
Problem 3

```
In[330]:= Clear["Global`*"]
```

```
In[331]:= eqs = {  
    n == m1 g Cos[θ] ,  
    m1 a == m1 g Sin[θ] - tension ,  
    tension ==  $\frac{1}{2} m2 a$ };
```

```
In[332]:= Solve[eqs, {n, a, tension}]
```

```
Out[332]:=  $\left\{ \left\{ n \rightarrow g m1 \cos[\theta], a \rightarrow \frac{2 g m1 \sin[\theta]}{2 m1 + m2}, \text{tension} \rightarrow \frac{g m1 m2 \sin[\theta]}{2 m1 + m2} \right\} \right\}$ 
```

Problem 5

```
In[333]:= Clear["Global`*"]
```

```
In[334]:= PlanetData []
```

```
Out[334]:= {Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, Neptune}
```

```
In[335]:= values = {  
    massEarth -> PlanetData["Earth", "Mass"],  
    radiusEarth -> UnitConvert[PlanetData["Earth", "Radius"], "SI"],  
    gSurface -> UnitConvert[PlanetData["Earth", "Gravity"], "SI"],  
    newtonG -> Quantity["G"]  
}
```

```
Out[335]:= {massEarth ->  $5.97 \times 10^{24}$  kg ,  
    radiusEarth -> 6371.009 km , gSurface -> 9.80 m/s2 , newtonG -> 1 G }
```

```
In[336]:= eq1 = m1 g ==  $\frac{\text{newtonG massEarth } m1}{r^2}$ ;
```

```
solg = Solve[eq1, g][[1]]
```

```
Out[337]:=  $\left\{ g \rightarrow \frac{\text{massEarth newtonG}}{r^2} \right\}$ 
```

```
In[338]:= grav[r_] = g /. solg /. values
```

```
Out[338]:=  $\frac{5.97 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg G}}{r^2}$ 
```

Compute from surface of Earth

```
In[339]:= radiusEarth /. values
Out[339]= 6371.009 km

In[340]:= earthG = grav[radiusEarth] /. values // UnitConvert
Out[340]= 9.82 m/s2
```

Compute from surface of Earth + 100 Miles

```
In[341]:= grav[radiusEarth + Quantity[100, "Miles"]] /. values // UnitConvert
Out[341]= 9.34 m/s2

In[342]:= % / earthG
Out[342]= 0.951
```

Compute from moon

```
In[343]:= PlanetaryMoonData ["Moon", "AverageOrbitDistance "]
Out[343]= 0.002573 au

In[344]:= radius = PlanetaryMoonData ["Moon", "AverageOrbitDistance "];
grav[radius /. values] // UnitConvert
Out[345]= 0.00269 m/s2

In[346]:= % / earthG
Out[346]= 0.000274
```

Assume g=9.8, compute time to fall from moon:

```
In[347]:= solT = Solve[x ==  $\frac{1}{2} a t^2$ , t][[2]]
Out[347]=  $\left\{t \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}}\right\}$ 

In[348]:= time1 =
  t /. solT /. {x -> PlanetaryMoonData ["Moon", "AverageOrbitDistance "], a -> earthG}
Out[348]=  $8.85 \times 10^3$  s
```

```
In[349]:= UnitConvert [time1, "Hours"]
```

```
Out[349]= 2.460 h
```

```
In[350]:= UnitConvert [time1, "Days"]
```

```
Out[350]= 0.1025 days
```

Assume $g = \frac{\text{massEarth newtonG}}{r^2}$, compute time to fall from moon:

```
In[351]:= eq1 = m1 g - m1 r''[t] /. {g -> \frac{\text{massEarth newtonG}}{r[t]^2}}
```

```
Out[351]= \frac{m1 \text{massEarth newtonG}}{r[t]^2} - m1 r''[t]
```

```
In[352]:= eq2 = \frac{eq1}{m1} r[t]^2 // Simplify
```

```
Out[352]= \text{massEarth newtonG} - r[t]^2 r''[t]
```

```
In[353]:= eq2[[1]]
```

```
Out[353]= \text{massEarth newtonG}
```

```
In[354]:= eq2[[2]]
```

```
Out[354]= -r[t]^2 r''[t]
```

```
In[355]:= rhs = Integrate[-r[t], {r[t], 0, r0}, {r[t], r0, 0}]
```

```
Out[355]= \frac{r0^3}{2}
```

```
In[356]:= lhs = Integrate[eq2[[1]], {t, 0, t}, {t, 0, t}]
```

```
Out[356]= \frac{1}{2} \text{massEarth newtonG} t^2
```

```
In[357]:= solt = Solve[lhs == rhs, t][[2]]
```

```
Out[357]= \left\{ t \rightarrow \frac{r0^{3/2}}{\sqrt{\text{massEarth}} \sqrt{\text{newtonG}}} \right\}
```

```
In[358]:= moonRadius = PlanetaryMoonData ["Moon", "AverageOrbitDistance "]
```

```
Out[358]= 0.002573 au
```

```
In[359]:= time2 = t /. solt /. r0 -> moonRadius /. values // UnitConvert
```

```
Out[359]= 3.78 \times 10^5 s
```

```
In[360]:= UnitConvert [time2 , "Hours"]
```

```
Out[360]= 105.1 h
```

```
In[361]:= UnitConvert [time2 , "Days"]
```

```
Out[361]= 4.38 days
```