

Beyond SM Higgs



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SMU

Nov 4, 2013

Higgs is discovered

Now what?

Celebration !!!



Then What?

light, weakly coupled boson: $m_h = 125\text{-}126\text{ GeV}$, $\Gamma < 1\text{ GeV}$

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Then What? Still a lot of hard, but fun work to do!

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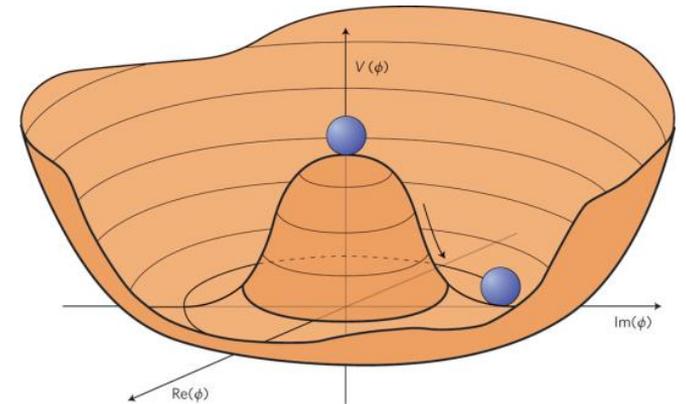
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Then What? Theoretically ...

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Then What? Theoretically ...



$$V(\phi) = \frac{1}{2}\mu_h^2\phi^2 + \frac{\lambda}{4}\phi^4$$

$$\langle\phi\rangle \equiv v \neq 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad m_W = g_W \frac{v}{2}$$

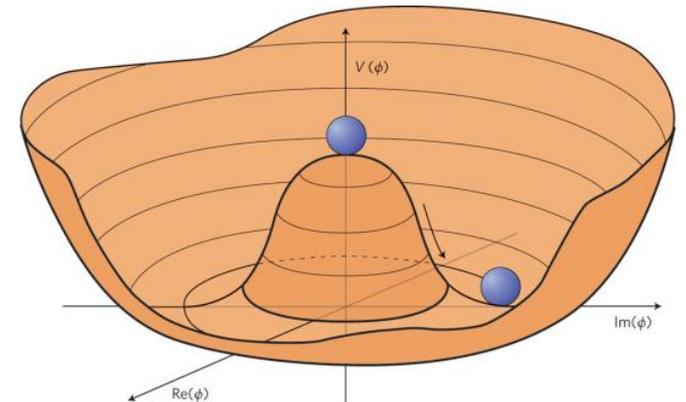
$$M_H^2 = -2\mu^2 = 2\lambda v^2$$

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A new force of nature? $\lambda \sim 1/8$



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At the verge of uncovering a deep theory

● λ determined by gauge couplings?

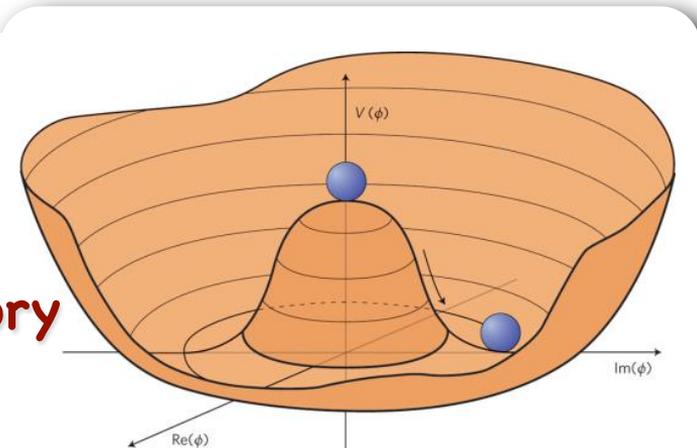
e.g., SUSY, $\lambda = (g_1^2 + g_2^2)/8$...

● or dynamically generated by a new strong force?

e.g., technicolor, composite Higgs,

Higgsless, extra dimensions, ...

S. Su



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$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Higgs} \\ \text{field} \end{array} \rightarrow 4 = 3 + 1$$

longitudinal modes of W^+, W^-, Z physical Higgs Boson

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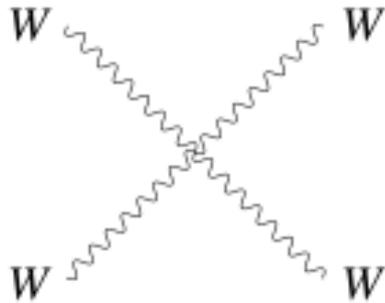
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3
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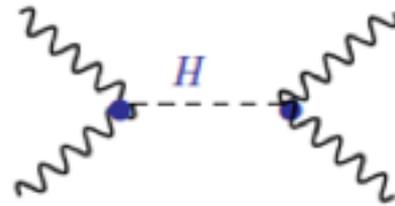
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Unitarity

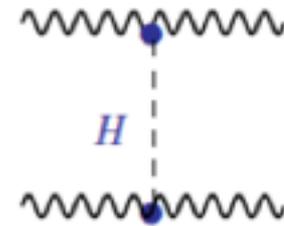
But...



$E < m_h$



$E > m_h$



$$\mathcal{M}(W_L W_L \rightarrow W_L W_L) \sim \begin{cases} E_{cm}^2/v^2 & \text{no light Higgs,} \\ m_h^2/v^2 & \text{with a SM Higgs.} \end{cases}$$

Partial-wave unitarity demands

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{16\pi} \frac{m_h^2 \text{ or } E_{cm}^2}{v^2} \lesssim 1$$

$$\Rightarrow m_h \text{ or } E_{cm} \lesssim \mathcal{O}(1 \text{ TeV}).$$

⦿ Picture is not valid at $E \sim 4\pi m_W/g_W \sim 1 \text{ TeV}$

S. Su

⦿ Something new must happen before TeV scale.

A Light Higgs is puzzling...

particle	spin
quark: u, d,...	1/2
lepton: e...	1/2
photon	1
W,Z	1
gluon	1
Higgs	0

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⇒ New Physics beyond the SM

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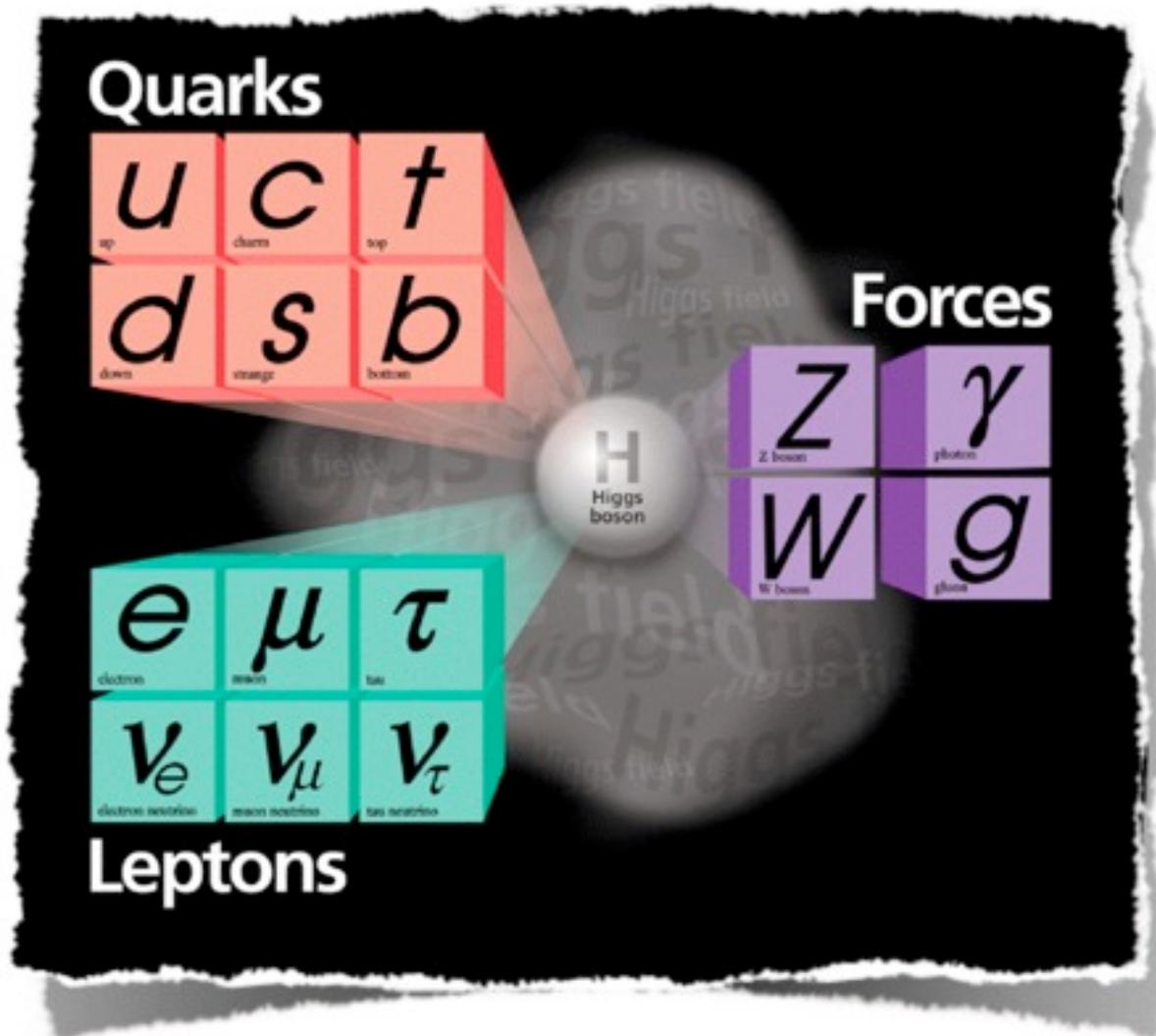
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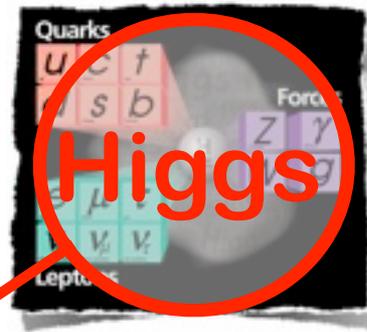
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syblings
H, A, H $^{\pm}$,
...



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syblings
H, A, H[±],

...

partners
Higgsinos

...

friends
stop,
...



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Outline

- **Implication of SM Higgs search on BSM scenarios**
 - **MSSM, NMSSM, 2HDM**
 - **Dark matter connection**
- **Higgs-assisted BSM searches**
 - **SUSY electroweak-ino searches**
- **Searches for Higgs beyond the SM**
 - **exotic Higgs decays**
- **Conclusion**

Review articles:

MSSM Higgs: xxx

NMSSM: 0304049

2HDM: 1106.0034

Talk based on work:

1203.3207, 1303.2113, 1305.0002,

1306.3229, 1308.6201, 1309.5966

I. Implication for BSM scenarios

Implication of 126 GeV Higgs

The current Higgs search results already impose non-trivial constraints on various new physics extensions.

Study the consequence of

(I) current Higgs search limit of 95% CL limit on $\sigma \times \text{Br}$

(II) H in the mass range of 124 - 128 GeV

(III) $\sigma \times \text{Br}$ ($gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, WW, ZZ$) of SM strength

MSSM, NMSSM, 2HDM, ...

- ◎ Focus on the Higgs sector and stop sector
- ◎ Mostly only consider Higgs search results

MSSM Higgs Sector

◎ Type II Two Higgs Doublet Model

$$H_u = \begin{pmatrix} H_u^+ \\ H_u^0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow v_u/\sqrt{2} \quad H_d = \begin{pmatrix} H_d^0 \\ H_d^- \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow v_d/\sqrt{2}$$

$$v_u^2 + v_d^2 = v^2 = (246\text{GeV})^2 \quad \tan \beta = v_u/v_d$$

after EWSB
5 physical Higgses
CP-even Higgses: h^0, H^0
CP-odd Higgs: A^0
Charged Higgses: H^\pm

◎ tree level masses determined by $m_A, \tan\beta$

$$m_{h^0, H^0}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left((m_A^2 + m_Z^2) \mp \sqrt{(m_A^2 - m_Z^2)^2 + 4m_A^2 m_Z^2 \sin^2 2\beta} \right)$$

$$m_{H^\pm}^2 = m_A^2 + m_W^2, \quad \cos^2(\beta - \alpha) = \frac{m_{h^0}^2 (m_Z^2 - m_{h^0}^2)}{m_A^2 (m_{H^0}^2 - m_{h^0}^2)}$$

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$$m_{H^\pm}^2 = m_A^2 + m_W^2, \quad \cos^2(\beta - \alpha) = \frac{m_{h^0}^2(m_Z^2 - m_{h^0}^2)}{m_A^2(m_{H^0}^2 - m_{h^0}^2)}$$

Higgs Masses

- ◎ large radiative corrections from stop sector: large Yukawa coupling

$$\Delta m_{h^0}^2 \approx \frac{3}{4\pi^2} \frac{m_t^4}{v^2} \left[\ln \left(\frac{M_S^2}{m_t^2} \right) + \frac{\tilde{A}_t^2}{M_S^2} \left(1 - \frac{\tilde{A}_t^2}{12M_S^2} \right) \right] + \dots,$$

$$\tilde{A}_t = A_t - \mu \cot \beta.$$

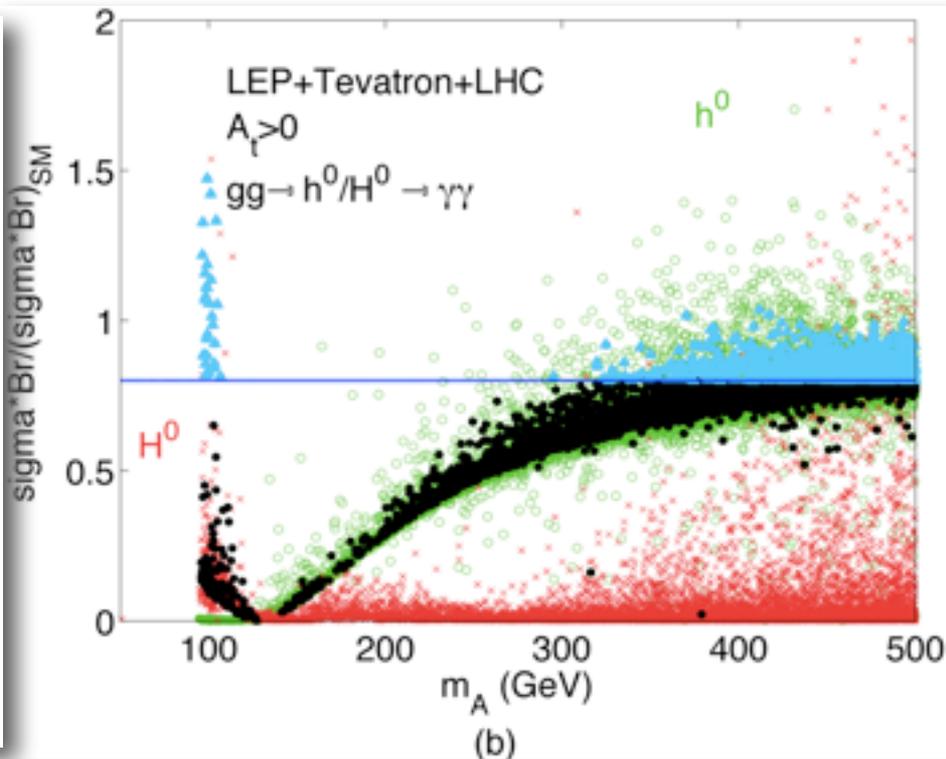
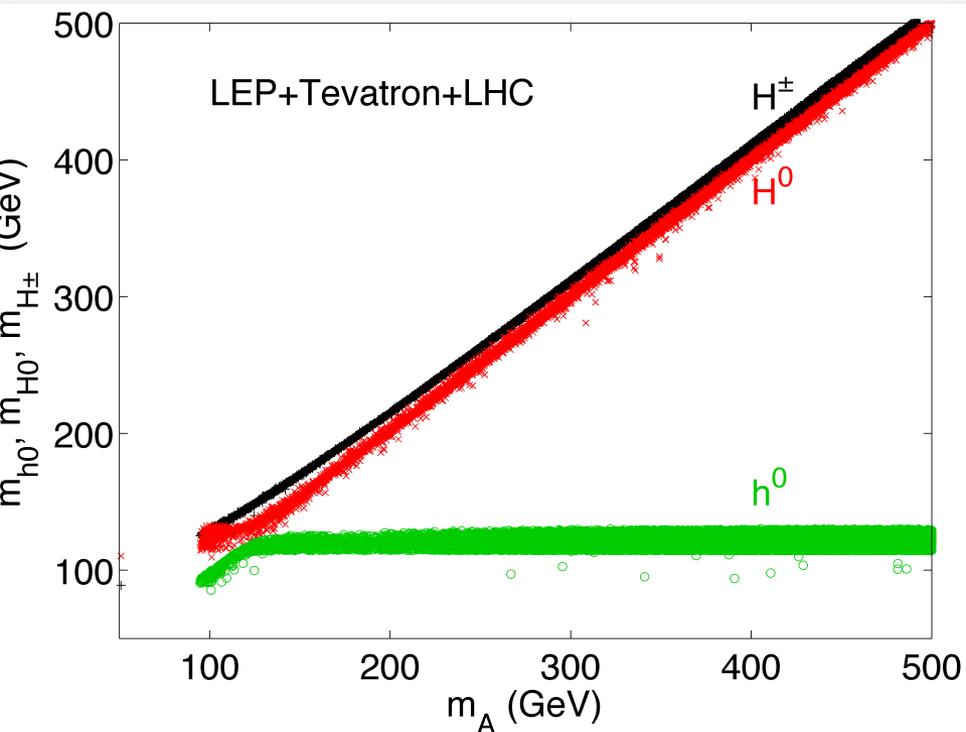
- ◎ (m_h^{\min}) scenario: $\tilde{A}_t = 0$
 $m_{h^0} < 117 \text{ GeV}$ for $M_s < 2 \text{ TeV}$

- ◎ (m_h^{\max}) scenario: $\tilde{A}_t = \sqrt{6} M_s$
 $m_{h^0} < 127 \text{ GeV}$ for $M_s < 2 \text{ TeV}$

- ◎ To obtain relative large correction to m_{h^0}
 - relatively large stop masses (at least one)
 - large stop LR mixing

non-decoupling vs. decoupling region

N. Christensen, T. Han, SS (2012)



black dots: $123 < m_{h^0}$ or $m_{H^0} < 127$ GeV

blue dots: $\sigma \text{XBr} (gg \rightarrow h^0, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)_{\text{MSSM}} > 80\% (\sigma \text{XBr})_{\text{SM}}$

