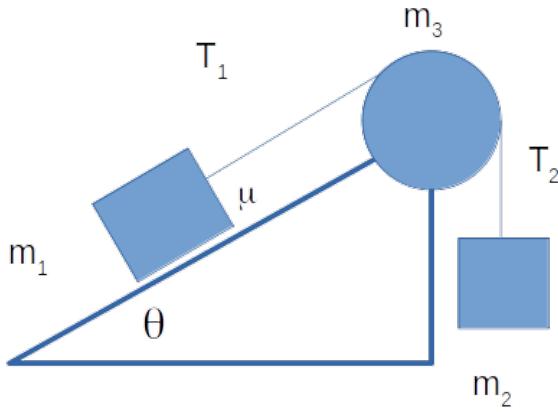


2) Mass on incline :

In[86]:= `Clear["Global`*"]`



Part a)

In[87]:= `eqs = {m1 g Sin[\theta] - t1 - u normal == m1 a1,`
`normal == m1 g Cos[\theta],`
`m2 g - t2 == m2 a2,`

$$r t1 - r t2 == \frac{1}{2} m3 r^2 \frac{a3}{r},$$

`a1 == -a2,`
`a3 == a1}`

Out[87]= $\left\{ -t1 - \text{normal } u + g m1 \sin[\theta] == a1 m1, \text{normal} == g m1 \cos[\theta], g m2 - t2 == a2 m2, r t1 - r t2 == \frac{a3 m3 r}{2}, a1 == -a2, a3 == a1 \right\}$

In[88]:= `Solve[eqs, {t1, t2, normal, a1, a2, a3}] // Simplify`
 Out[88]= $\left\{ \begin{aligned} t1 &\rightarrow -\frac{g m1 (-2 m2 + (2 m2 + m3) u \cos[\theta] - (2 m2 + m3) \sin[\theta])}{2 m1 + 2 m2 + m3}, \\ t2 &\rightarrow -\frac{g m2 (-2 m1 - m3 + 2 m1 u \cos[\theta] - 2 m1 \sin[\theta])}{2 m1 + 2 m2 + m3}, \\ \text{normal} &\rightarrow g m1 \cos[\theta], a1 \rightarrow -\frac{2 g (m2 + m1 u \cos[\theta] - m1 \sin[\theta])}{2 m1 + 2 m2 + m3}, \\ a2 &\rightarrow \frac{2 g (m2 + m1 u \cos[\theta] - m1 \sin[\theta])}{2 m1 + 2 m2 + m3}, a3 \rightarrow -\frac{2 g (m2 + m1 u \cos[\theta] - m1 \sin[\theta])}{2 m1 + 2 m2 + m3} \end{aligned} \right\}$

Part b)

```
In[89]:= eqs2 = eqs /. {a1 → 0, a2 → 0, a3 → 0}
Out[89]= {-t1 - normal u + g m1 Sin[θ] == 0, normal == g m1 Cos[θ], g m2 - t2 == 0, r t1 - r t2 == 0, True, True}

In[90]:= eqs2 // TableForm
Out[90]/TableForm=

$$\begin{aligned} -t_1 - \text{normal } u + g m_1 \sin[\theta] &= 0 \\ \text{normal} &= g m_1 \cos[\theta] \\ g m_2 - t_2 &= 0 \\ r t_1 - r t_2 &= 0 \\ \text{True} \\ \text{True} \end{aligned}$$


In[96]:= sol = Solve[eqs2, {t1, t2, normal, u}][[1]] // Simplify
Out[96]= 
$$\left\{ t_1 \rightarrow g m_2, t_2 \rightarrow g m_2, \text{normal} \rightarrow g m_1 \cos[\theta], u \rightarrow -\frac{m_2 \sec[\theta]}{m_1} + \tan[\theta] \right\}$$


In[97]:= sol // FullSimplify
Out[97]= 
$$\left\{ t_1 \rightarrow g m_2, t_2 \rightarrow g m_2, \text{normal} \rightarrow g m_1 \cos[\theta], u \rightarrow -\frac{m_2 \sec[\theta]}{m_1} + \tan[\theta] \right\}$$


In[101]:= u /. sol // Together // TrigExpand
Out[101]= 
$$-\frac{m_2 \sec[\theta]}{m_1} + \tan[\theta]$$


In[103]:= 
$$\frac{m_1 \sin[\theta] - m_2}{m_1 \cos[\theta]} // FullSimplify$$

Out[103]= 
$$-\frac{m_2 \sec[\theta]}{m_1} + \tan[\theta]$$

