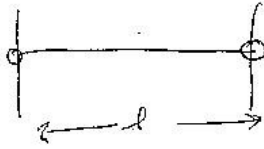


Q 6.3



2 FREE ENDS:  $\left. \frac{\partial \psi(x,t)}{\partial x} \right|_{x=0} = 0$  &  $\left. \frac{\partial \psi(x,t)}{\partial x} \right|_{x=l} = 0$

BC @  $x=0 \Rightarrow A_n(x) \sim \cos k_n x$

BC @  $x=l \Rightarrow k_n l = n\pi, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$

$$A_n(x) = \cos \frac{n\pi x}{l}, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

G. 7.3.

$$\text{BC @ } x=0: \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \Big|_{x=0} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \psi(x) \sim \cos kx$$

RC @  $x=l$ :

$$\psi(x=l, t) = A \cos kl \cos \omega t = \epsilon \cos \omega t$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{\epsilon}{\cos kl}$$

So,

$$Z(t) = \frac{\epsilon}{\cos kl} \cos \omega t$$

$$\omega / \omega^2 = \frac{kl^2}{m} k^2$$

EQ 6.9

Prove  $\frac{2}{l} \int_0^l dx \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \sin \frac{n'\pi x}{l} = \delta_{nn'}$

LET  $A = \frac{n\pi x}{l}$   
 $B = \frac{n'\pi x}{l}$

$$\cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A-B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin A \sin B = (\cos(A-B) - \cos(A+B)) / 2$$

So,  $\frac{2}{l} \int_0^l dx \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \sin \frac{n'\pi x}{l} = \frac{1}{l} \int_0^l dx \left[ \cos \frac{n-n'}{l} \pi x - \cos \frac{n+n'}{l} \pi x \right]$

$$= \frac{1}{l} \left[ \frac{l}{(n-n')\pi} \sin \frac{n-n'}{l} \pi x \right]_0^l$$

$$- \left[ \frac{l}{(n+n')\pi} \sin \frac{n+n'}{l} \pi x \right]_0^l \quad n \neq n'$$

$$= 0, \quad n \neq n'$$

For  $n = n'$ ,

$$\text{RHS} = \frac{1}{l} \left[ \int_0^l dx - \int_0^l \cos \frac{2n}{l} \pi x dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{l} \left[ x \Big|_0^l - \frac{l}{2n\pi} \sin \frac{2n\pi x}{l} \Big|_0^l \right]$$

$$= 1 \quad \text{For } n = 1, 2, \dots$$