

Homework #2

```
Off[General::spell];
Off[General::spell1];
Off[Solve::ifun];
```

■ Problem 1: The right way:

Note: We will use Hobbiton as our vertex, and compute 3 angles. The angle from Erebor to Dagorlad, Dagorlad to Corsairs, and Erebor to Corsairs. If the sum of the first two angles adds up to the third, the space is flat.

```
Import["/Net/thy2/olness/3368/ttt.bmp"];
```

```
Show[%];
```

```
rule = {
  Thread[{a, b, c} -> {813, 960, 735}],
  Thread[{a, b, c} -> {960, 1112, 780}],
  Thread[{a, b, c} -> {813, 1112, 1498}]
}
```

```
{{a -> 813, b -> 960, c -> 735}, {a -> 960, b -> 1112, c -> 780}, {a -> 813, b -> 1112, c -> 1498}}
```

```
eq1 = {c^2 == a^2 + b^2 - 2 a b Cos[γ]}
```

```
{c^2 == a^2 - 2 b cos(γ) a + b^2}
```

```
sol1 = Solve[eq1, γ][[2]]
```

```
{γ -> Cos-1 $\left(\frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2 a b}\right)}$ }
```

```
result = γ / Degree /. sol1 /. rule // N
```

```
{48.1057, 43.4594, 101.048}
```

```
result[[1]] + result[[2]]
```

```
91.5651
```

■ Problem 1: The wrong way:

```
rule = {Thread[{a, b, c} -> {813, 735, 960}], Thread[{a, b, c} -> RotateLeft[{813, 735, 960}]],
  Thread[{a, b, c} -> RotateRight[{813, 735, 960}]]}
```

```
{{a -> 813, b -> 735, c -> 960}, {a -> 735, b -> 960, c -> 813}, {a -> 960, b -> 813, c -> 735}}
```

```
eq1 = {c^2 == a^2 + b^2 - 2 a b Cos[γ]}
```

```
{c^2 == a^2 - 2 b cos(γ) a + b^2}
```

```
sol1 = Solve[eq1, γ][[2]]
```

```
{γ -> Cos-1 $\left(\frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2 a b}\right)}$ }
```

```
result = γ / Degree /. sol1 /. rule // N
```

```
{76.4704, 55.4239, 48.1057}
```

```
Plus @@ result
```

```
180.
```

■ Problem 3:

```
<< Miscellaneous`PhysicalConstants`
```

```
<< Miscellaneous`Units`
```

```
? Miscellaneous`PhysicalConstants`*
```

```
? PlanckConstantReduced
```

PlanckConstantReduced is PlanckConstant/(2 Pi), a universal constant.

```
PlanckConstantReduced
```

```
1.05457 × 10-34 Joule Second
```

```
ProtonMass
```

```
1.67262 × 10-27 Kilogram
```

```
proton = PlanckConstantReduced / 2 / (2 ProtonMass) // Simplify
```

```

$$\frac{1.57623 \times 10^{-8} \text{ Joule Second}}{\text{Kilogram}}$$

```

```
MKS[proton / SpeedOfLight2] //. {Joule → Newton Meter, Newton → Kilogram Meter / Second2}
```

```
1.75379 × 10-25 Second
```

```
% SpeedOfLight
```

```
5.25772 × 10-17 Meter
```

```
electron = PlanckConstantReduced / 2 / (2 ElectronMass) // Simplify
```

```

$$\frac{0.0000289419 \text{ Joule Second}}{\text{Kilogram}}$$

```

```
MKS[electron / SpeedOfLight2] //. {Joule → Newton Meter, Newton → Kilogram Meter / Second2}
```

```
3.22022 × 10-22 Second
```

```
% SpeedOfLight
```

```
9.65398 × 10-14 Meter
```

■ Problem 4:

```
result = A / (4 π r^2) * 4 π + π
```

$$\frac{A}{r^2} + \pi$$

```
result /. {A -> 0}
```

π

```
result /. {A -> 4 π r^2}
```

5π

■ Problem 5:

```
2 ^ 16
```

65536

■ Problem 6

```
inside[n_] = 2 π^{n/2} r^n / (n Gamma[n/2])
```

$$\frac{2 \pi^{n/2} r^n}{n \Gamma(\frac{n}{2})}$$

```
outside[n_] = D[inside[n], r]
```

$$\frac{2 \pi^{n/2} r^{n-1}}{\Gamma(\frac{n}{2})}$$

```
Table[{n, inside[n], outside[n]}, {n, 1, 10}]
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2r & 2 \\ 2 & \pi r^2 & 2\pi r \\ 3 & \frac{4\pi r^3}{3} & 4\pi r^2 \\ 4 & \frac{\pi^2 r^4}{2} & 2\pi^2 r^3 \\ 5 & \frac{8\pi^2 r^5}{15} & \frac{8\pi^2 r^4}{3} \\ 6 & \frac{\pi^3 r^6}{6} & \pi^3 r^5 \\ 7 & \frac{16\pi^3 r^7}{105} & \frac{16\pi^3 r^6}{15} \\ 8 & \frac{\pi^4 r^8}{24} & \frac{\pi^4 r^7}{3} \\ 9 & \frac{32\pi^4 r^9}{945} & \frac{32\pi^4 r^8}{105} \\ 10 & \frac{\pi^5 r^{10}}{120} & \frac{\pi^5 r^9}{12} \end{pmatrix}$$

```
Integrate[1, {r, -r, r}]
```

$2r$

D[%, r]

2

Integrate[r, {r, 0, r}, {φ, 0, 2π}]

πr^2

D[%, r]

$2\pi r$

Integrate[r² Sin[θ], {r, 0, r}, {φ, 0, 2π}, {θ, 0, π}]

$\frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$

D[%, r]

$4\pi r^2$

Integrate[r³ Sin[θ]² Sin[ρ], {r, 0, r}, {φ, 0, 2π}, {θ, 0, π}, {ρ, 0, π}]

$\frac{\pi^2 r^4}{2}$

D[%, r]

$2\pi^2 r^3$

Integrate[r⁴ Sin[θ]³ Sin[ρ]² Sin[ω], {r, 0, r}, {φ, 0, 2π}, {θ, 0, π}, {ρ, 0, π}, {ω, 0, π}]

$\frac{8\pi^2 r^5}{15}$

D[%, r]

$\frac{8\pi^2 r^4}{3}$