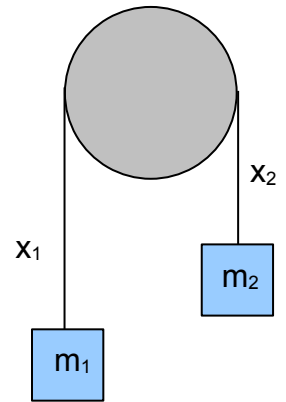


#1) For a simple harmonic oscillator:

- Compute the Lagrangian and the Lagrange equations.
- Compute the Hamiltonian and the Hamilton equations.

#2) For the Atwood machine (with a massless pulley)

- Compute the Lagrangian and the Lagrange equations.
- Compute the Hamiltonian and the Hamilton equations.



#3) For a simple harmonic oscillator, using the below $F_1[q, Q]$ generating function,

- compute the relations between $[q, p]$ and $[Q, P]$,
- compute the transformed Hamiltonian $H[q, p] \rightarrow K[Q, P]$,
- compute and solve the equations of motion in $[Q, P]$ space,
- transform back to find the solution in $[q, p]$ space.

$$F_1 = \frac{m\omega q^2}{2} \cot Q,$$

#4) For a simple harmonic oscillator, using the below $F_3[p, Q]$ generating function,

[Note, I created this problem and I think I have the ωm factors correct, but check me :]

- compute the relations between $[q, p]$ and $[Q, P]$,
- compute the transformed Hamiltonian $H[q, p] \rightarrow K[Q, P]$,
- compute and solve the equations of motion in $[Q, P]$ space,
- transform back to find the solution in $[q, p]$ space.

$$F_3[p, Q] = \frac{-p^2}{2\omega m} \tan Q$$