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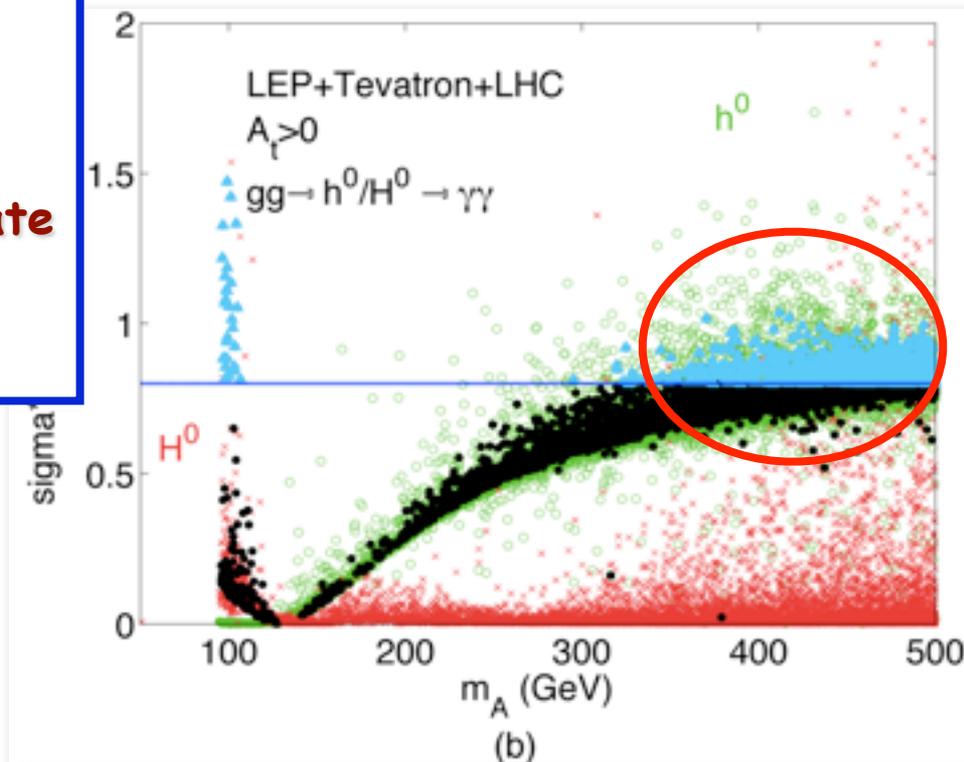
decoupling limit

$$m_A \gg m_Z$$

$$\sin(\beta - \alpha) \sim 1, \cos(\beta - \alpha) \sim 0$$

- h^0 light, SM like,
- H^0, A^0, H^\pm heavy, nearly degenerate
- $H^0 WW, H^0 ZZ$ coupling suppressed
 $\sim \cos(\beta - \alpha)$

decoupling region



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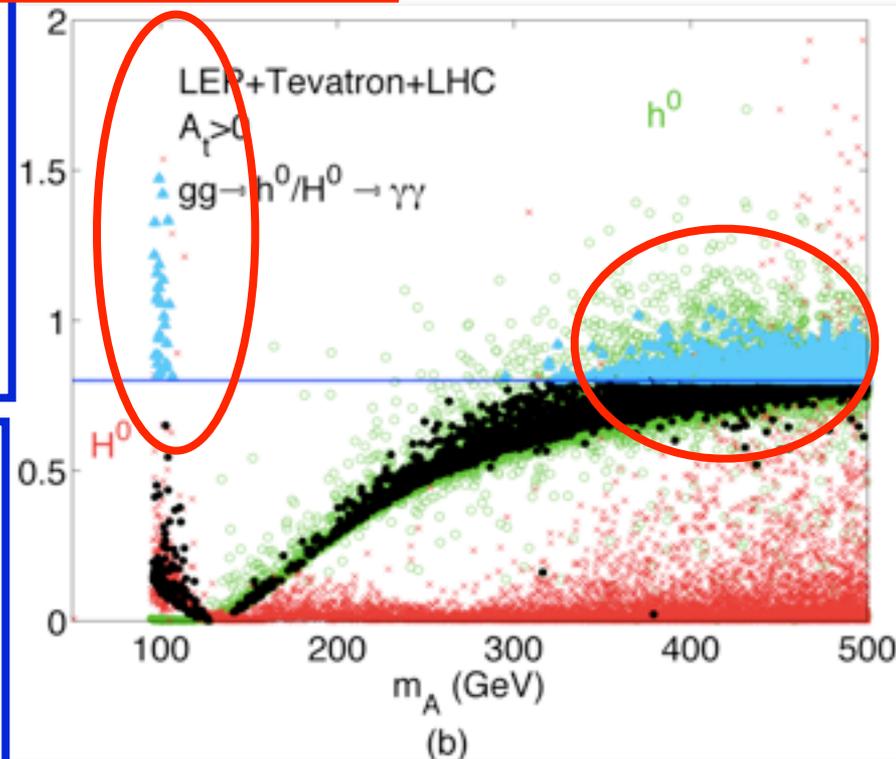
decoupling region

non-decoupling limit

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- all Higgses light
- H^0 SM like
- $h^0 WW, h^0 ZZ$ coupling suppressed



m_{h^0} or $m_{H^0} < 127$ GeV

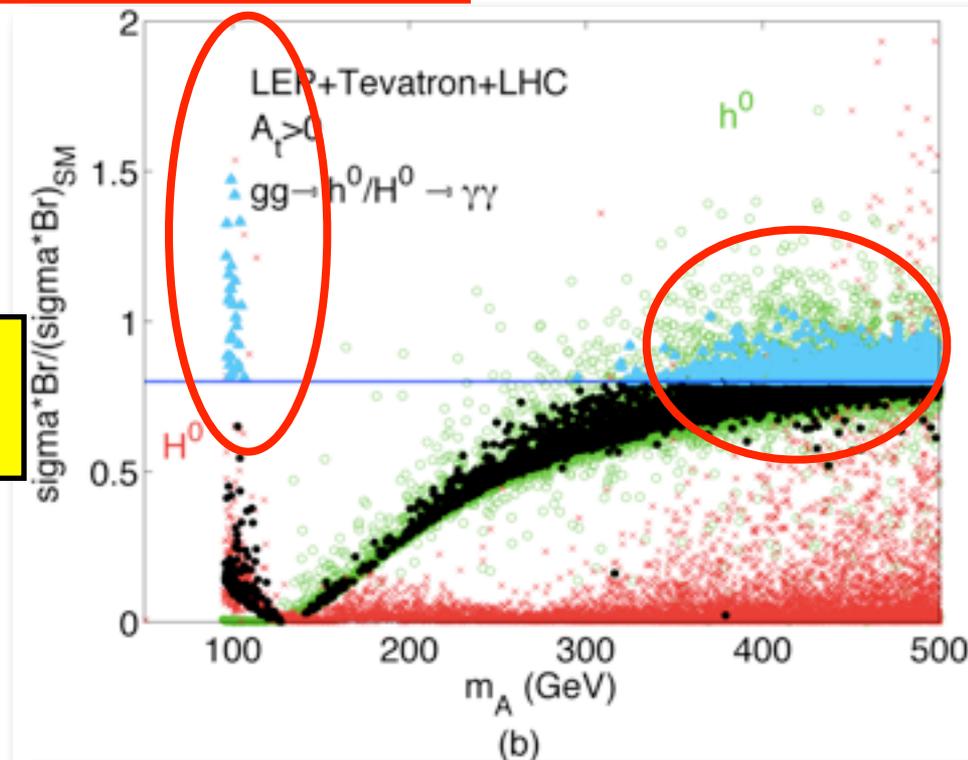
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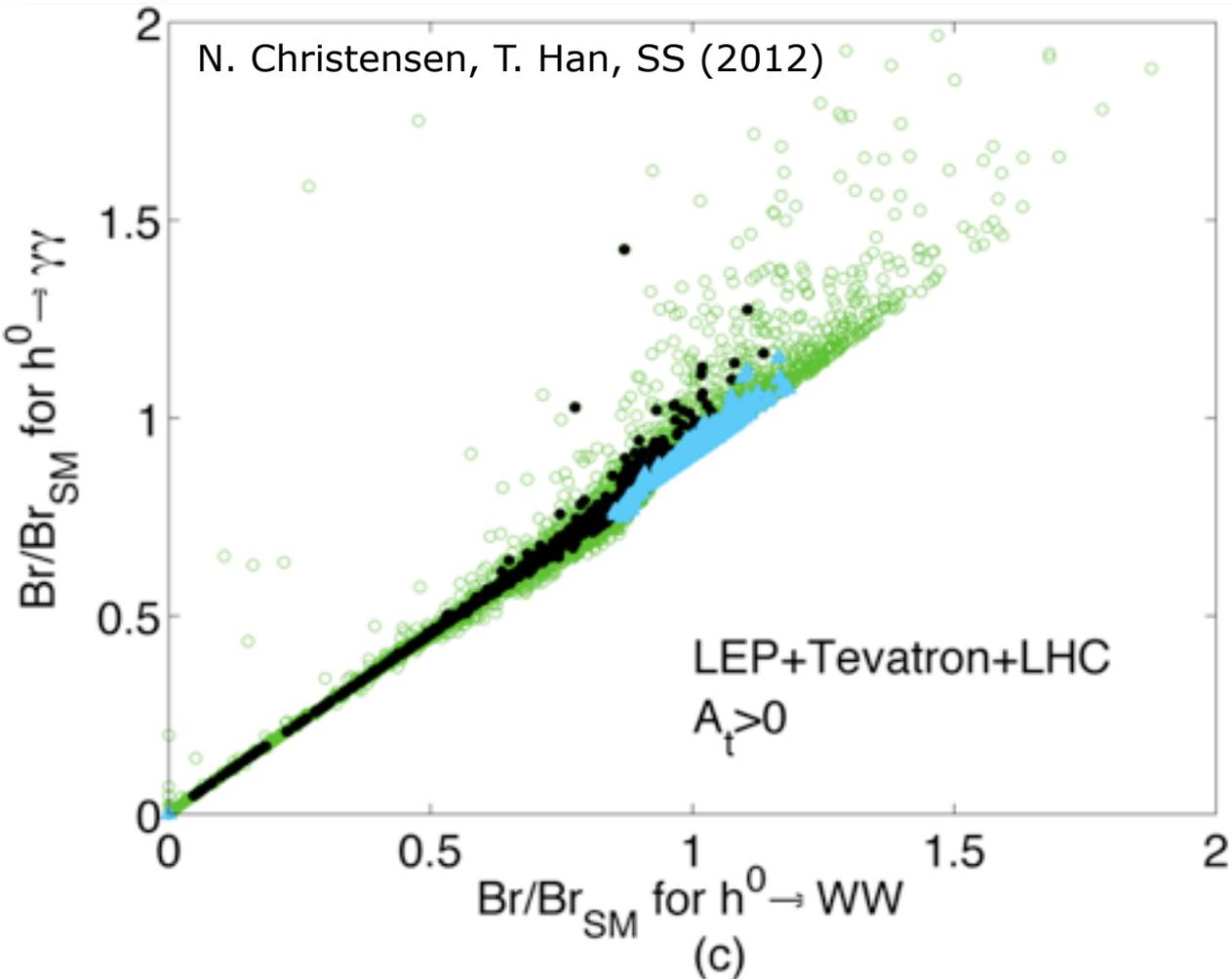
- h^0 SM-like: large $m_A \geq 300$ GeV
- small $m_A \sim m_Z$: H^0 SM-like

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Allowed Region: $gg \rightarrow h^0, H^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, WW$

correlation between $\gamma\gamma$ and WW



**$h^0 WW$ coupling:
source for both
 $h^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and WW**

$$\frac{\text{Br}(\gamma\gamma)}{\text{Br}(\gamma\gamma)_{SM}} \approx 0.9 \frac{\text{Br}(W^+W^-)}{\text{Br}(W^+W^-)_{SM}}$$

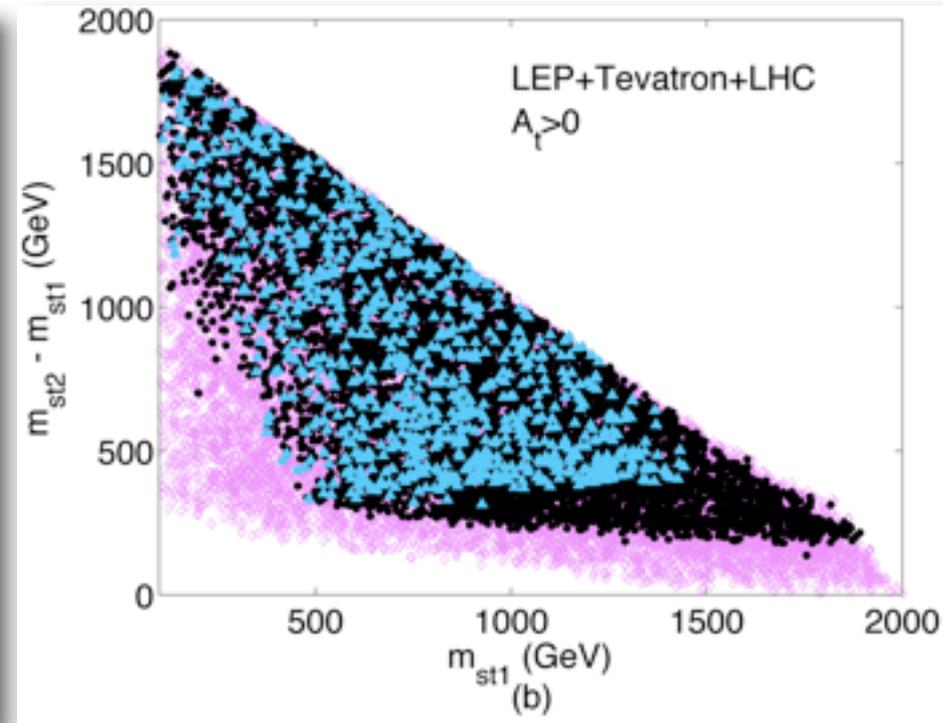
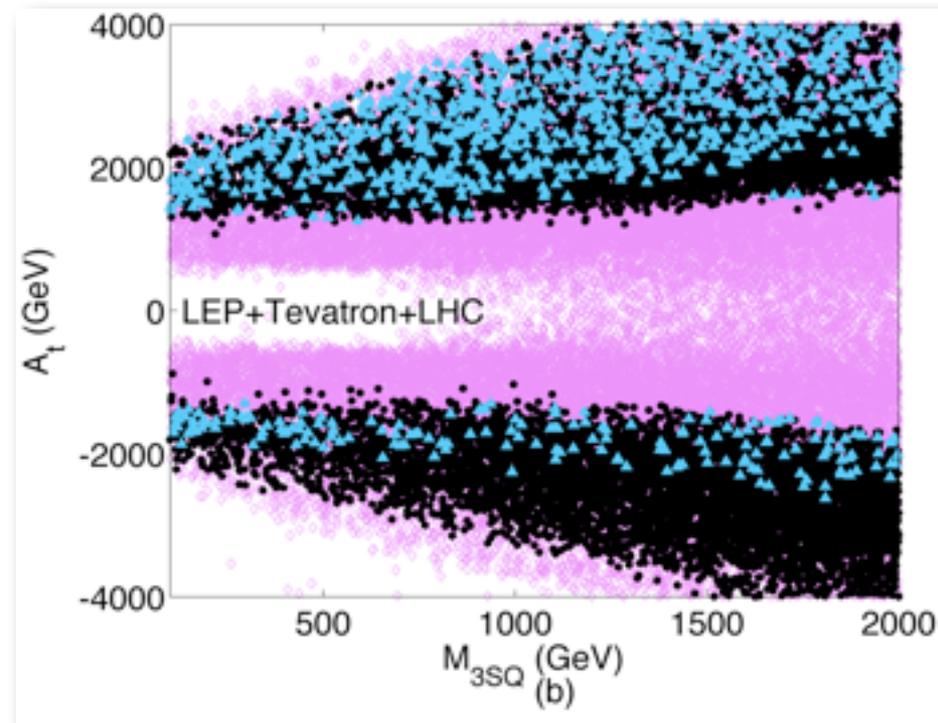
Stop Masses

N. Christensen, T. Han, SS (2012)

Heavy stops and/or large LR mixing.

● M_{3SQ} vs A_t

● m_{st1} vs $m_{st2}-m_{st1}$



purple: pass exp

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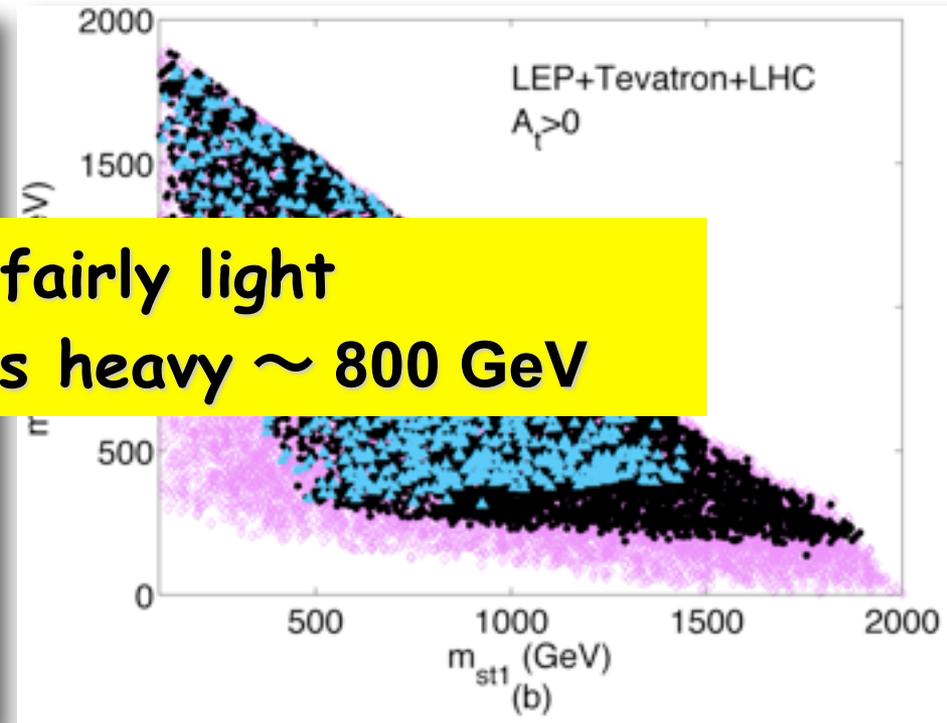
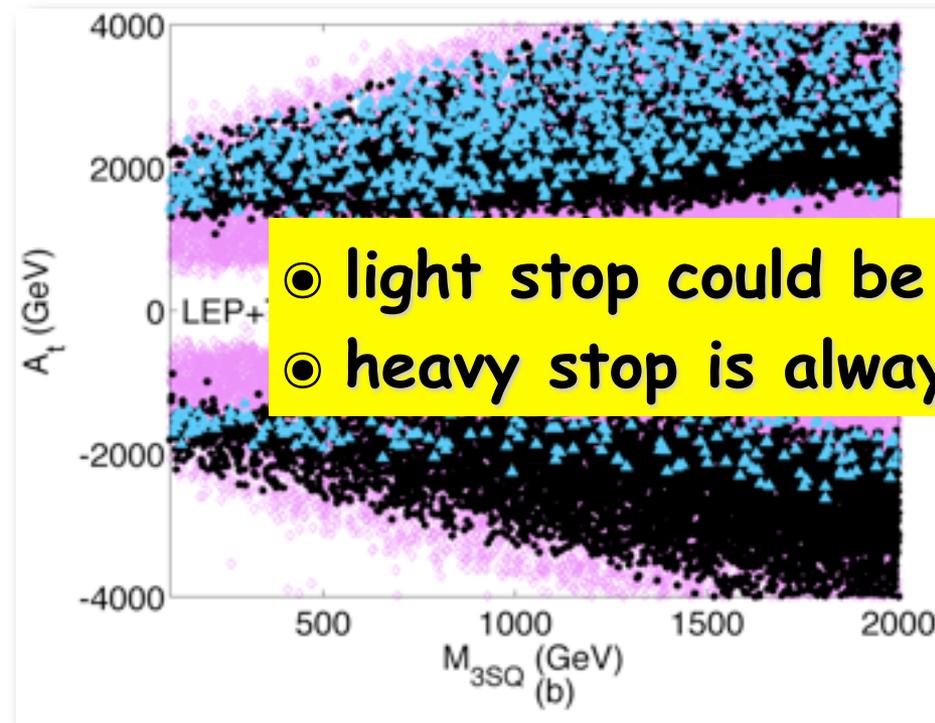
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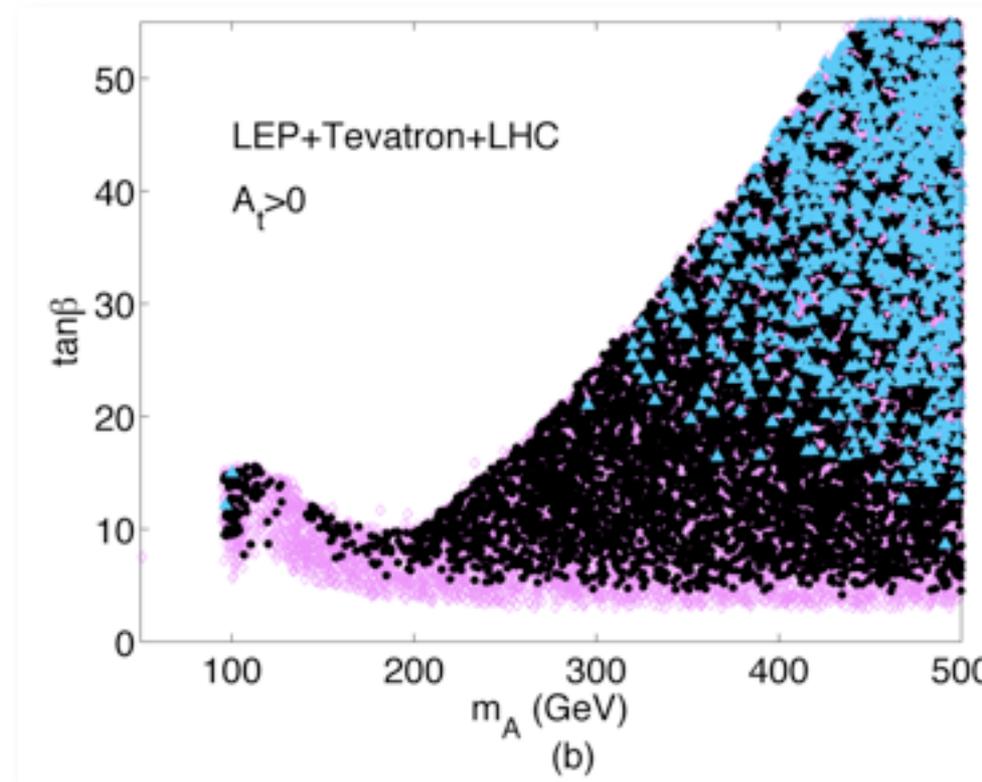
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Allowed Parameter Region

