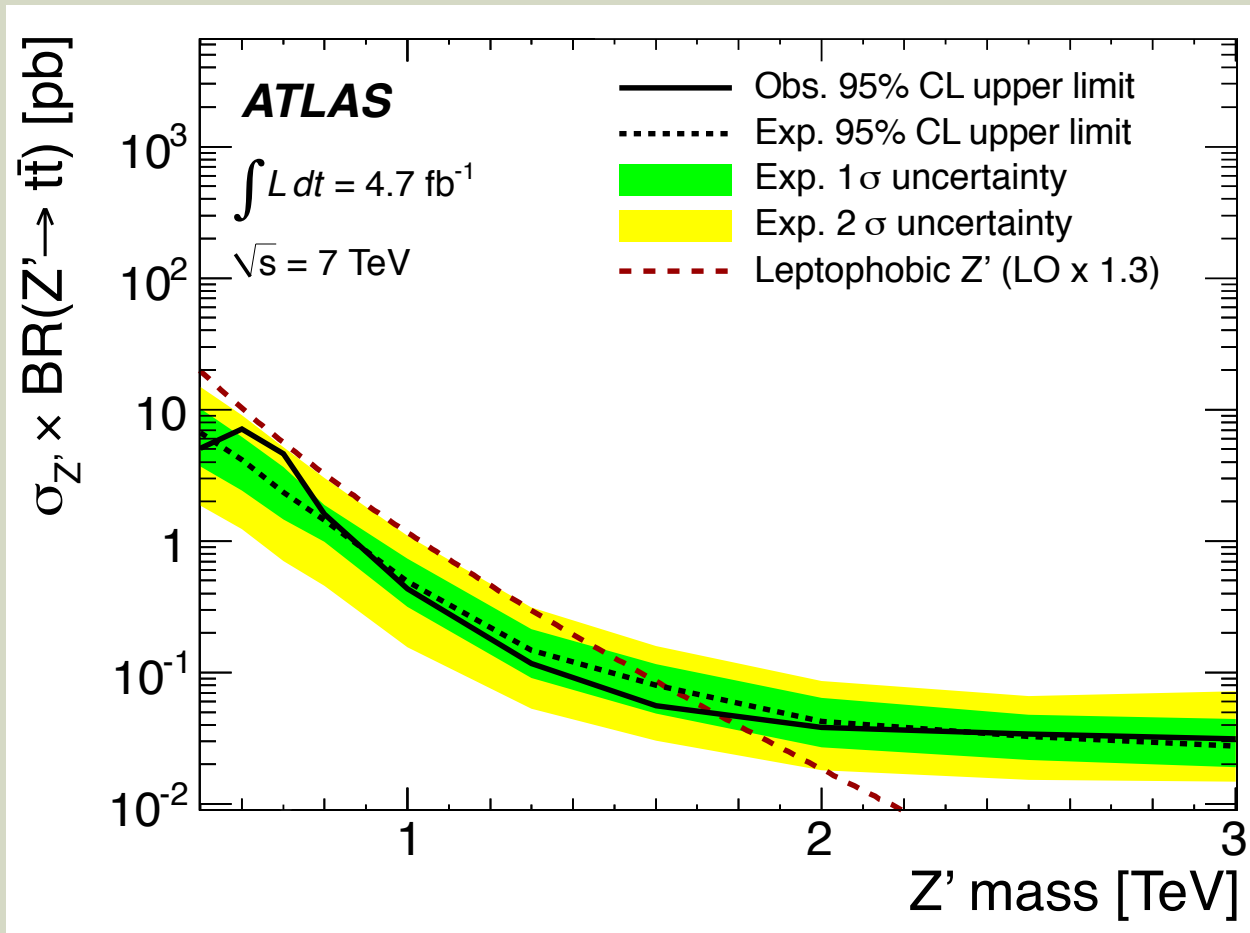


RESULTS: SKIPPING TO THE PUNCHLINE

Both channels, both methods



TRANSLATING RESULTS TO LIMITS: Z'

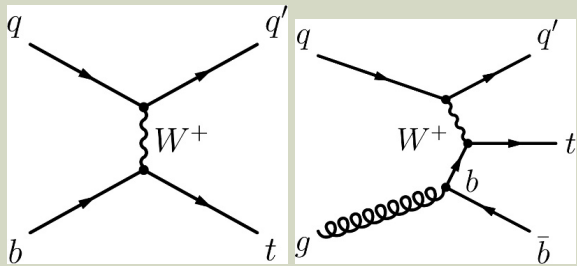


SINGLE TOP T-CHANNEL

CMS

OVERVIEW

leading order t-channel production



two channels: muon and electron

muon channel: 17 GeV trigger

electron channel: 27 GeV trigger

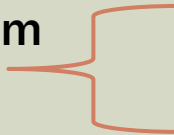
then

25 GeV electron + 30 GeV jet

STATISTICS

Process	Muon yield	Electron yield
t -channel	617 ± 3	337 ± 2
tW channel	107 ± 1	70.2 ± 0.9
s -channel	25.6 ± 0.5	14.7 ± 0.4
$t\bar{t}$	661 ± 6	484 ± 5
W + light partons	92 ± 7	38 ± 4
$Wc(\bar{c})$	432 ± 14	201 ± 9
$Wb(\bar{b})$	504 ± 14	236 ± 10
Z + jets	87 ± 3	13 ± 1
Dibosons	23.3 ± 0.4	10.7 ± 0.3
QCD multijet	77 ± 3	62 ± 3
Total	2626 ± 22	1468 ± 16
Data	3076	1588

normalization from
data



data driven