```

3) Falling: linear resistance

```
In[  ]:= Clear["Global`*"]
```

a) Vertical falling:

```
In[  ]:= eq1 = m v'[t] == m g - b v[t] - c v[t]^2 /. {c → 0}
Out[  ]= m v'[t] == g m - b v[t]

In[  ]:= bc = v[0] == v0
Out[  ]= v[0] == v0
```

```
In[ 0]:= eq2 = eq1 /. {v'[t] → 0}
Out[ 0]= θ == g m - b v[t]

In[ 0]:= solT = Solve[eq2, v[t]][[1]]
Out[ 0]= {v[t] → g m / b}

In[ 0]:= vTer = v[t] /. solT
Out[ 0]= g m / b

In[ 0]:= vSol = Solve[vT == vTer, b][[1]]
Out[ 0]= {b → g m / vT}
```

b) Vertical falling:

```
In[ 0]:= eqs = Join[{eq1, bc}]
Out[ 0]= {m v'[t] == g m - b v[t], v[0] == v0}

In[ 0]:= dsol1 = DSolve[eqs, v[t], t][[1]] // ExpandAll // Simplify
Out[ 0]= {v[t] → (e^(b t / m) ((-1 + e^(b t / m)) g m + b v0) / b)}
```

Note: The output is a list of rules. The first rule is the solution for v[t].

```
In[ 0]:= Limit[v[t] /. dsol1, t → Infinity, GenerateConditions → False]
Out[ 0]= g m / b
```

Note: The output is a single rule for v[t].

```
In[ 0]:= dsol2 = dsol1 /. vSol // Simplify
Out[ 0]= {v[t] → e^(-g t / vT) (v0 + (-1 + e^(g t / vT)) vT)}
```

Note: The output is a list of rules. The first rule is the simplified solution for v[t].

```
In[ 0]:= v[t] /. dsol2 /. t → 0
Out[ 0]= v0
```

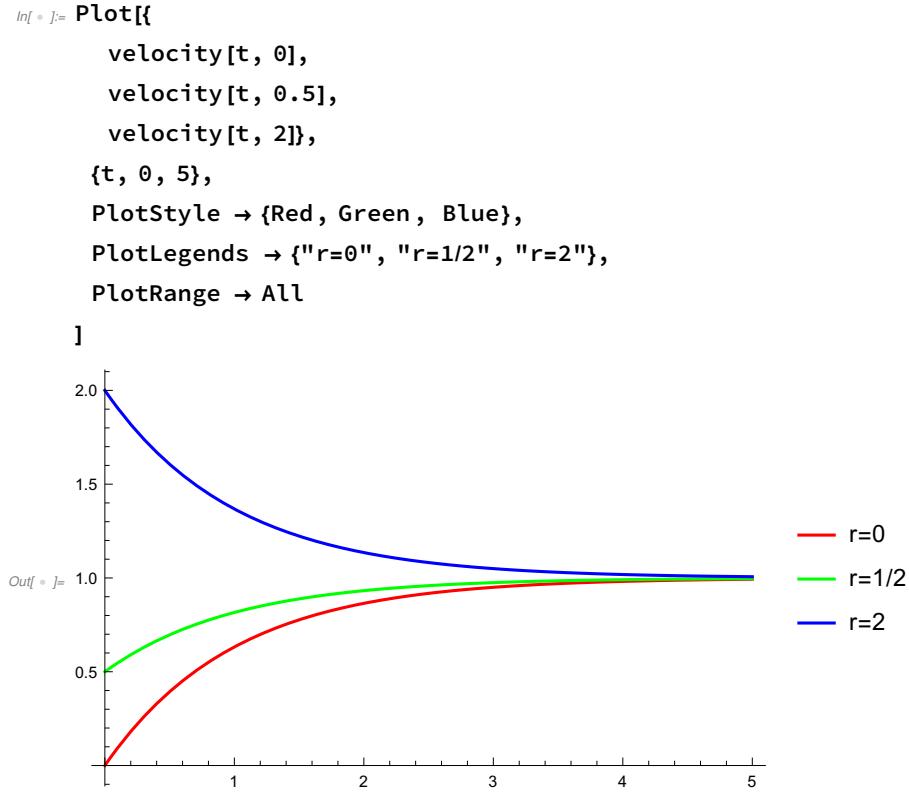
Note: The output is a single value.

```
In[ 0]:= Limit[v[t] /. dsol2, t → Infinity, GenerateConditions → False]
Out[ 0]= vT
```

Note: The output is a single value.

```
In[ 0]:= (* Set v0 = to a ratio "r" of vTerminal: *)
values = {g → vT, v0 → r vT, vT → 1};

In[ 0]:= velocity[t_, r_] = v[t] /. dsol2 // . values
Out[ 0]= e^-t (-1 + e^t + r)
```



a) Vertical falling: quadratic resistance

```
In[ 0]:= eq4 = m v'[t] == m g - b v[t] - c v[t]^2 /. {b -> 0}  
Out[ 0]= m v'[t] == g m - c v[t]^2
```

```
In[ 0]:= eq5 = eq4 /. {v'[t] -> 0}  
Out[ 0]= 0 == g m - c v[t]^2
```

```
In[ 0]:= solTc = Solve[eq5, v[t]][[1]]  
Out[ 0]= {v[t] -> -((Sqrt[g] Sqrt[m])/Sqrt[c])}
```

4) Line Integral:

```
In[ 0]:= Clear["Global`*"]
```

Part a

```
In[1]:= Integrate[2 x, {x, 1, 0}] + Integrate[3 y, {y, 0, 1}]
Out[1]= -1/2
```