N. Christensen, T. Han, SS (2012)

● m_A vs $\tan\beta$



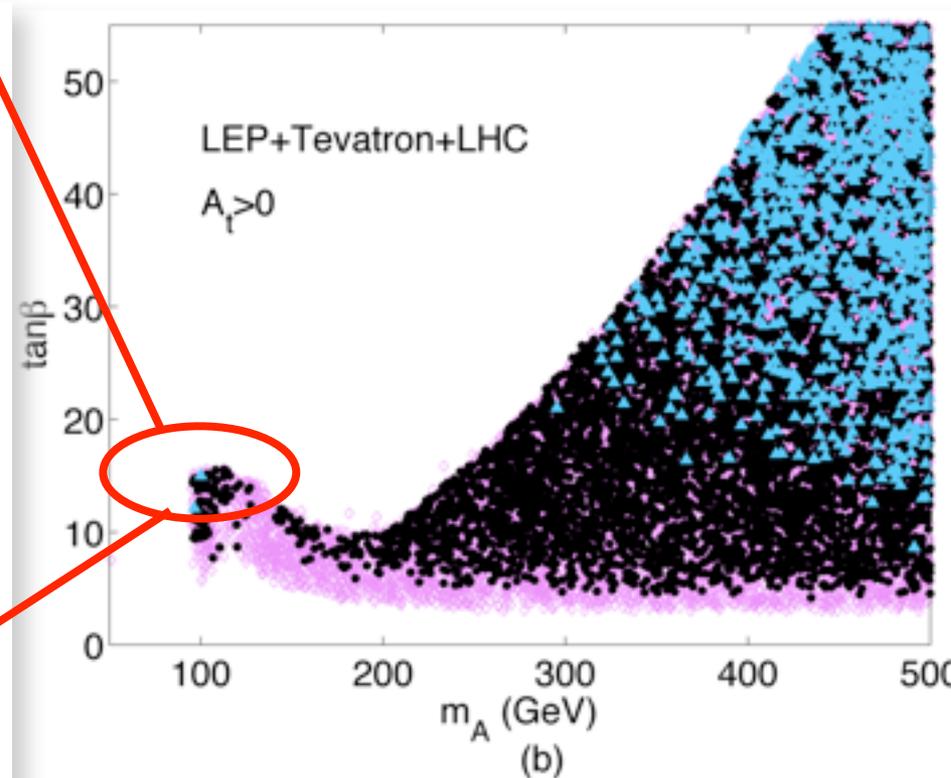
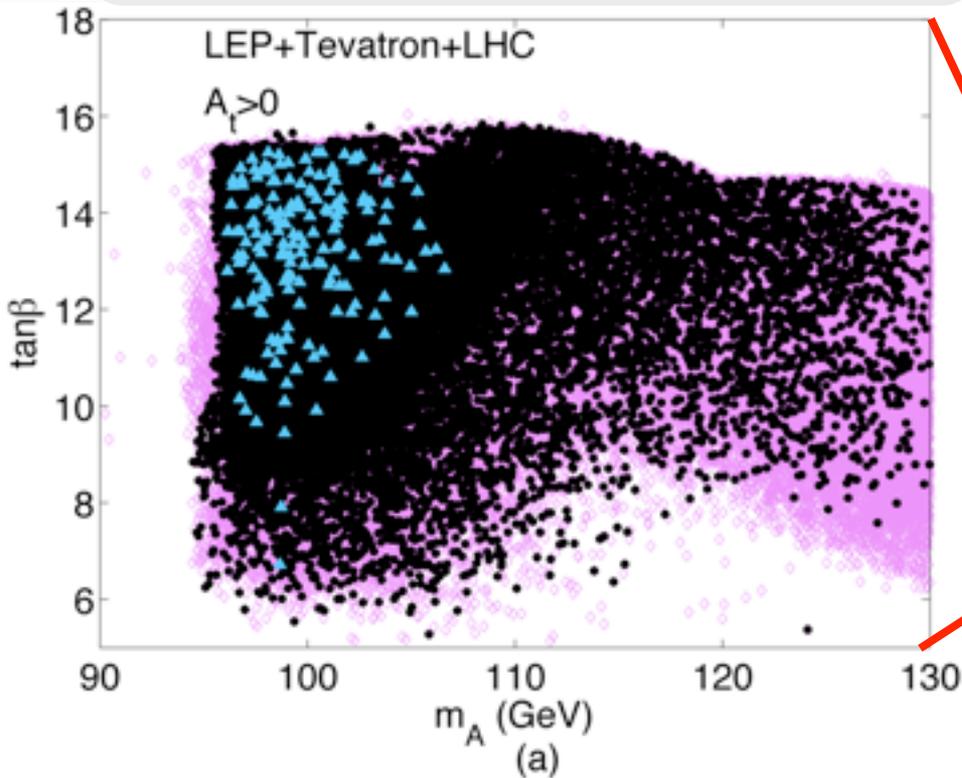
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Non-decoupling region

$95 \text{ GeV} < m_A < 110 \text{ GeV}, \quad 6 < \tan \beta < 16$

⊙ m_A vs $\tan \beta$



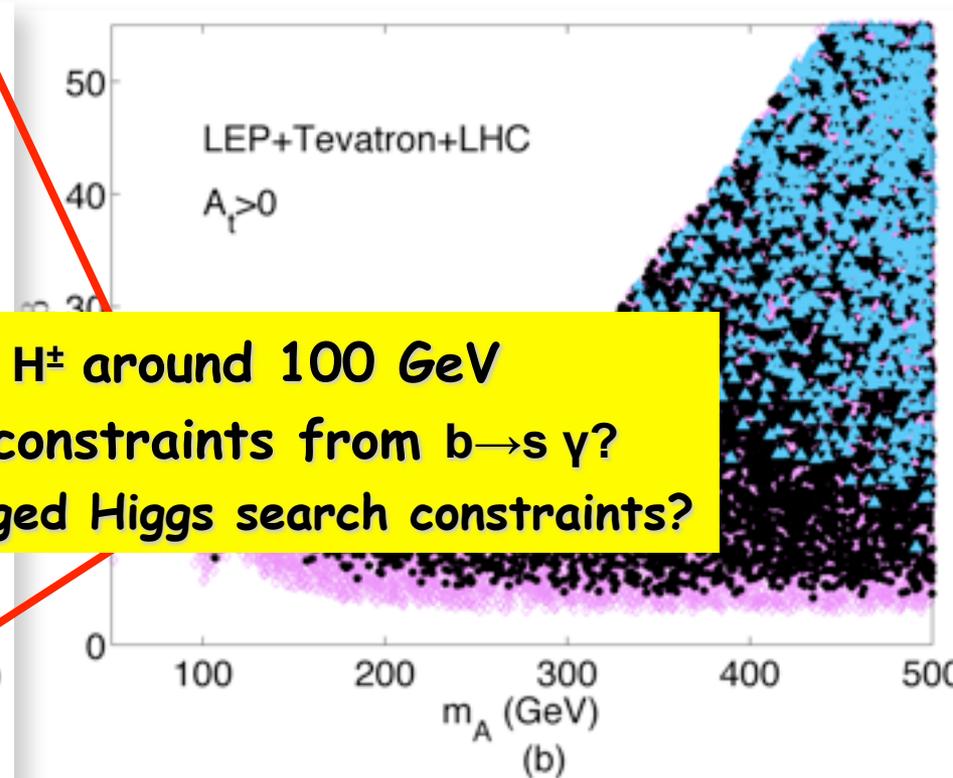
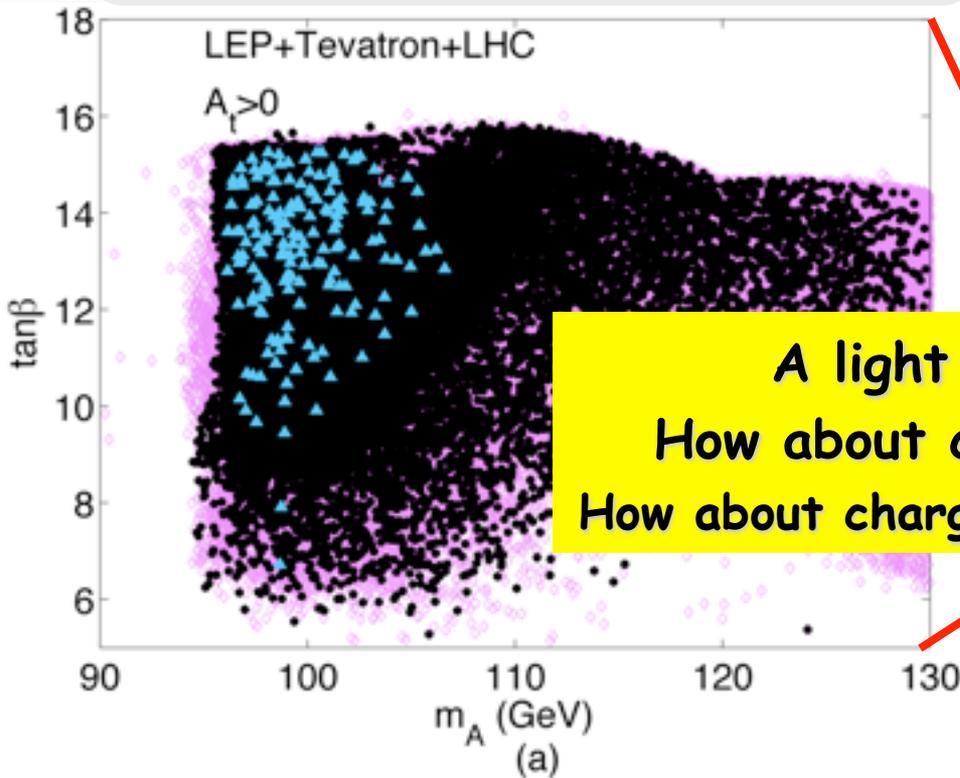
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⊙ m_A vs $\tan \beta$



A light H^\pm around 100 GeV
How about constraints from $b \rightarrow s \gamma$?
How about charged Higgs search constraints?

MSSM: need large loop correction from stop sector

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heavy stops (with large LR mixing): fine-tuning

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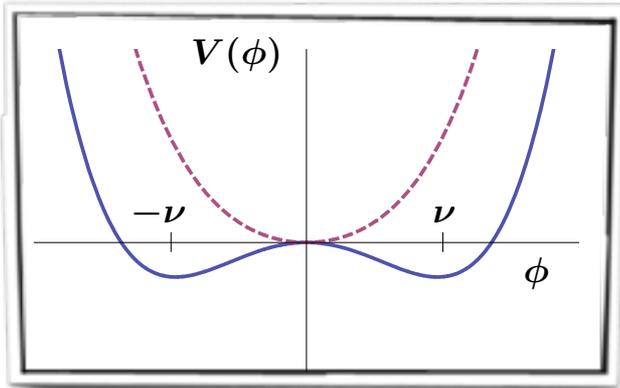
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tree level $m_{h0} < m_Z$

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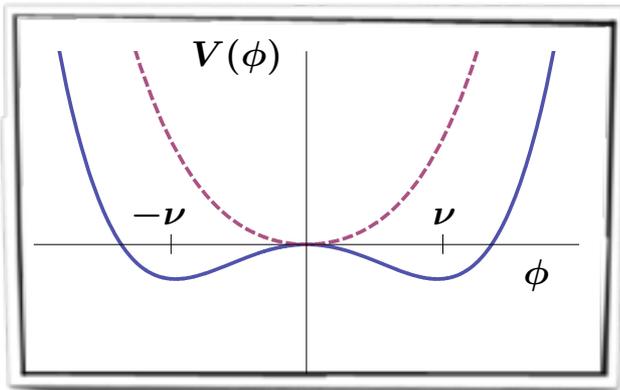
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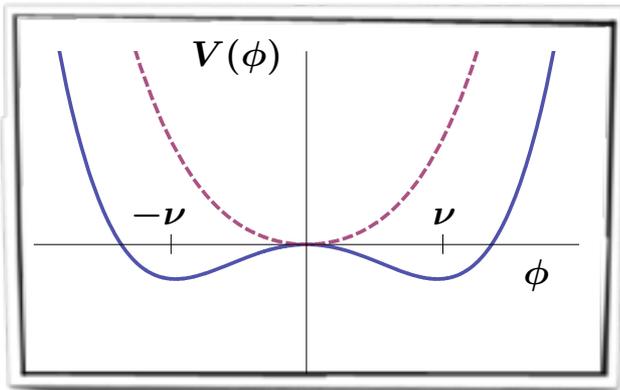
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↑
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add another singlet S ⇒ NMSSM

NMSSM Higgs Sector

◉ Type II Two Higgs Doublet Model plus singlet S

$$W_{\text{NMSSM}} = Y_u \hat{u}^c \hat{H}_u \hat{Q} + Y_d \hat{d}^c \hat{H}_d \hat{Q} + Y_e \hat{e}^c \hat{H}_d \hat{L} + \lambda \hat{S} \hat{H}_u \hat{H}_d + \frac{1}{3} \kappa \hat{S}^3$$

$$V_{H, \text{Soft}} = m_{H_u}^2 H_u^\dagger H_u + m_{H_d}^2 H_d^\dagger H_d + M_S^2 |S|^2 + \left(\lambda A_\lambda (H_t^T \epsilon H_d) S + \frac{1}{3} \kappa A_\kappa S^3 + c.c. \right)$$

◉ SSB

$$H_u = \begin{pmatrix} H_u^+ \\ H_u^0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow v_u / \sqrt{2} \quad H_d = \begin{pmatrix} H_d^0 \\ H_d^- \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow v_d / \sqrt{2} \quad S \rightarrow v_s / \sqrt{2}$$

$$(\mu = \lambda v_s / \sqrt{2})$$

$$v_u^2 + v_d^2 = v^2 = (246 \text{ GeV})^2$$

$$\tan \beta = v_u / v_d$$

after EWSB, 7 physical Higgses

CP-even Higgses: H_1, H_2, H_3

CP-odd Higgs: A_1, A_2

Charged Higgses: H^\pm

NMSSM: Masses for Higgses

- Effects of singlet

- lift $(m_{h\nu})_{\text{tree}}$, small $\tan\beta$, large λ

$$(m_{h\nu}^2)_{\text{tree}} = m_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \frac{1}{2}(\lambda v)^2 \sin^2 2\beta$$

- mixing with singlet: change $H_i WW/ZZ$, $H_i bb$, $H_i gg$, $H_i \gamma\gamma$

- Lots of work on (125 GeV) Higgs in NMSSM framework ...

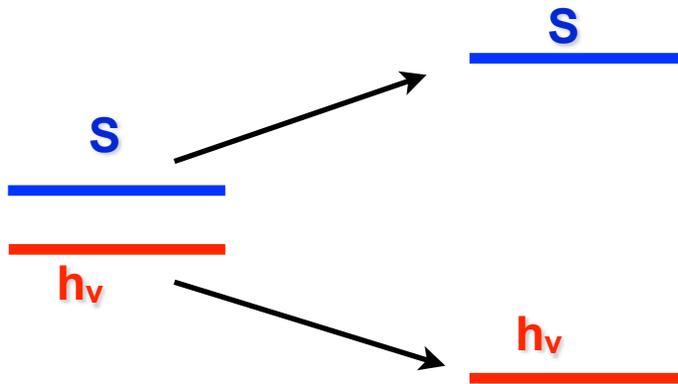
Gunion et. al., 1201.0982
Ellwanger 1112.3548
King et. al., 1201.2671
Cao et. al., 1202.5821
Ellwanger et. al., 1203.5048
Benbrik et. al., 1207.1096
Gunion et. al., 1207.1545
Gunion et. al., 1208.1817
Cheng et. al., 1207.6392
Belanger et. al., 1208.4952
Agashe et. al., 1209.2115
Belanger et. al., 1210.1976

Heng, 1210.3751
Choi et. al., 1211.0875
King et. al., 1211.5074
Dreiner et. al., 1211.6987
Das et. al., 1301.7548
... many other Jack's, Ellwanger's paper ...
(incomplete list)

- H3 heavy, m_A large
- H1 126 or H2 126
- $h\nu/S$ mixing

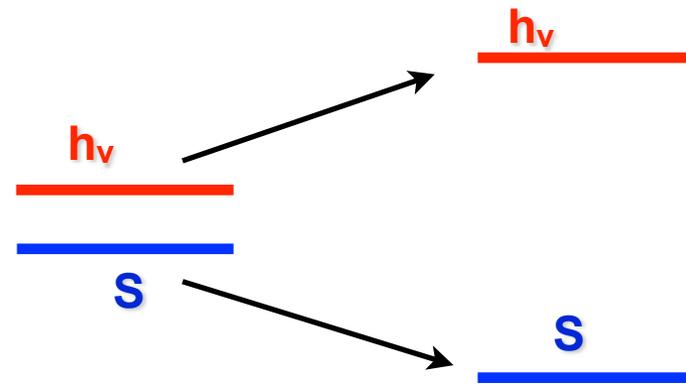
NMSSM: m_A decouple case

⊙ push down: $m_{h\nu} < m_S$



⊙ H_1 (SM-like) still heavy enough ≥ 124 GeV
 \Rightarrow not too large mass mixing
(to push down m_{H_1} too low)

⊙ push up: $m_{h\nu} > m_S$

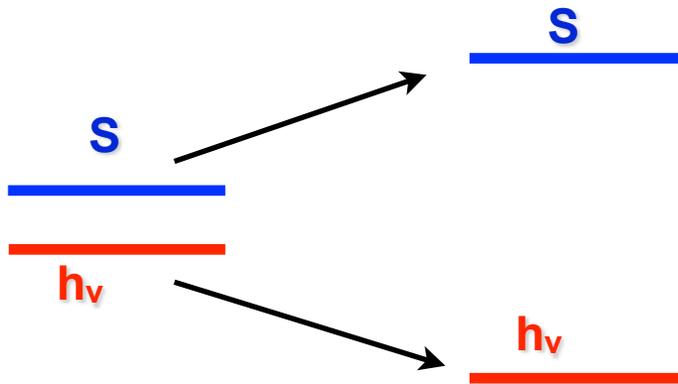


⊙ H_1 (singlet-like) not ruled out by LEP
 \Rightarrow not too large state mixing
(to have too much H_1ZZ coupling)

Agashe et. al., 1209.2115

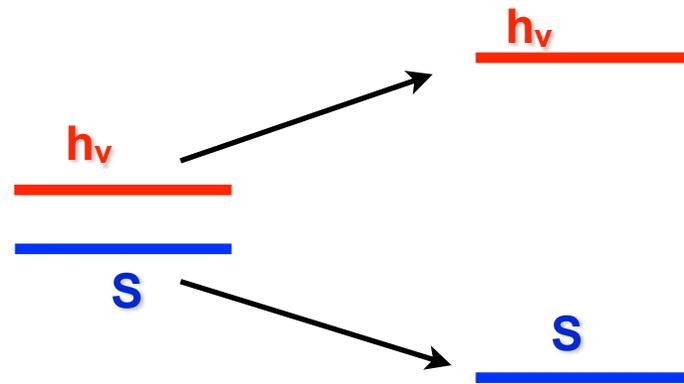
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⊙ H_1 (singlet-like) not ruled out by LEP
 \Rightarrow not too large state mixing
(to have too much H_1ZZ coupling)

