

1. The force of a moving charge in a magnetic field is $\vec{F}_B = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$. This force is
- A. Perpendicular to \vec{v} but not \vec{B}
 - B. Perpendicular to \vec{B} but not \vec{v}
 - C. Perpendicular to \vec{v} and \vec{B}
 - D. None of the above
2. A long straight wire carries 10 A. The magnetic field 1 cm from the wire is
- A. 2 G
 - B. 3 G
 - C. 0.5 G
 - D. 10 G
3. A toroid with a center radius of 10 cm has 1000 turns of wire that carries 5 A. The field at this location is
- A. 100 G
 - B. 200 G
 - C. 0.01 G
 - D. 50 G
4. Two straight wires are parallel to each other. Each carries 10 A current, flowing in opposite direction. The force between the two wires is
- A. attractive
 - B. repelling
 - C. zero, i.e., no force between the wires
 - D. 100 N