

Due: 9 September

Read Marion & Thornton Chapter 1, Shankar Chapter 8.

1. Use MKS units throughout and give the answers both analytically and numerically. From the following four fundamental constants (and only these)

$$\begin{aligned} G &= 6.67259 \times 10^{-11} \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2}{\text{kg}^2} & c &= 2.99792458 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s} \\ \hbar &= 1.05457266 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s} & k_B &= 1.380658 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K} \end{aligned}$$

using dimensional analysis, construct quantities with the dimensions of:

- (a) length
 - (b) time
 - (c) velocity
 - (d) mass
 - (e) energy
 - (f) temperature
2. (a) In the matrix equation $\underline{\underline{D}} = \underline{\underline{A}} \underline{\underline{B}} \underline{\underline{C}}$, if $\underline{\underline{D}}$ is a 2×2 matrix, $\underline{\underline{A}}$ is a 2×5 matrix, and $\underline{\underline{C}}$ is a 2×2 matrix, what are the dimensions of $\underline{\underline{B}}$? How many rows and how many columns?
- (b) Write the matrix equation $\underline{\underline{D}} = \underline{\underline{A}} \underline{\underline{B}} \underline{\underline{C}}$ in index notation. Include limits on the sums.
3. If \mathbf{x} is the column vector $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$, what is the result of the following matrix multiplications?
- (a) $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{x}^T$
 - (b) $\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x}$
4. Marion & Thornton 1.2 b)
5. (a) Marion & Thornton 1.3
- (b) What is the effect of this rotation on the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$?
6. Shankar 8.1.1