**Need some tuning to make it work
(without too much help from stops)**

Agashe et. al., 1209.2115

NMSSM: Masses for Higgses

Our work: Focus on the NMSSM low m_A region: $m_A \leq 2 m_Z$

All Higgses light

- could have large mixing effects
- can be probed experimentally

NMSSM: Masses for Higgses

Our work: Focus on the NMSSM low m_A region: $m_A \leq 2 m_Z$

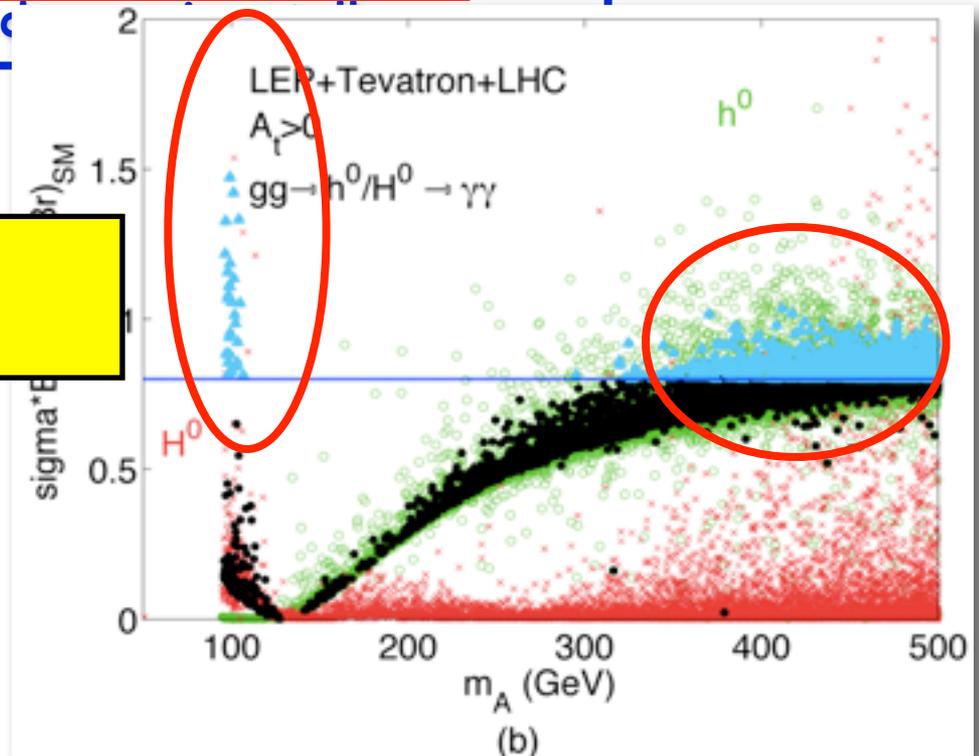
All Higgses light

- could have
- can be probec

non-decoupling region

decoupling region

- h^0 SM-like: large $m_A \geq 300$ GeV
- small $m_A \sim m_Z$: H^0 SM-like



NMSSM: Masses for Higgses

Our work: Focus on the NMSSM low m_A region: $m_A \leq 2 m_Z$

All Higgses light

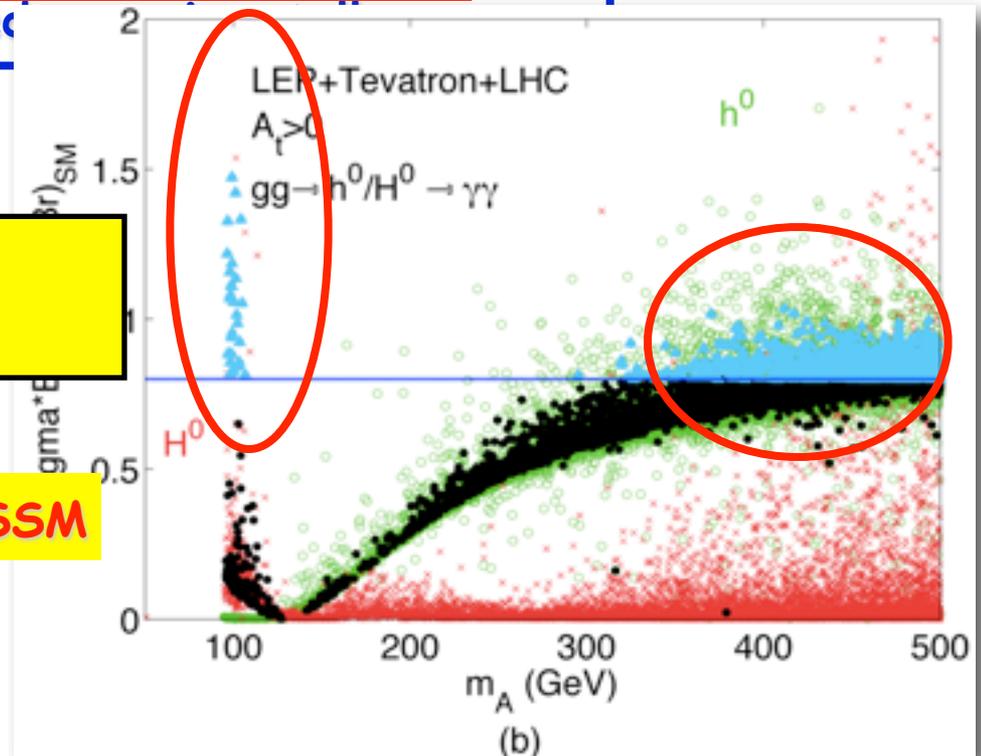
- could have
- can be probec

non-decoupling region

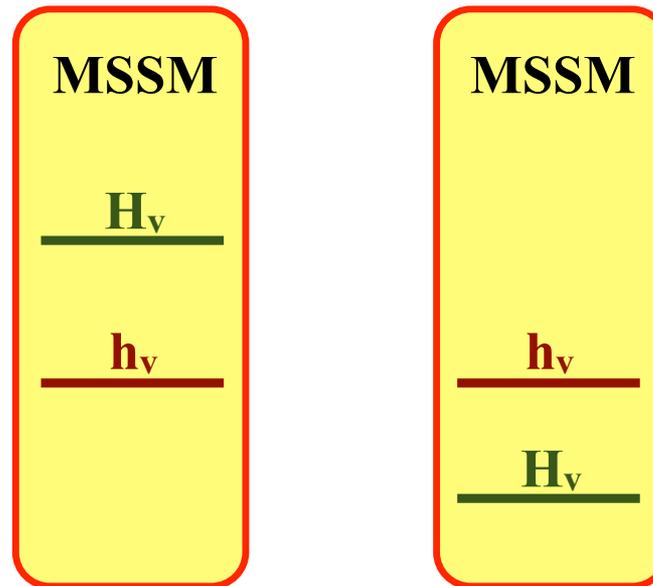
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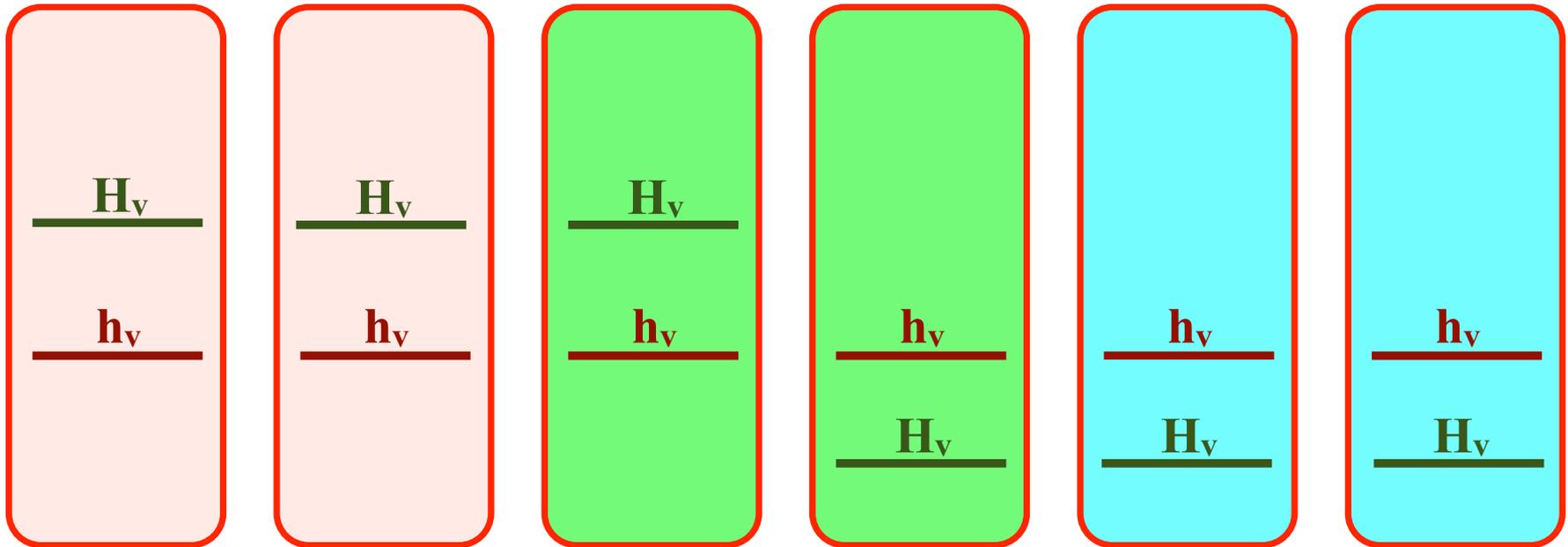
both are not necessary true in NMSSM



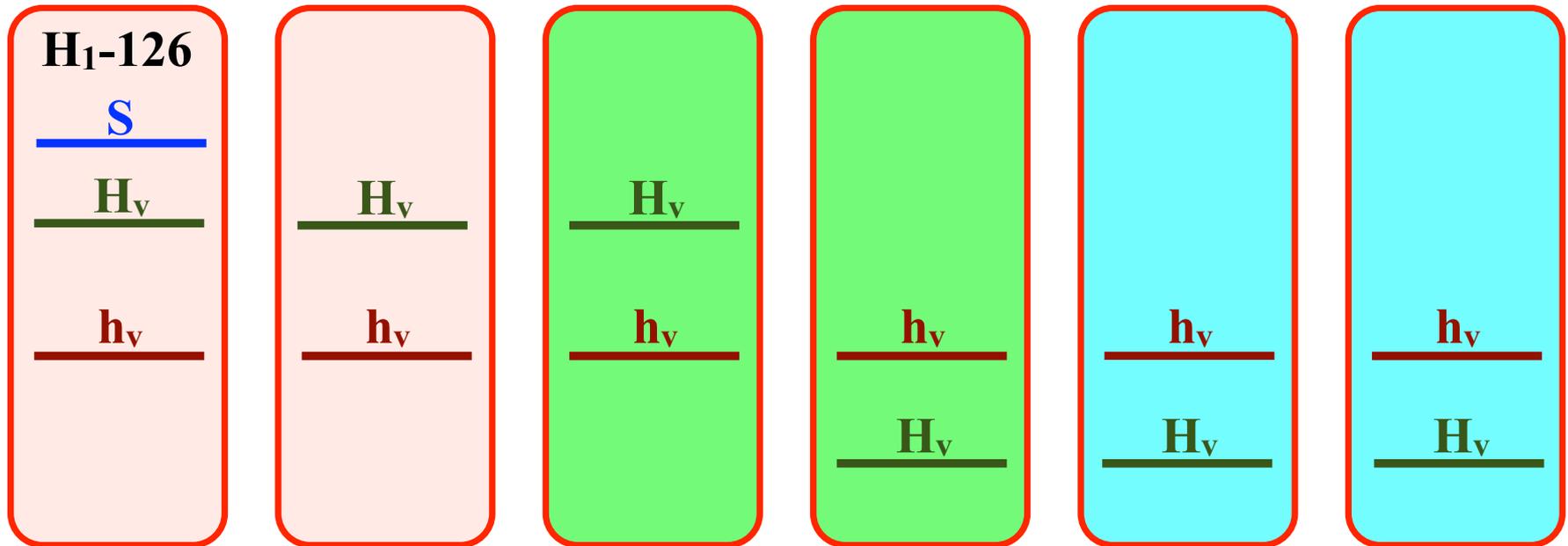
NMSSM non-decoupling cases



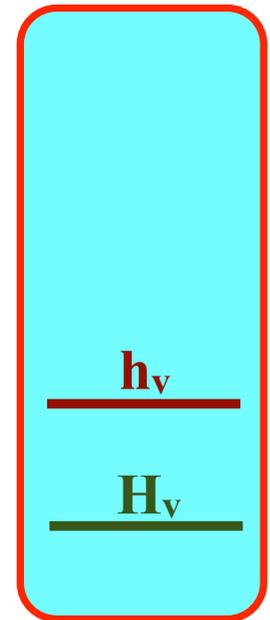
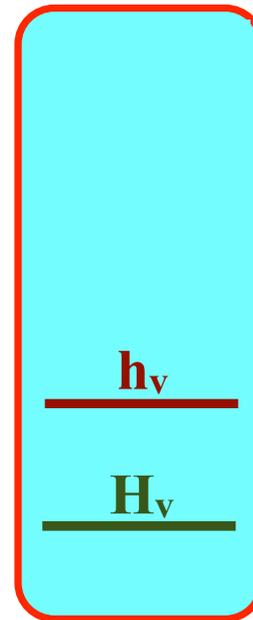
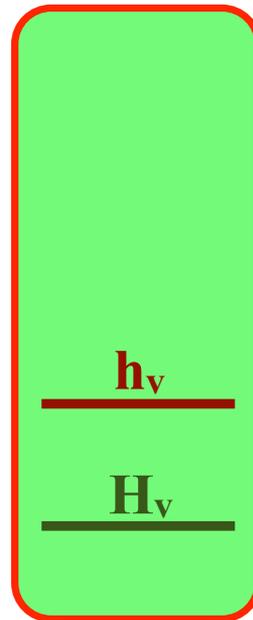
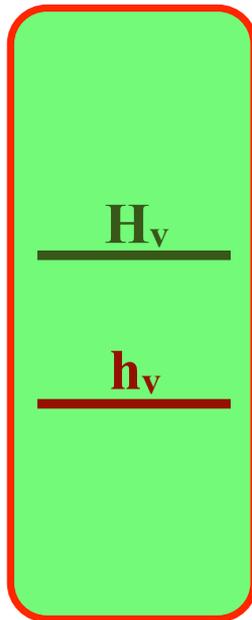
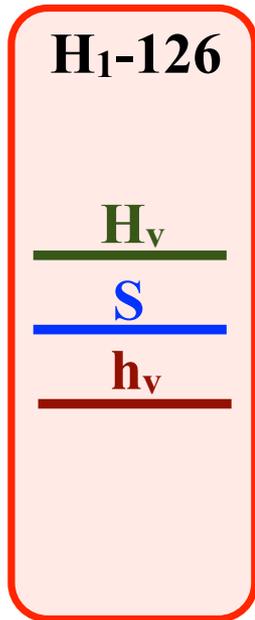
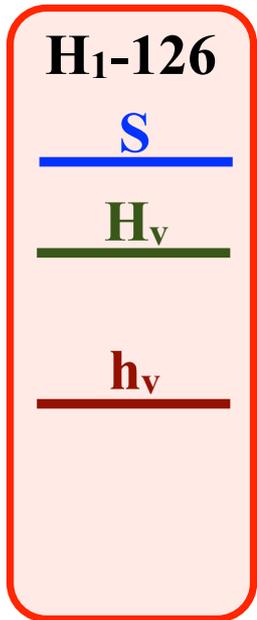
NMSSM non-decoupling cases



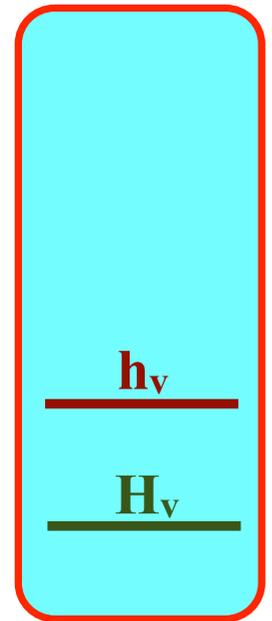
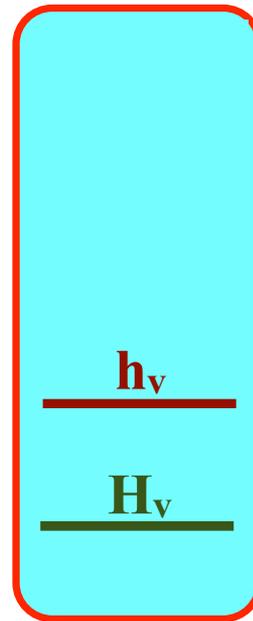
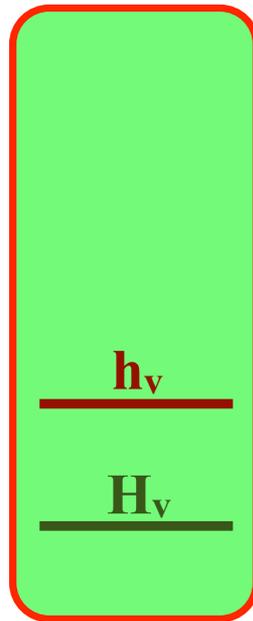
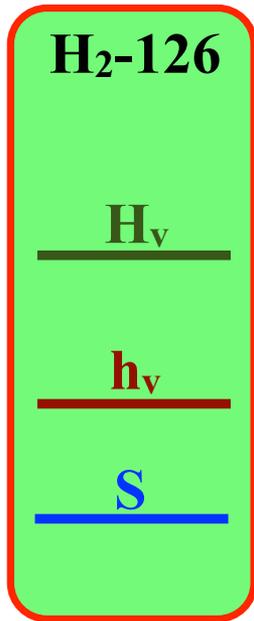
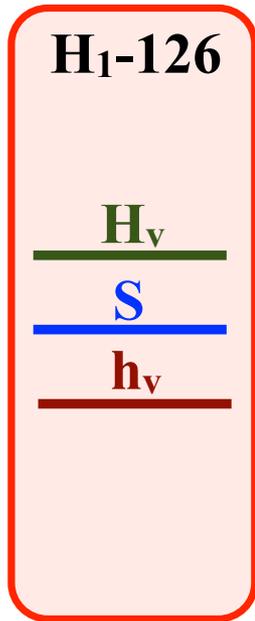
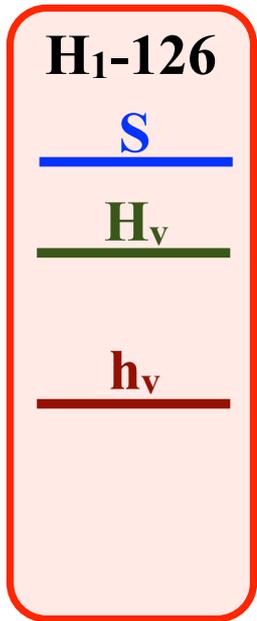
NMSSM non-decoupling cases



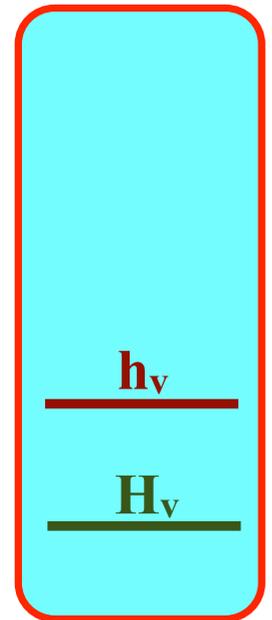
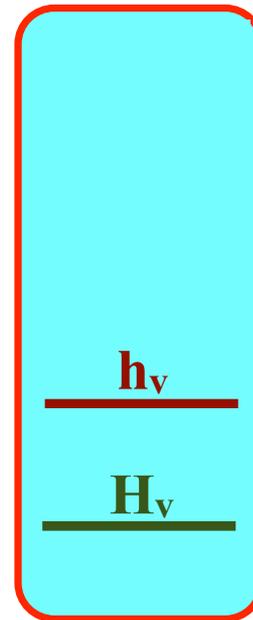
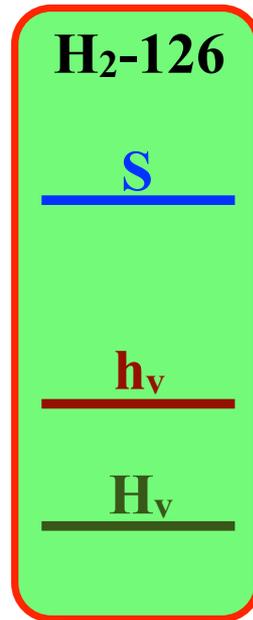
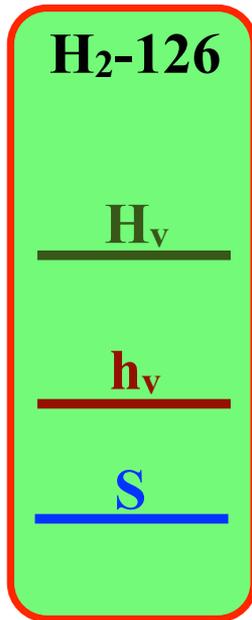
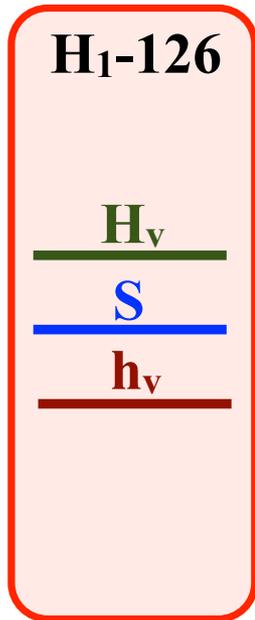
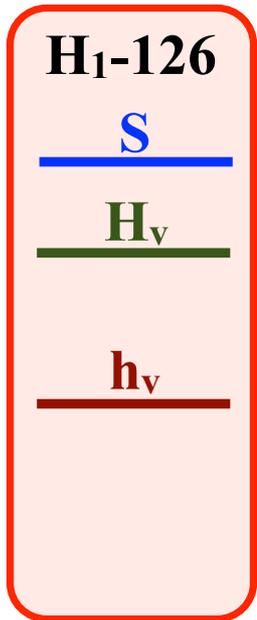
NMSSM non-decoupling cases