Part b

```
In[2]:= Integrate[2 x, {x, 1, 0}] + Integrate[3 y, {y, 0, 1}]
Out[2]= -1/2

In[3]:= rules = {fx → 2 x - y, fy → x + 3 y, x → (1 - t)^2, y → t^3, dx → (-2)(1 - t) dt, dy → 3 t^2 dt}
Out[3]= {fx → 2 x - y, fy → x + 3 y, x → (1 - t)^2, y → t^3, dx → -2 dt (1 - t), dy → 3 dt t^2}

In[4]:= integrand = fx dx + fy dy // . rules
Out[4]= -2 dt (1 - t) (2 (1 - t)^2 - t^3) + 3 dt t^2 ((1 - t)^2 + 3 t^3)

In[5]:= integrand2 = integrand // Expand
Out[5]= -4 + 12 t - 9 t^2 + t^4 + 9 t^5

In[6]:= Integrate[integrand2, {t, 0, 1}]
Out[6]= 7/10

In[104]:= -4 + 12/2 - 9/3 + 1/5 + 9/6
Out[104]= 7/10
```

5) Planet Hollywood

```
In[1]:= Clear["Global`*"]
In[2]:= values = {m → 7.35 × 1022, r → 1.74 × 106, bigG → 6.67 × 10-11}
Out[2]= {m → 7.35 × 1022, r → 1.74 × 106, bigG → 6.67 × 10-11}
```

Part a)

$$\text{In[} \text{]:= eq1 = m1 g == \frac{\text{bigG} m m1}{r^2}$$

$$\text{Out[} \text{]:= g m1 == \frac{\text{bigG} m m1}{r^2}$$

$$\text{In[} \text{]:= solG = Solve[eq1, g][[1]]$$

$$\text{Out[} \text{]:= } \left\{ g \rightarrow \frac{\text{bigG} m}{r^2} \right\}$$

$$g /. \text{solG} /. \text{values}$$

$$\text{Out[} \text{]:= } 1.61925$$

$$\frac{g}{9.8} /. \text{solG} /. \text{values}$$

$$\text{Out[} \text{]:= } 0.16523$$

Part b)

$$\text{In[} \text{]:= u = \frac{-\text{bigG} m m1}{r};$$

$$u /. \text{values} /. \{m1 \rightarrow 1\}$$

$$\text{Out[} \text{]:= } -2.8175 \times 10^6$$

Part c)

$$\text{In[} \text{]:= eq3 = u + ke == 0 /. \left\{ ke \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} m1 v^2 \right\}$$

$$\text{Out[} \text{]:= } -\frac{\text{bigG} m m1}{r} + \frac{m1 v^2}{2} == 0$$

$$\text{In[} \text{]:= solV = Solve[eq3, v][[2]]$$

$$\text{Out[} \text{]:= } \left\{ v \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\text{bigG}} \sqrt{m}}{\sqrt{r}} \right\}$$

$$\text{In[} \text{]:= vEscape = v /. solV /. \text{values}$$

$$\text{Out[} \text{]:= } 2373.82$$

$$\text{In[} \text{]:= UnitConvert[Quantity[vEscape, "Meters"], "Miles"]}], \frac{"Miles"}{ "Seconds"}]$$

$$\text{Out[} \text{]:= } 1.47502 \text{ mi/s}$$

```
In[ 0]:= UnitConvert[Quantity[vEscape, "Meters"], "Kilometers"]
           "Seconds", "Seconds"]
```

Out[0]= 2.37382 km/s

Part d)

$$\text{In[0]:= eq4 = } \frac{\text{bigG m m1}}{r^2} \text{ == m1 } \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$\text{Out[0]= } \frac{\text{bigG m m1}}{r^2} \text{ == } \frac{m1 v^2}{r}$$

$$\text{In[0]:= eq5 = } v \text{ == } \frac{2 \pi r}{\text{period}}$$

$$\text{Out[0]= } v \text{ == } \frac{2 \pi r}{\text{period}}$$

```
In[ 0]:= UnitConvert[Quantity[24, "Hours"], "Seconds"]
```

Out[0]= 86400 s

```
In[ 0]:= ruleP = {period -> 86400}
```

Out[0]= {period -> 86400}

```
In[ 0]:= solR = Solve[{eq4, eq5}, {r, v}][[2]]
```

$$\text{Out[0]= } \left\{ r \rightarrow \frac{\text{bigG}^{1/3} m^{1/3} \text{period}^{2/3}}{(2 \pi)^{2/3}}, v \rightarrow \frac{\text{bigG}^{1/3} m^{1/3} (2 \pi)^{1/3}}{\text{period}^{1/3}} \right\}$$

```
In[ 0]:= r0 = r /. solR /. values /. ruleP
```

Out[0]= 9.7505×10^6

Part EXTRA) Use mass of earth

```
In[ 0]:= r1 = r /. solR /. {m ->  $6 \times 10^{24}$ } /. values /. ruleP
```

Out[0]= 4.22975×10^7

```
In[ 0]:= UnitConvert[Quantity[r1, "Meters"], "Miles"]
```

Out[0]= 26282.5 mi