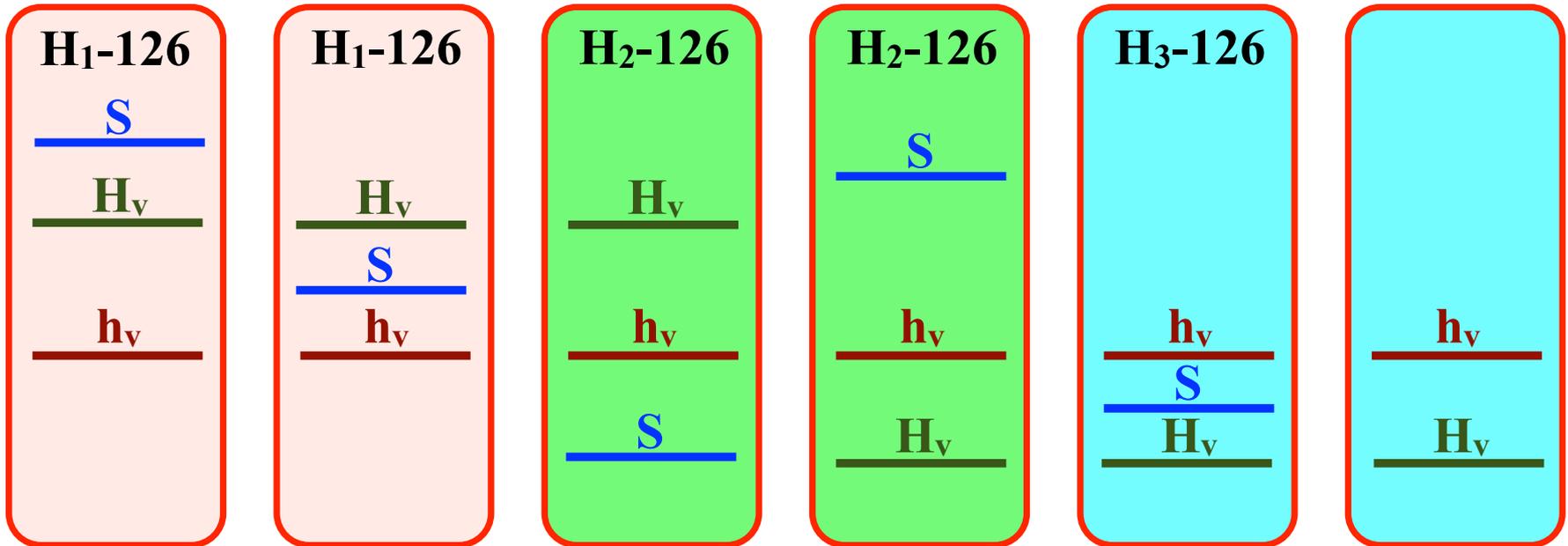
NMSSM non-decoupling cases



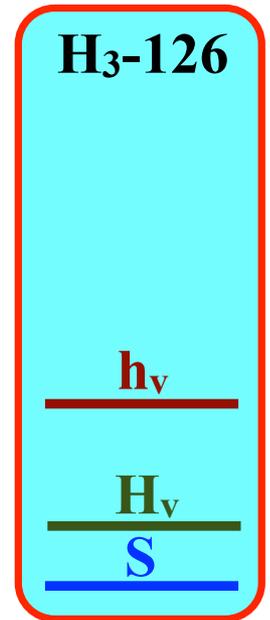
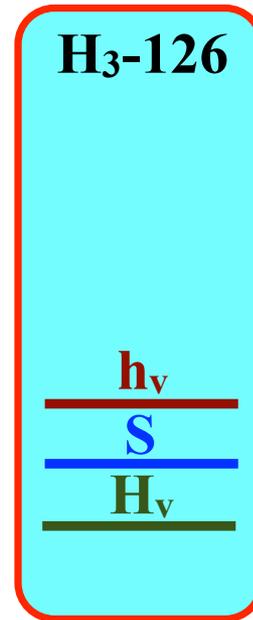
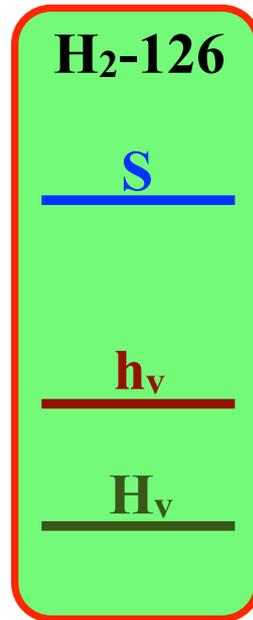
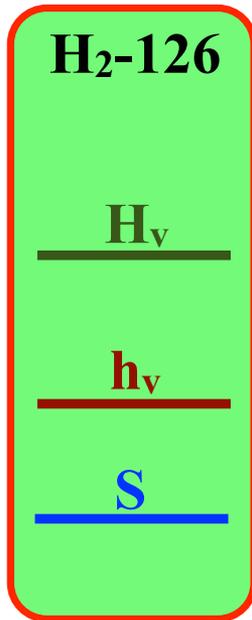
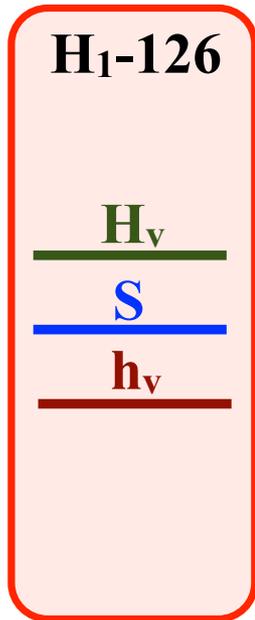
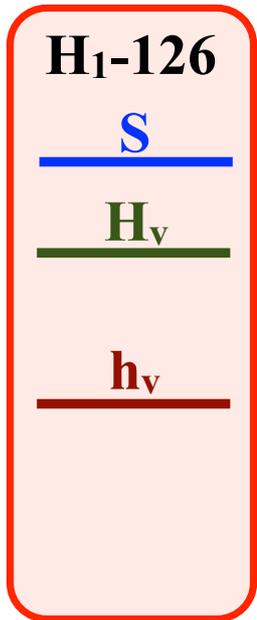
NMSSM non-decoupling cases



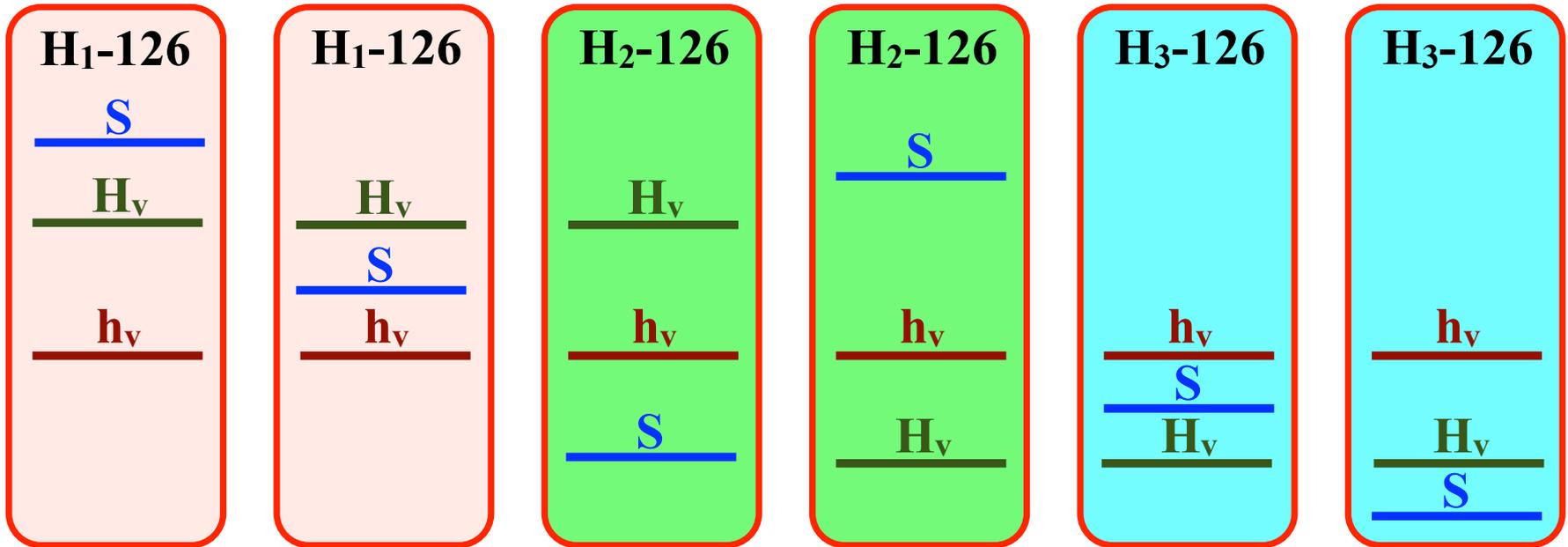
NMSSM non-decoupling cases



NMSSM non-decoupling cases

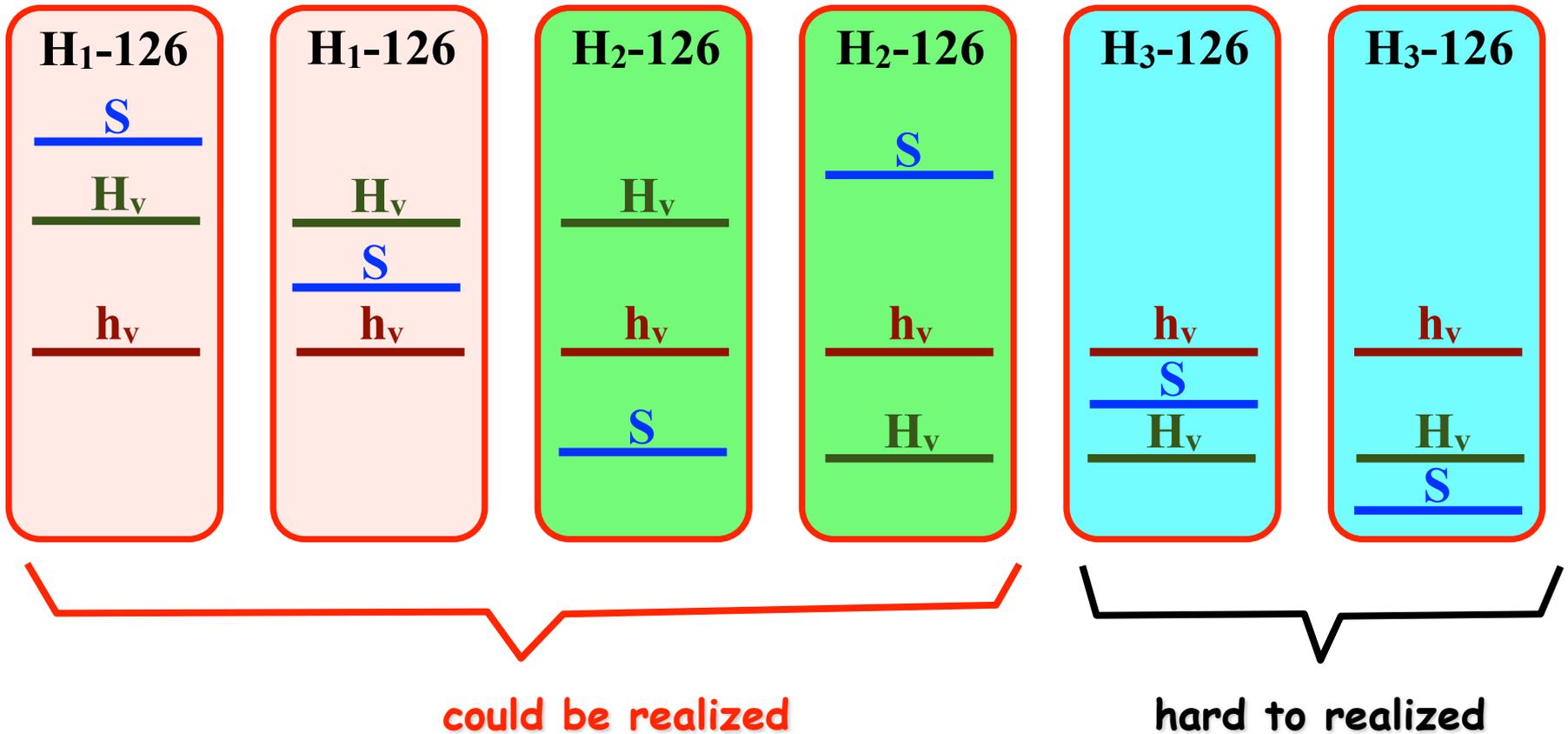


NMSSM non-decoupling cases



could be realized

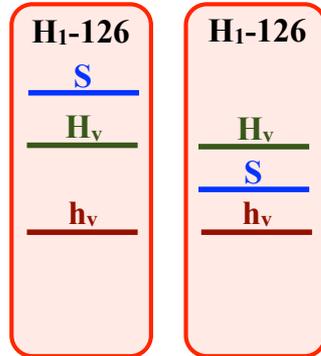
NMSSM non-decoupling cases



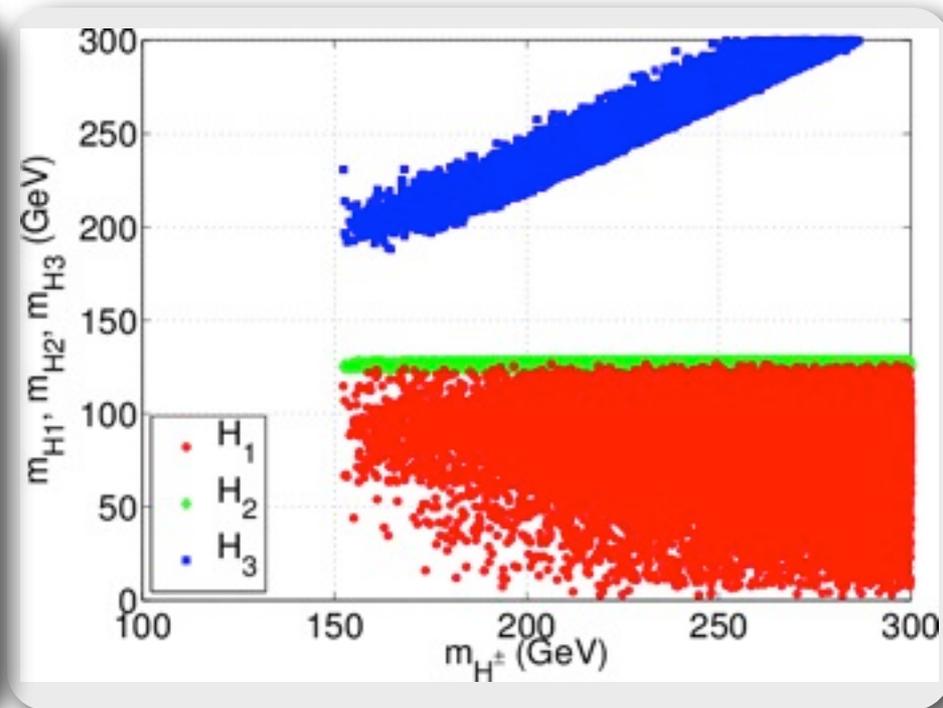
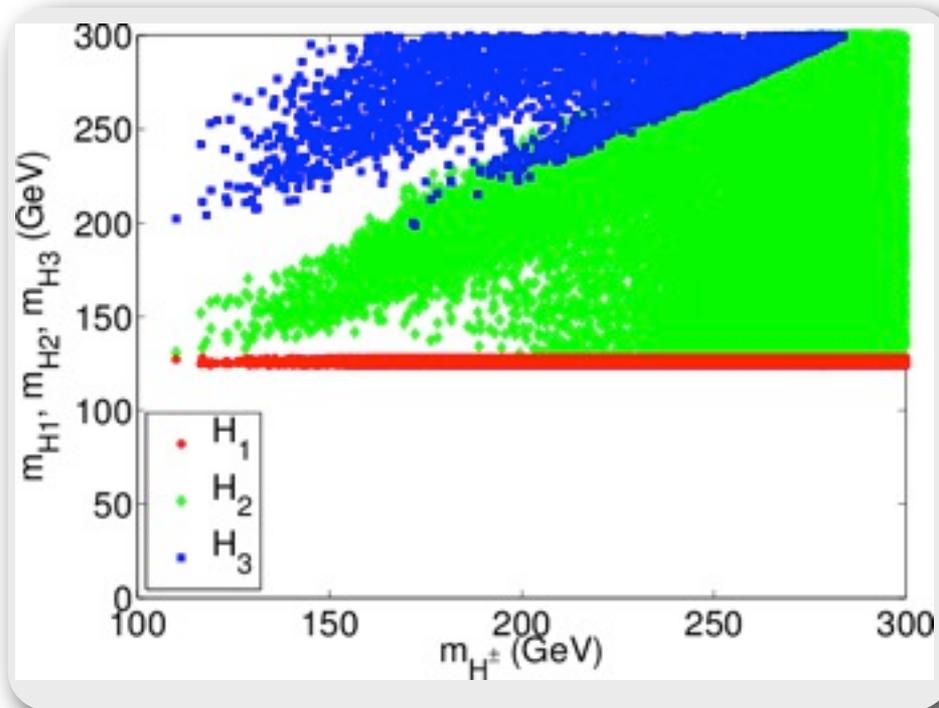
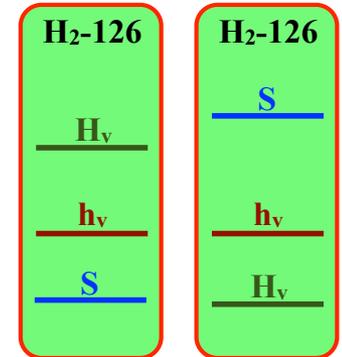
NMSSM Higgs

N. Christensen, T. Han, Z. Liu, SS (2013)

⊙ H_1 126 GeV



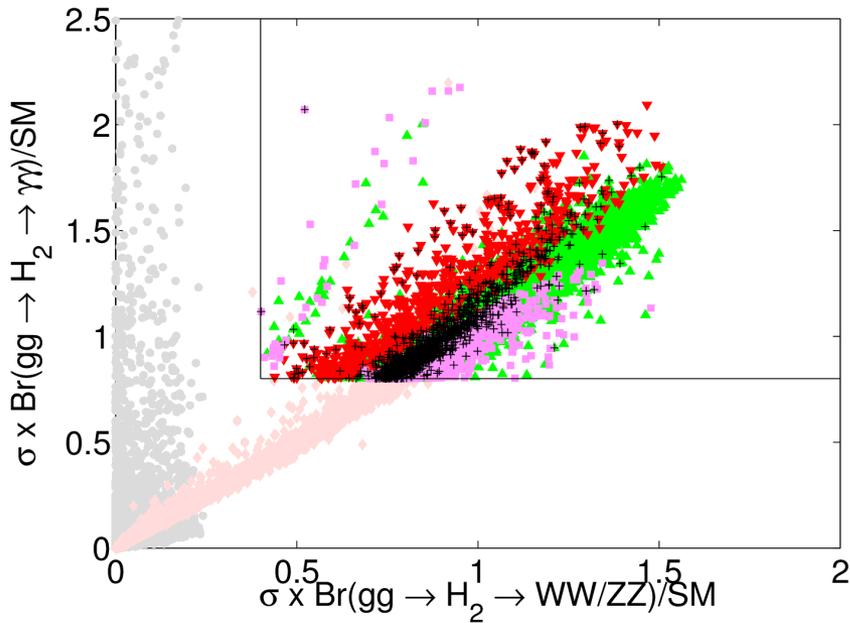
⊙ H_2 126 GeV



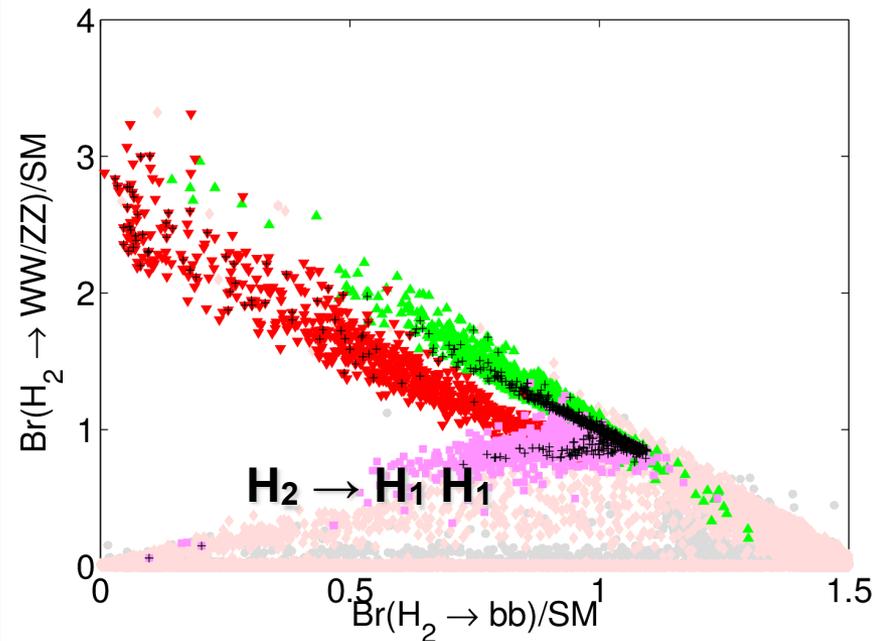
NMSSM Higgs

N. Christensen, T. Han, Z. Liu, SS (2013)

● $\sigma_{\gamma\gamma}$ VS σ_{WW}



● Br_{WW} vs Br_{bb}

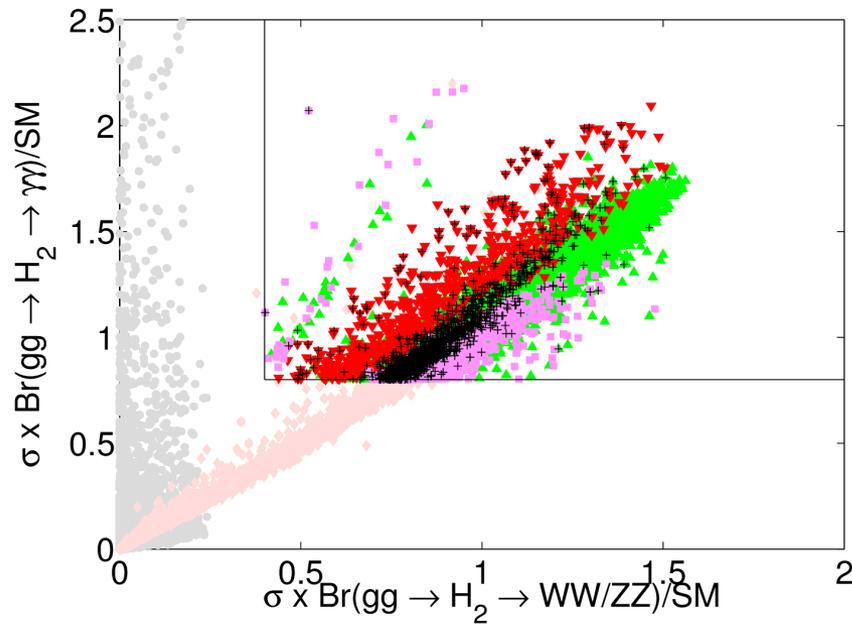


- grey: pass exp
- pink: $124 < m_{H_2} < 128$ GeV
- green, red, purple, black: satisfy $\sigma X Br(\gamma\gamma, WW)$
 - H_2 region IA, $m_{H_1} > m_{H_2}/2$, $|\xi_{H_2}^{h\nu}|^2 > 0.5$
 - H_2 region IB, $m_{H_1} > m_{H_2}/2$, $|\xi_{H_2}^{h\nu}|^2 < 0.5$
 - H_2 region II, $m_{H_1} < m_{H_2}/2$, $H_2 \rightarrow H_1 H_1$
- black: perturbativity till m_{GUT}

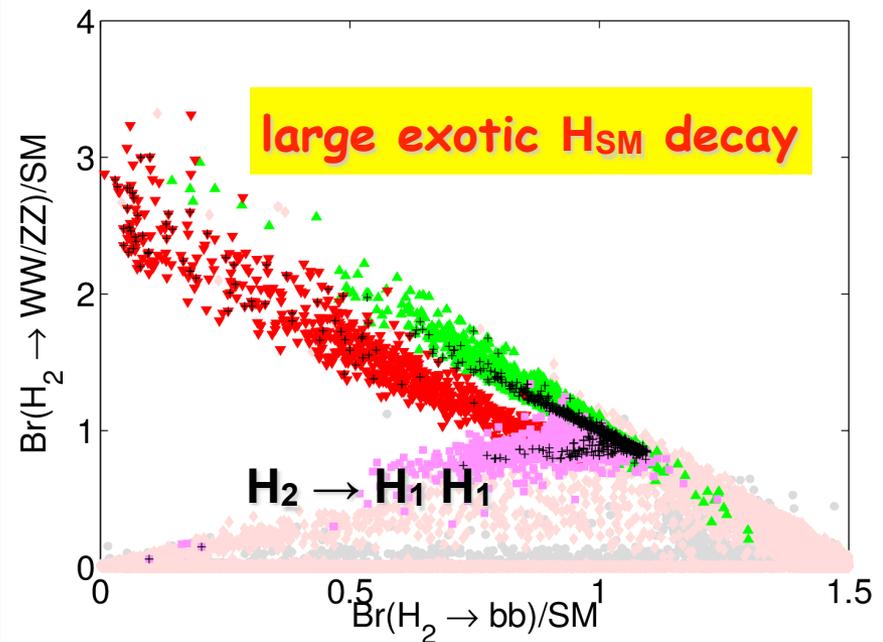
NMSSM Higgs

N. Christensen, T. Han, Z. Liu, SS (2013)

● $\sigma_{\gamma\gamma}$ VS σ_{WW}



● Br_{WW} vs Br_{bb}



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Generic 2HDM

$$V(\Phi_1, \Phi_2) = m_{11}^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 + m_{22}^2 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 - (m_{12}^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + \text{h.c.}) + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_1 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_2 (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 + \lambda_3 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1) (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2) \\ + \lambda_4 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2) (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1) + \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \lambda_5 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 + \text{h.c.} \right\} + \left\{ \lambda_6 \left[(\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1) + \lambda_7 (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2) \right] (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2) + \text{h.c.} \right\}$$

after EWSB, 5 physical Higgses

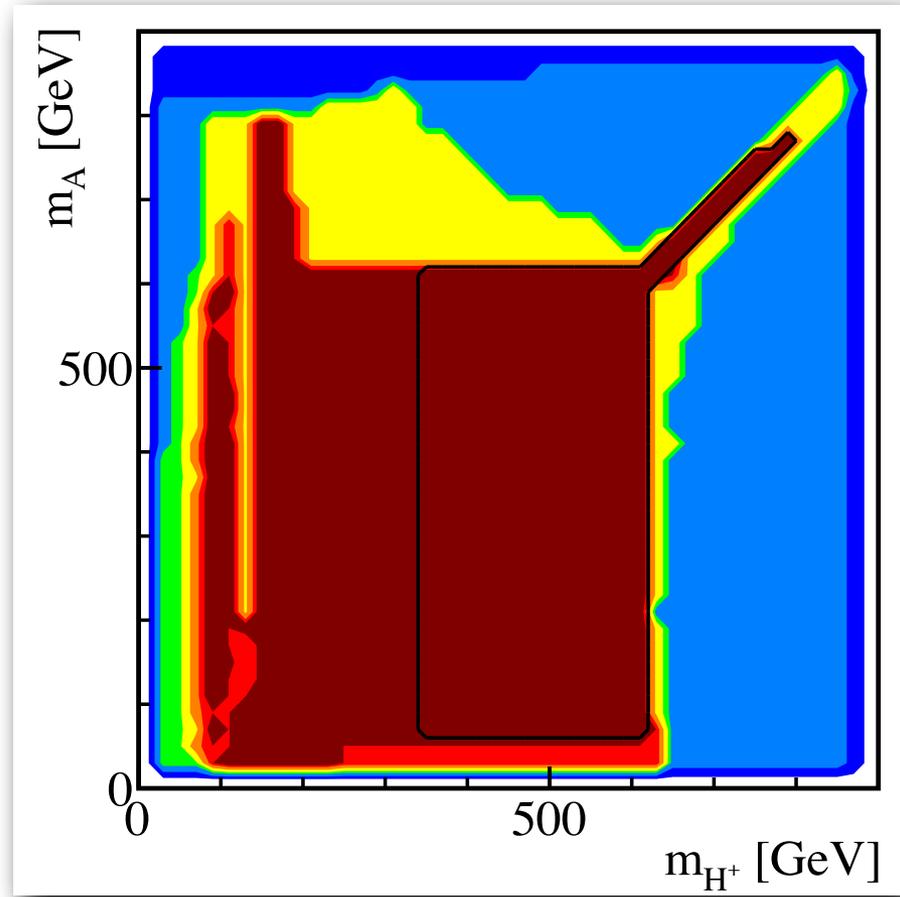
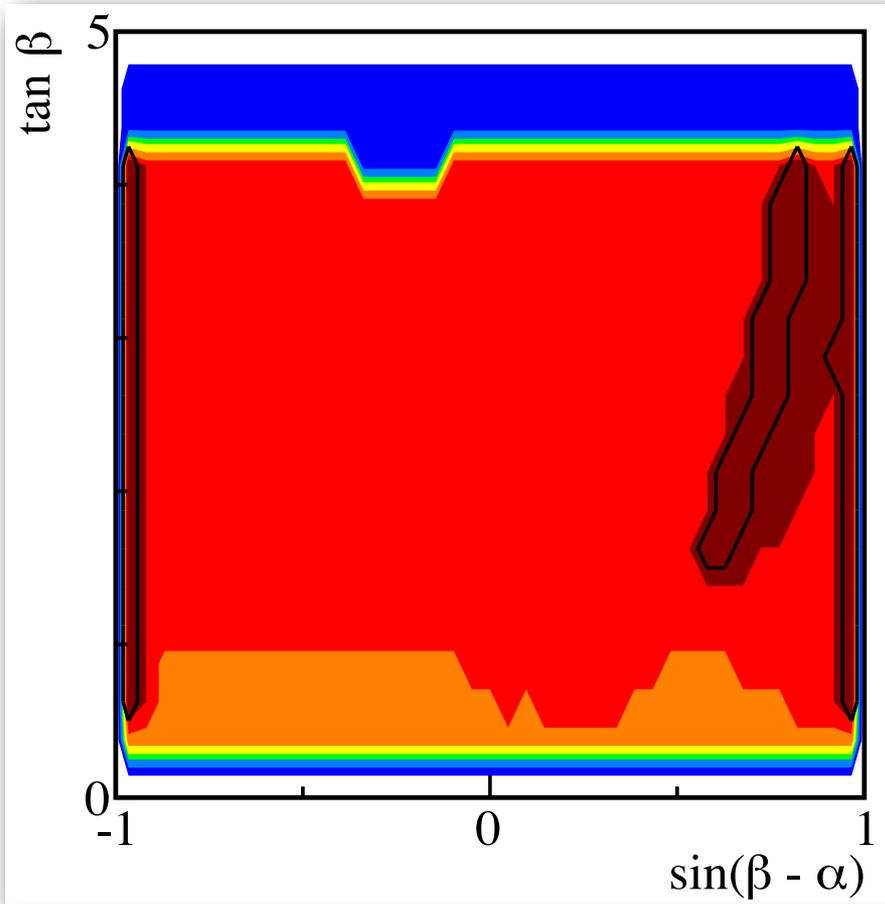
CP-even Higgses: h^0, H^0

CP-odd Higgs: A^0

Charged Higgses: H^\pm

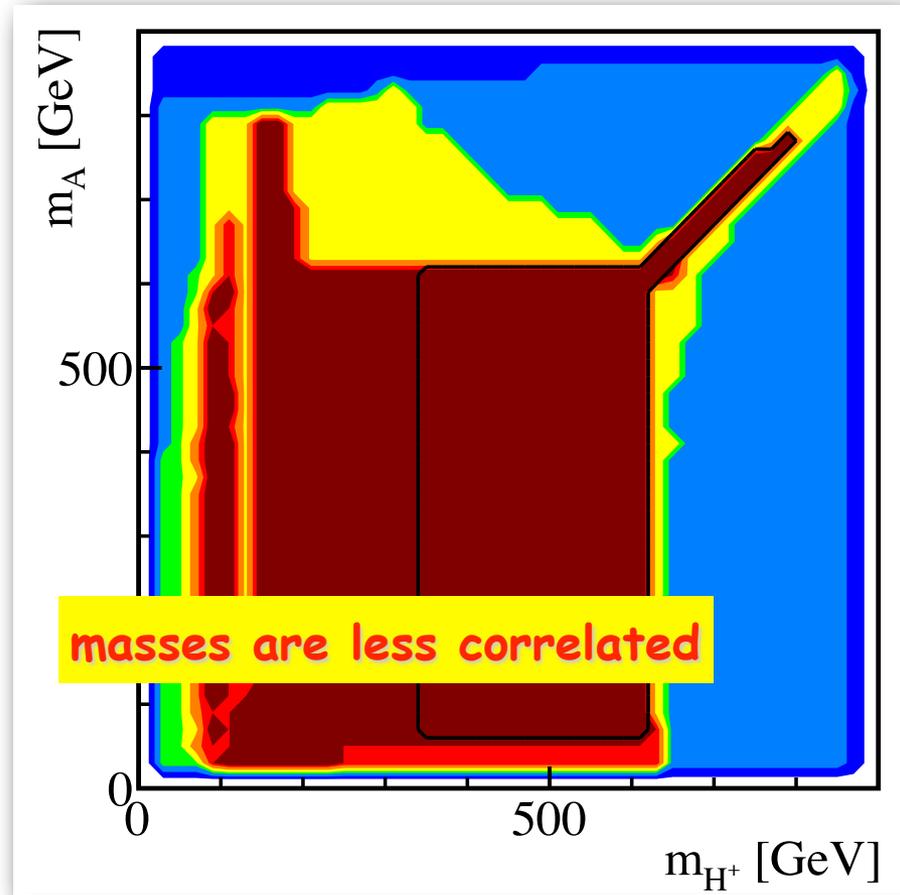
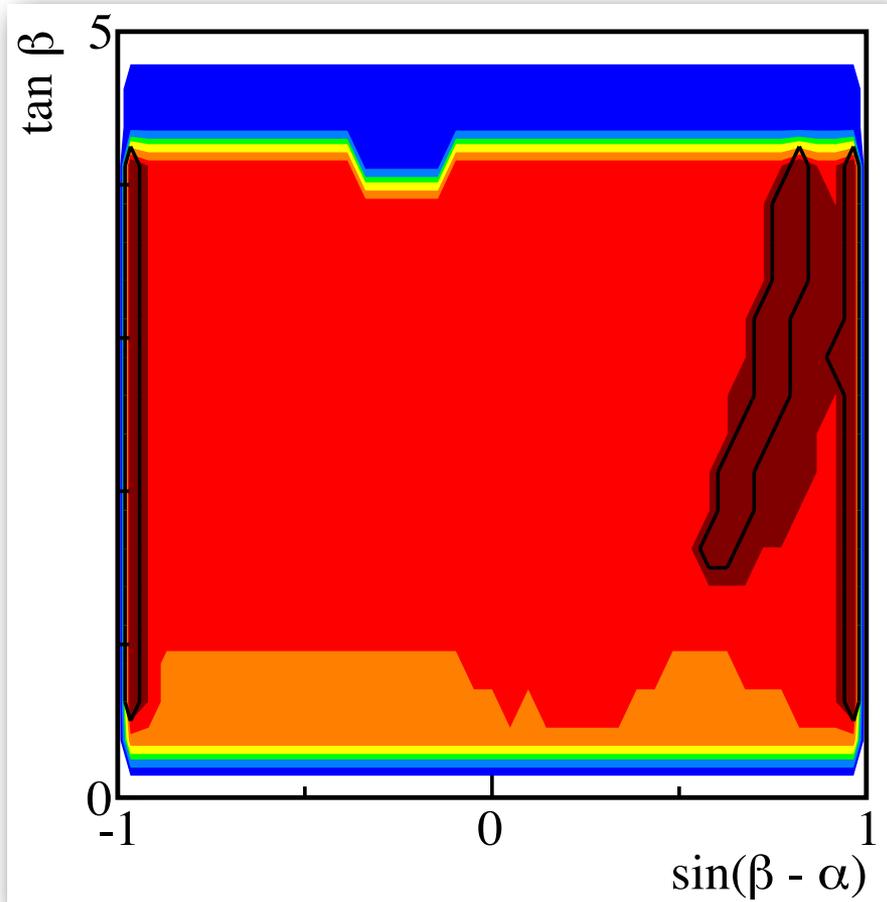
h^0 126 GeV

B. Coleppa, F. Kling and SS (2013)



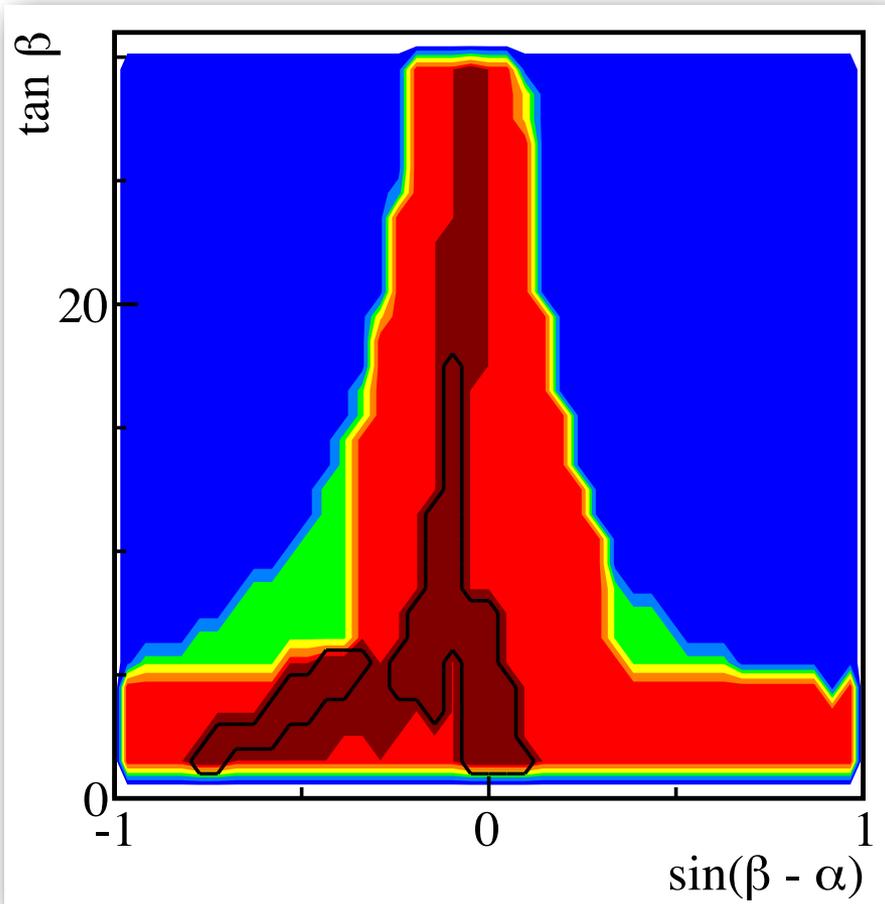
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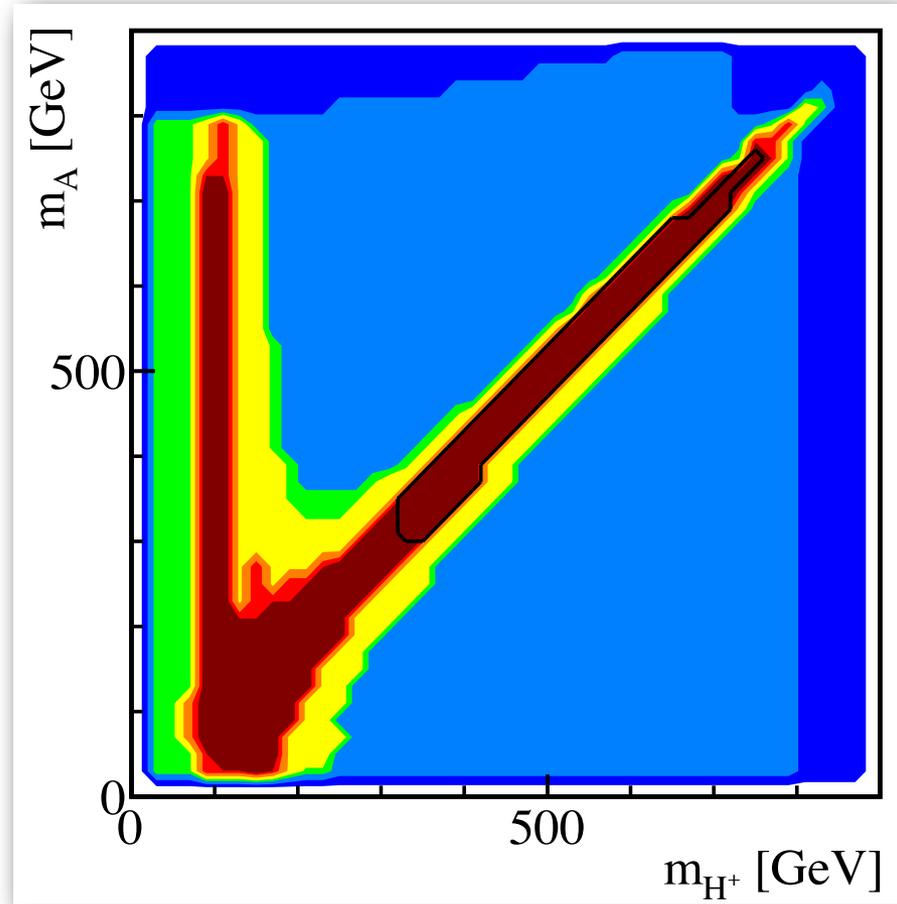


h^0 126 GeV

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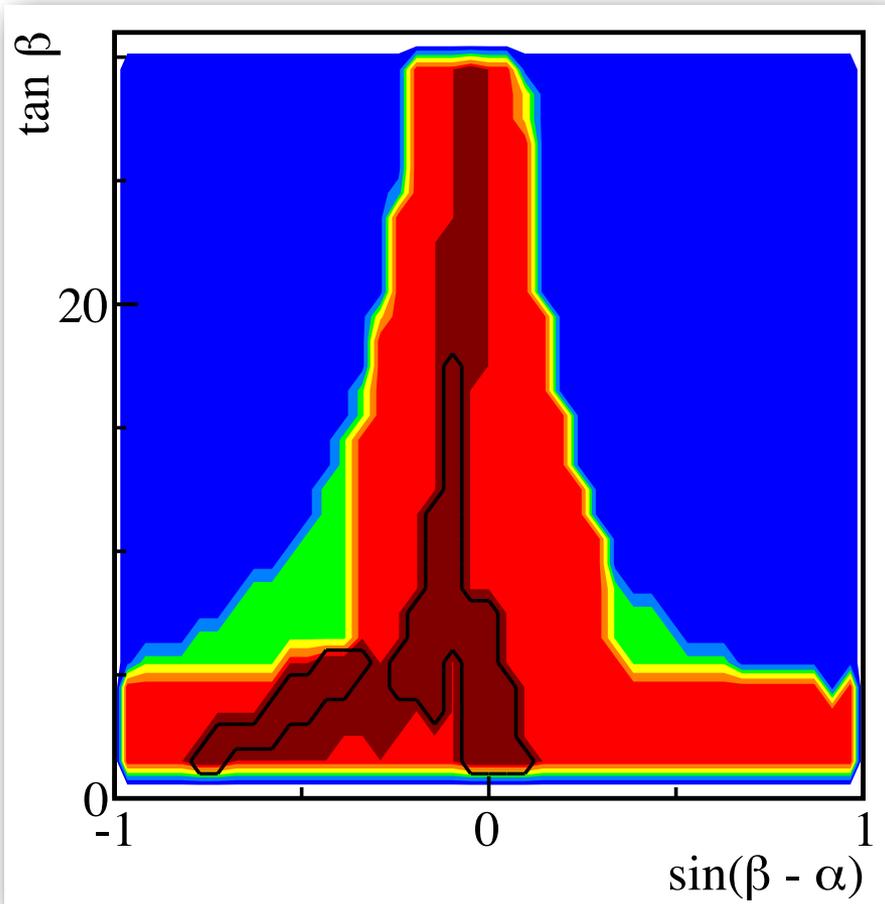
S. Su



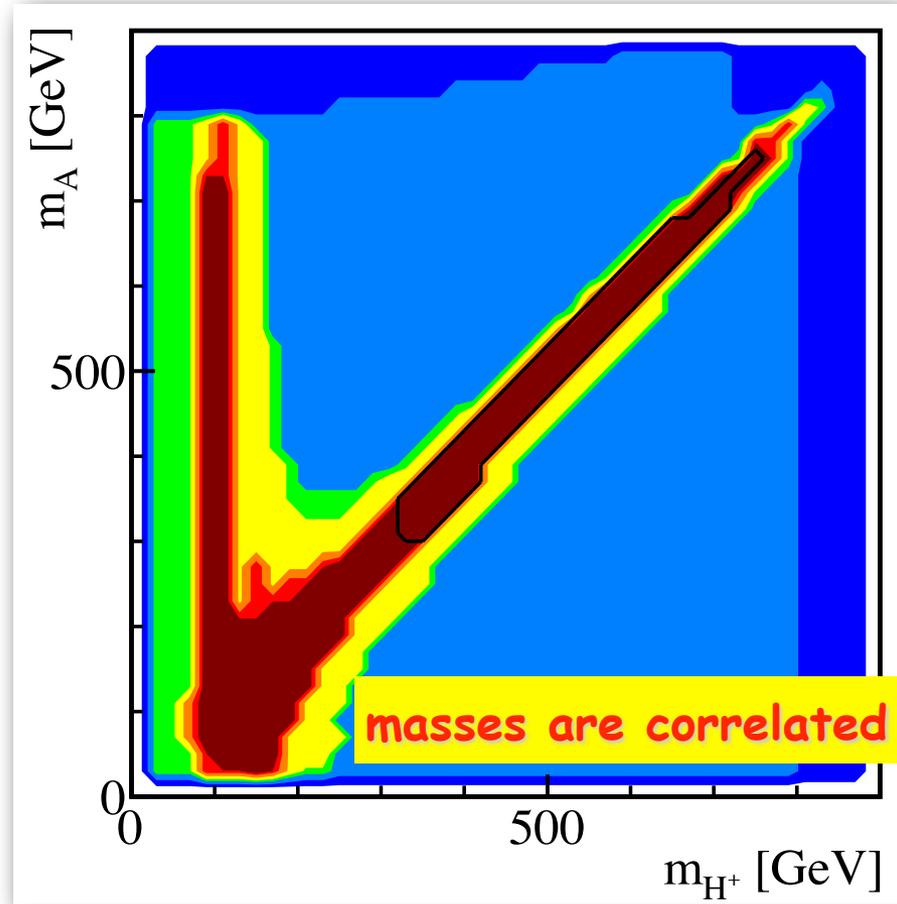
28

h^0 126 GeV

B. Coleppa, F. Kling and SS (2013)



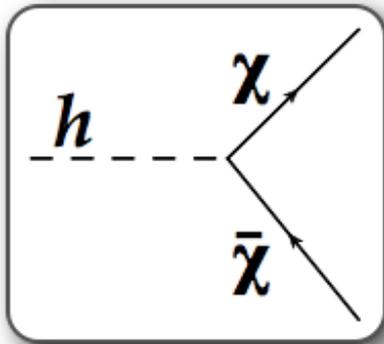
S. Su



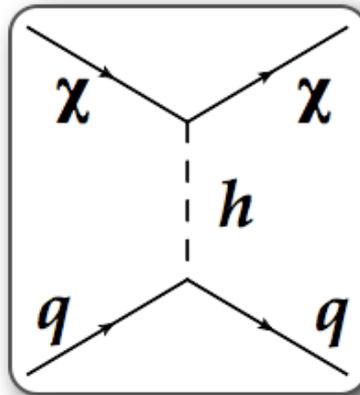
28

Connection to Cosmo

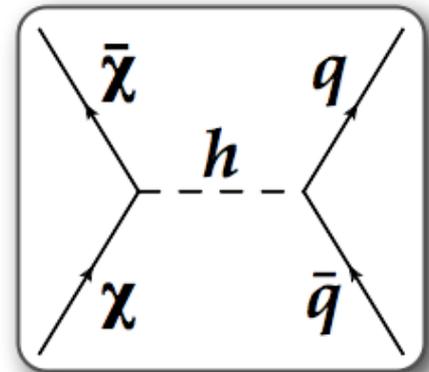
Higgs portal



invisible Higgs decay



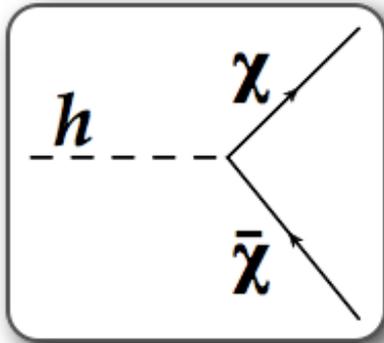
direct detection



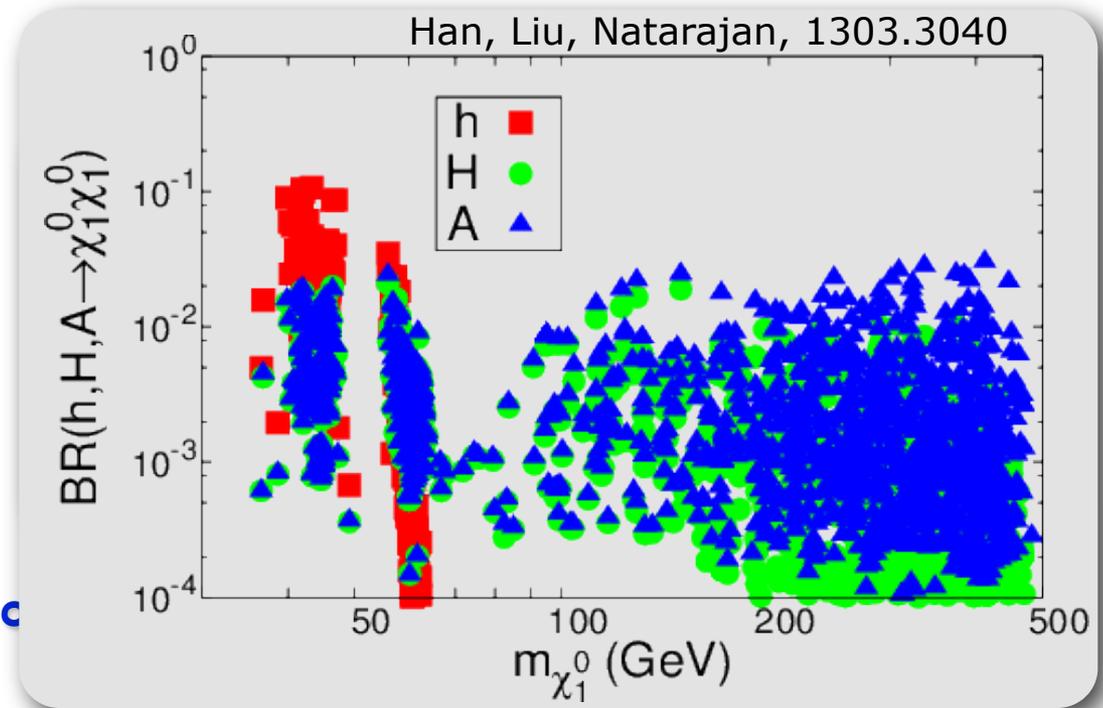
relic density
indirect detection

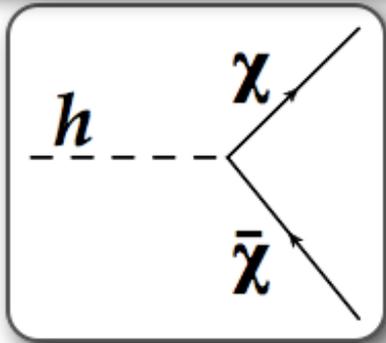
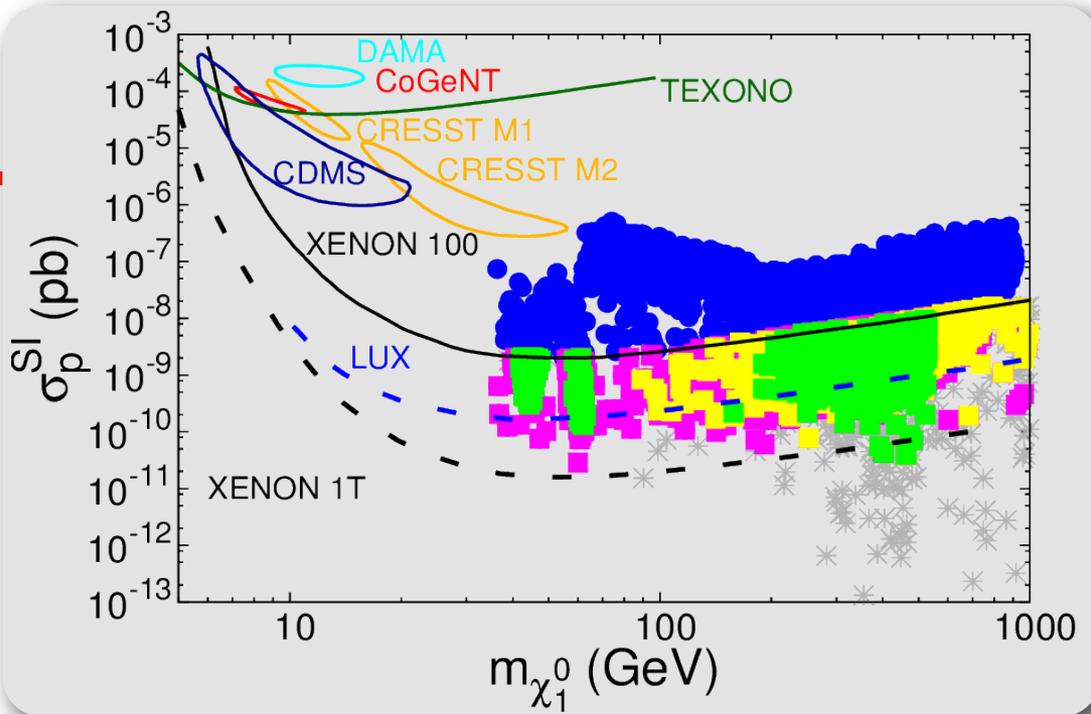
Connection to Cosmo

Higgs portal

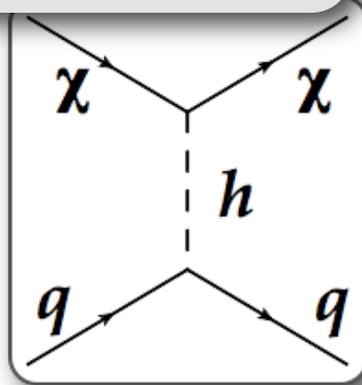


invisible Higgs decay

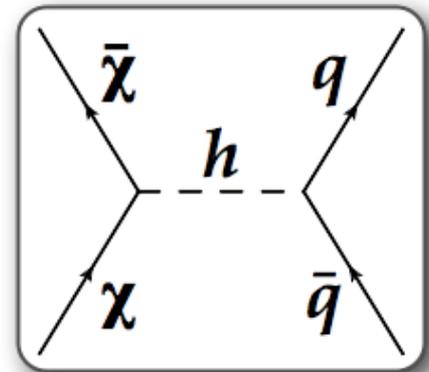




invisible Higgs decay



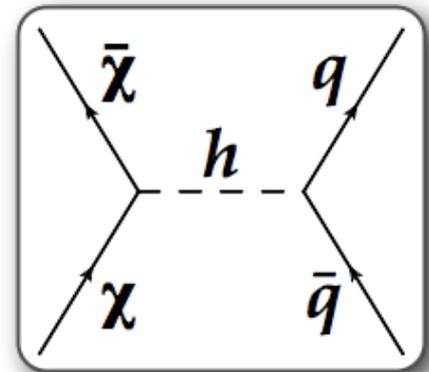
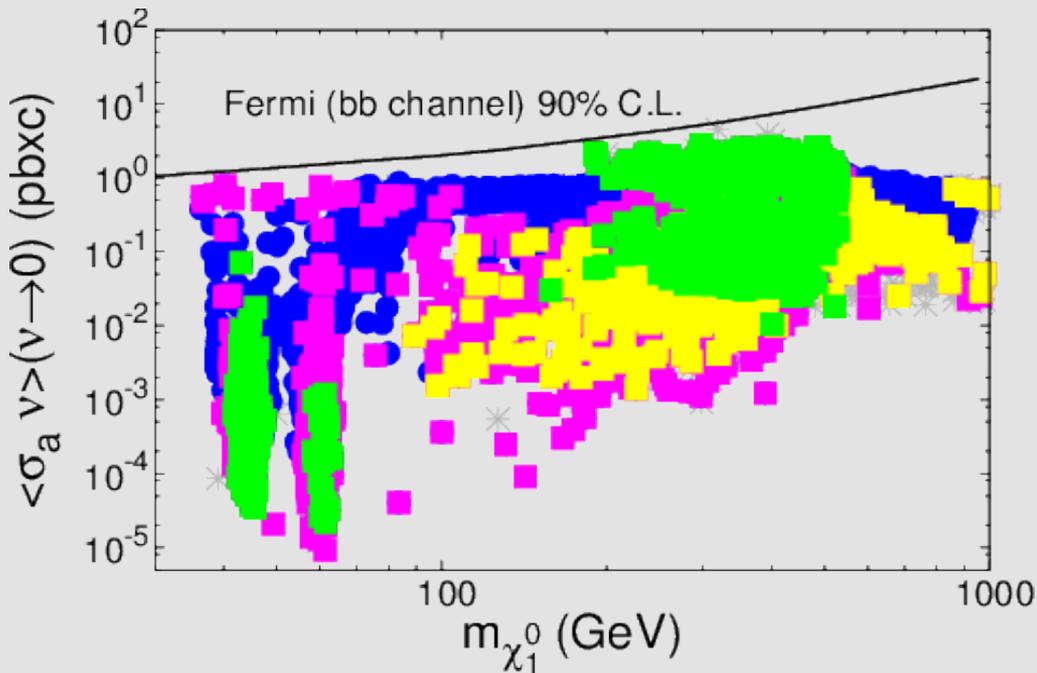
direct detection



relic density
indirect detection

Connection to Cosmo

Higgs portal



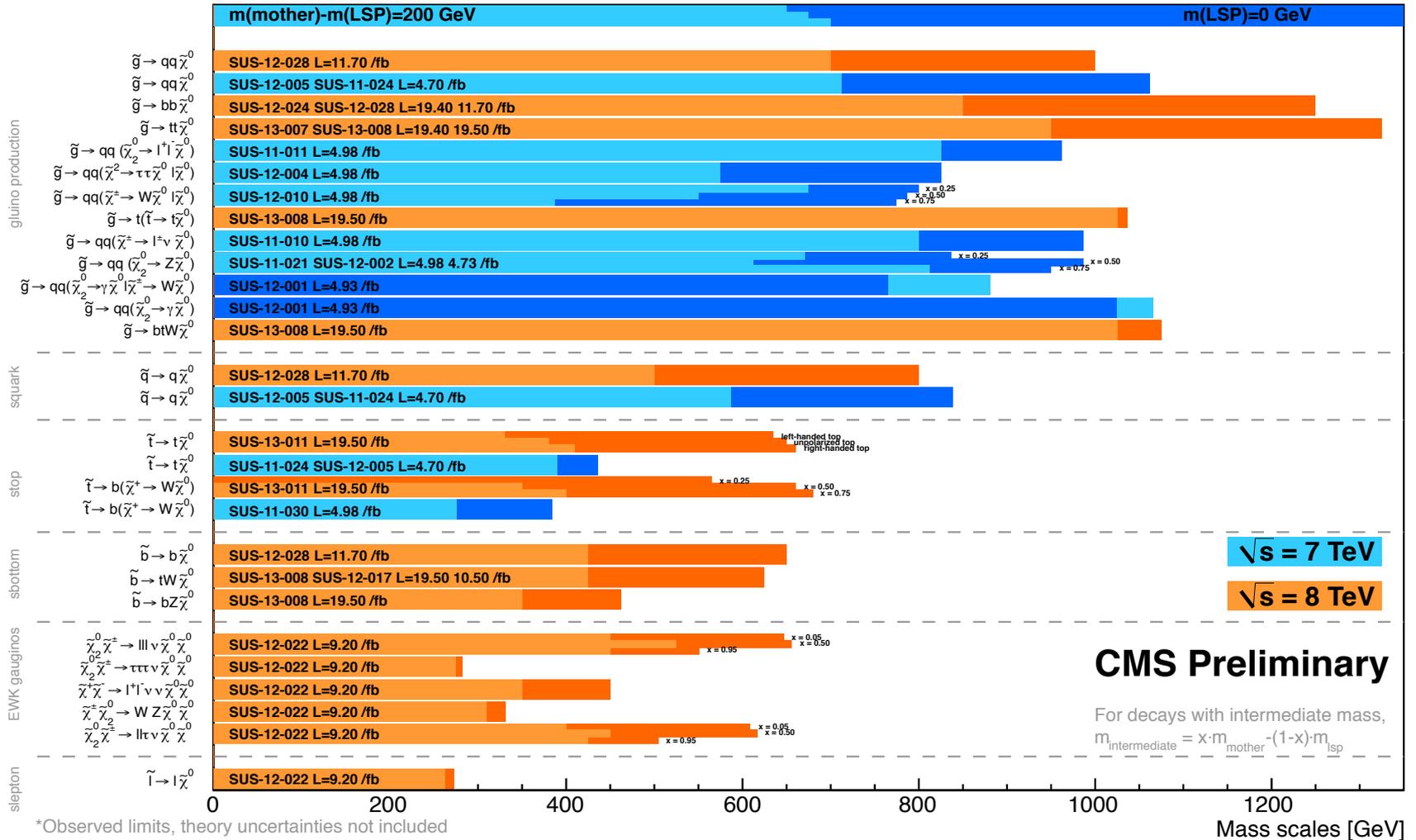
relic density
indirect detection

II. Higgs assisted new physics search



LHC SUSY Search limits (CMS)

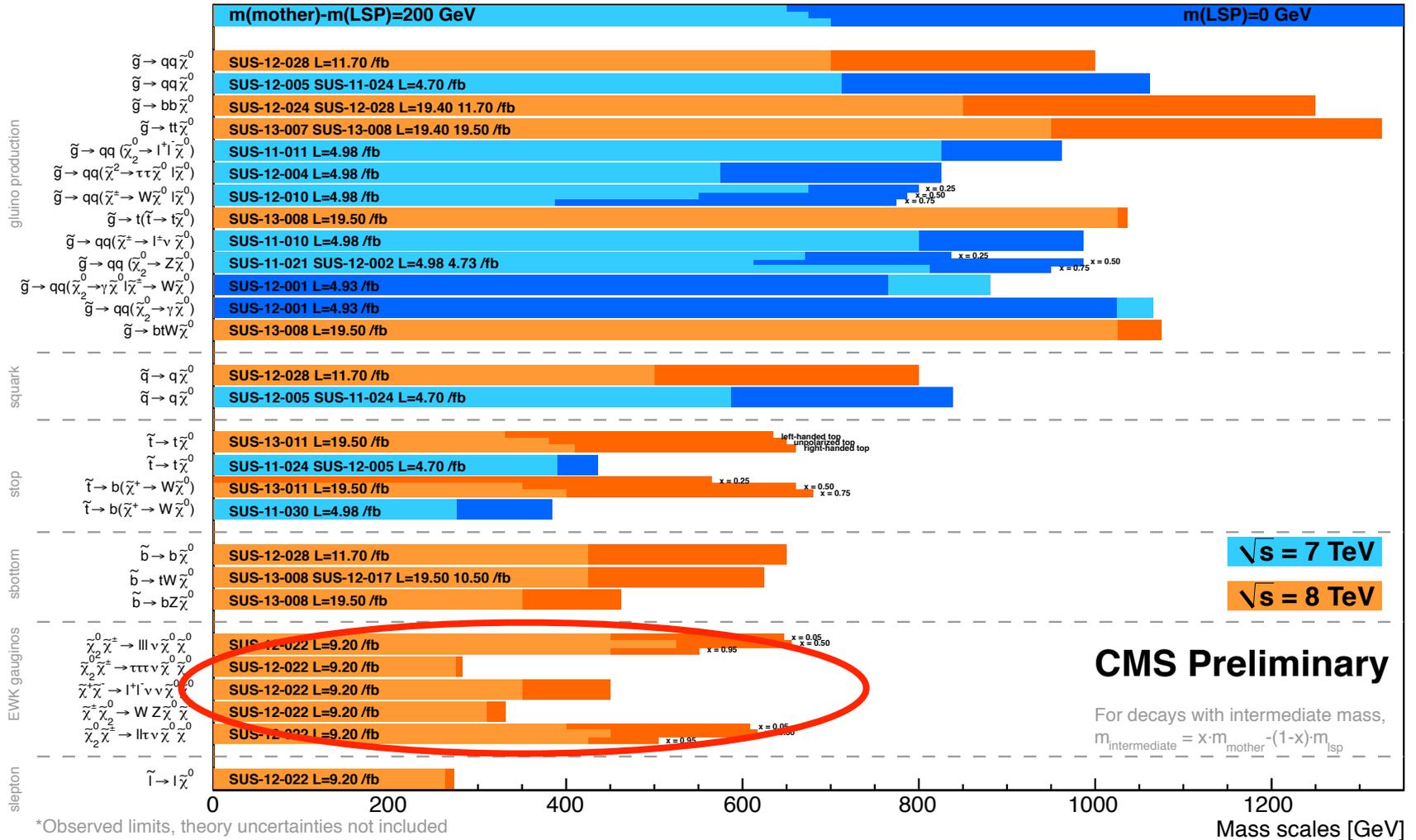
Summary of CMS SUSY Results* in SMS framework LHCP 2013



*Observed limits, theory uncertainties not included
 Only a selection of available mass limits
 Probe *up to* the quoted mass limit

LHC SUSY Search limits (CMS)

Summary of CMS SUSY Results* in SMS framework LHCP 2013

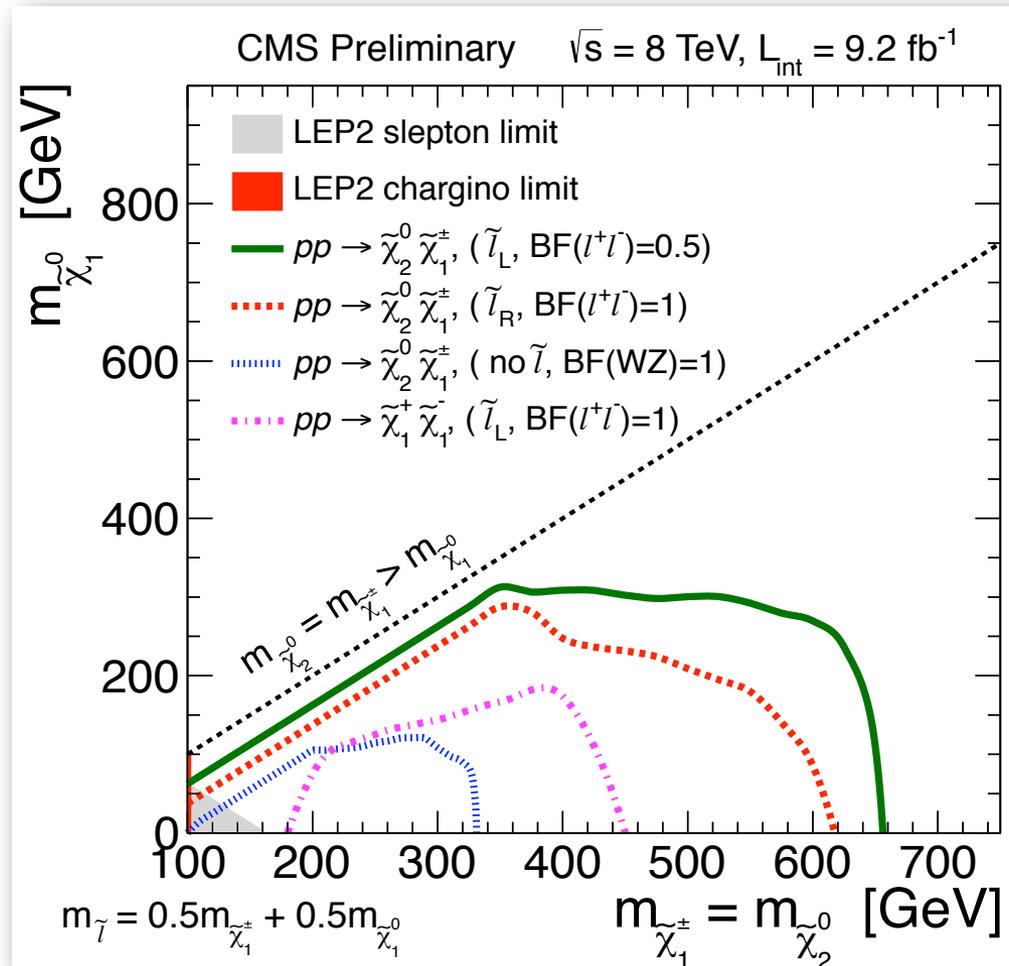


*Observed limits, theory uncertainties not included
 Only a selection of available mass limits
 Probe *up to* the quoted mass limit

CMS limits

dilepton/trilepton + MET

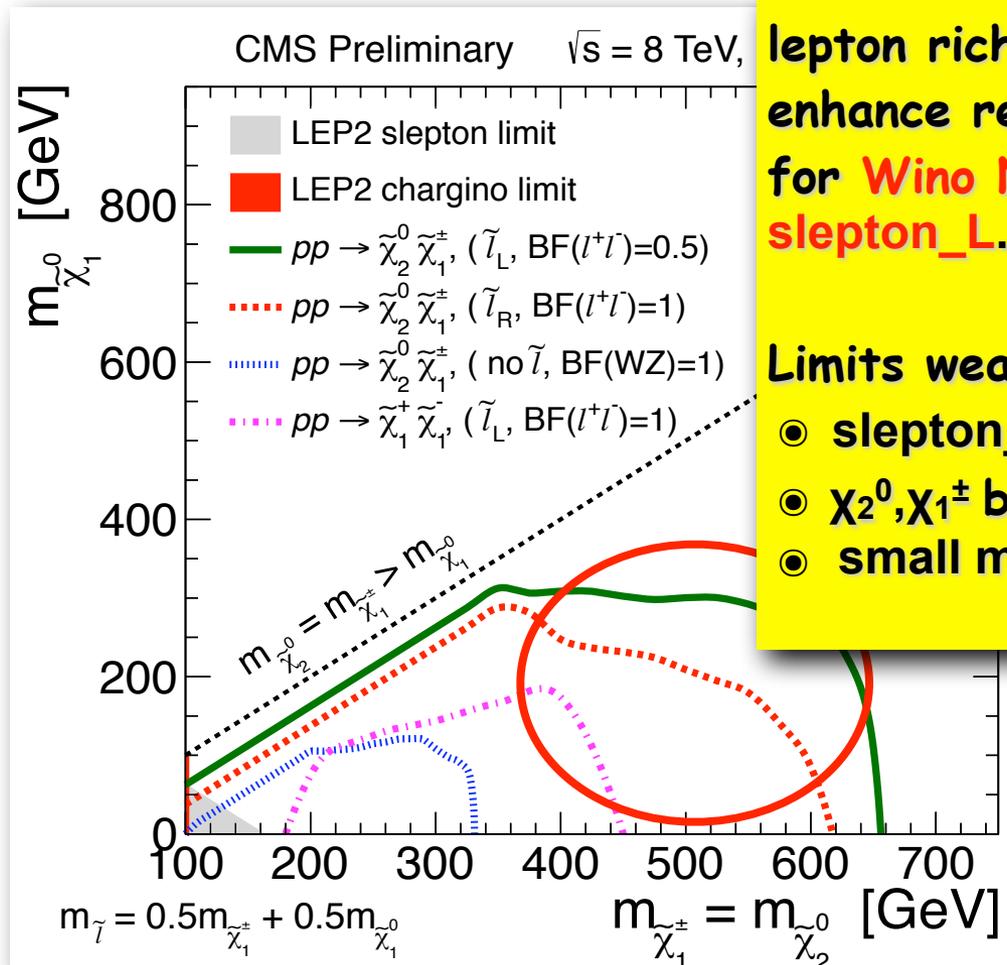
CMS PAS SUS-12-022



CMS limits

dilepton/trilepton + MET

CMS PAS SUS-12-022



lepton rich final states to enhance reach: only works for **Wino NLSP** with light **slepton_L**.

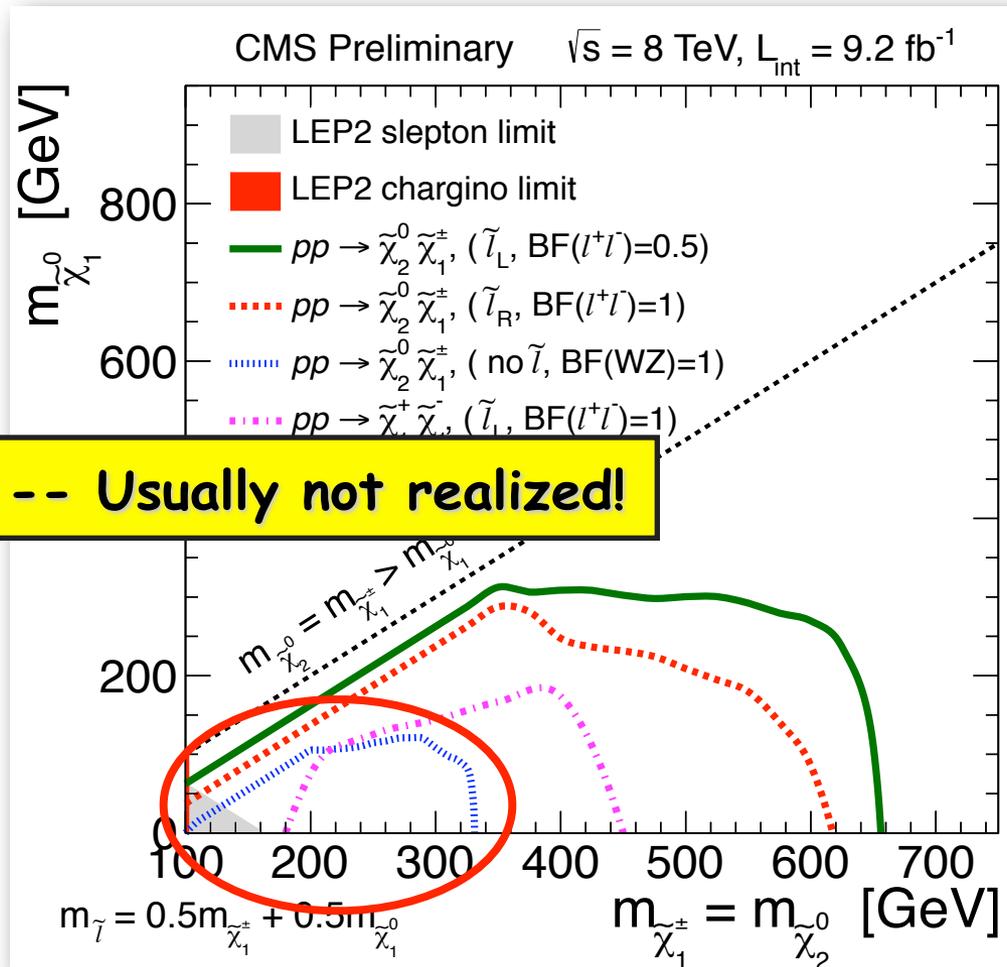
Limits weaker for

- slepton_L heavy
- χ_2^0, χ_{1^\pm} being Higgsinos
- small $m_{\chi_{1^\pm}} - m_{\chi_{10}}$

CMS limits

dilepton/trilepton + MET

CMS PAS SUS-12-022



MSSM EW-ino sector 101

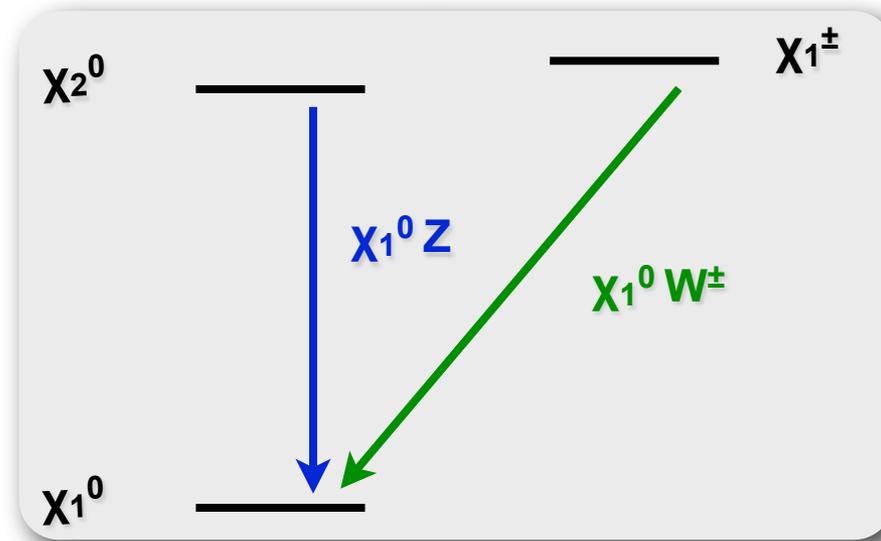
- ◎ **Gauginos and Higgsinos**

- Neutral ones: Bino, Wino, \tilde{H}_u^0 , \tilde{H}_d^0
- charged ones: Winos, \tilde{H}_u^+ , \tilde{H}_d^-

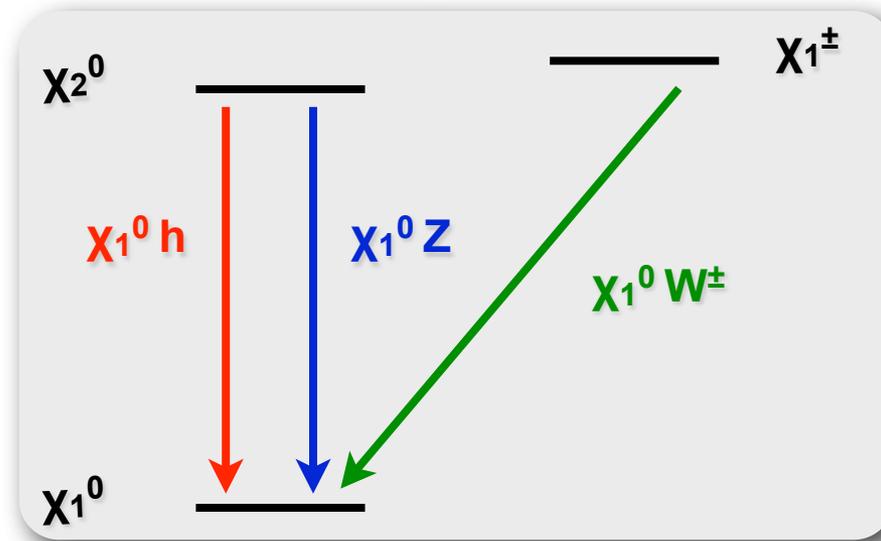
- ◎ **Parameters: M_1 , M_2 , μ , $\tan\beta$**

- ◎ **Neutralinos and charginos**

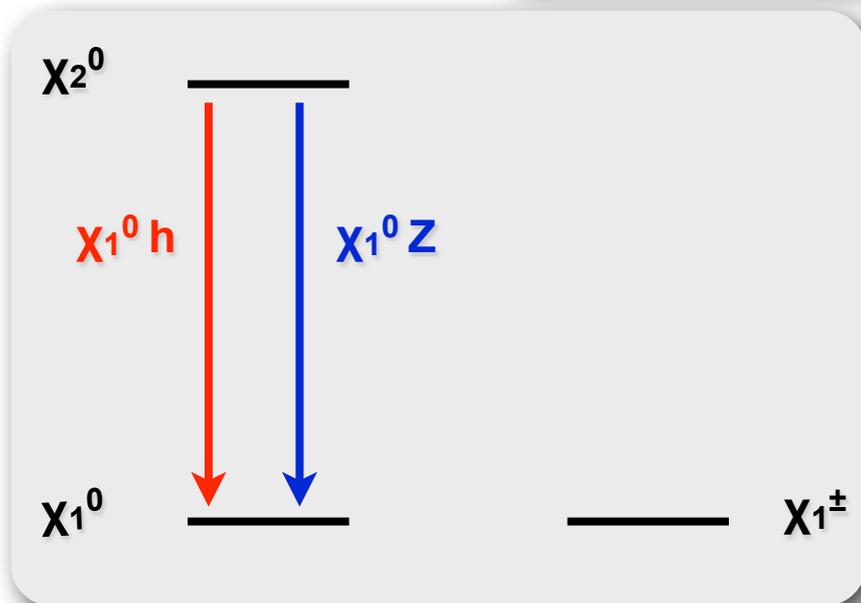
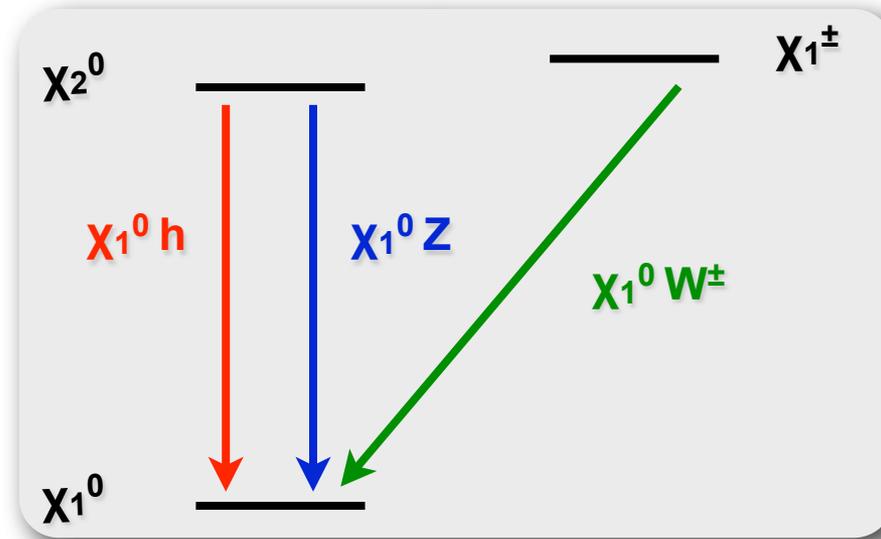
Decay of heavy neutralino and chargino



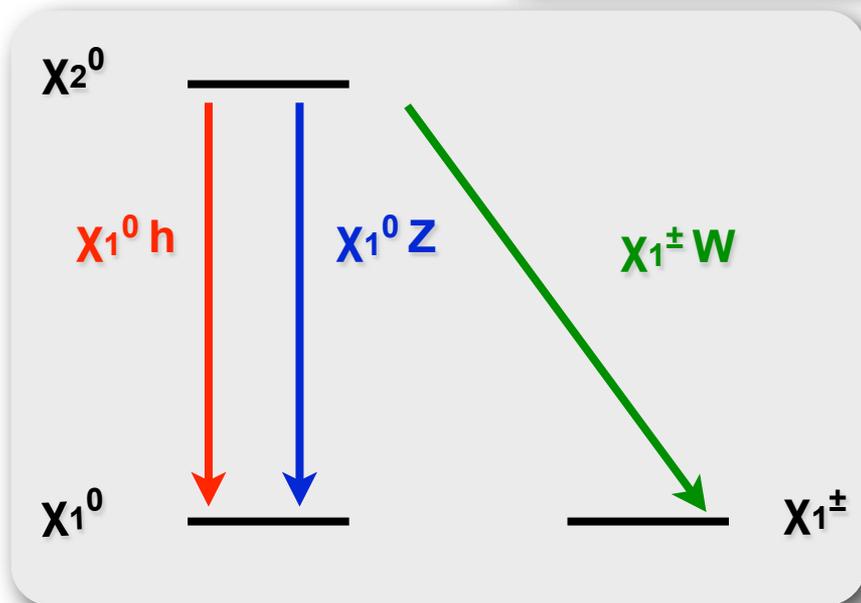
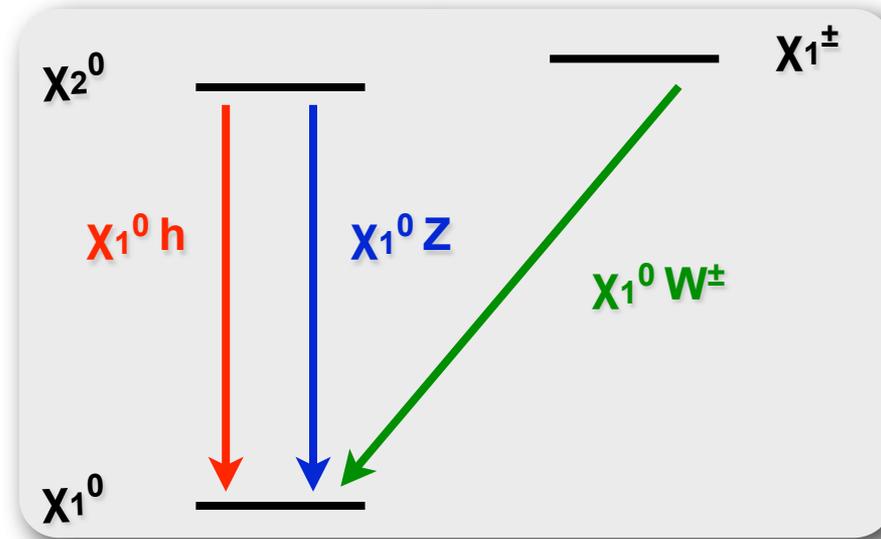
Decay of heavy neutralino and chargino



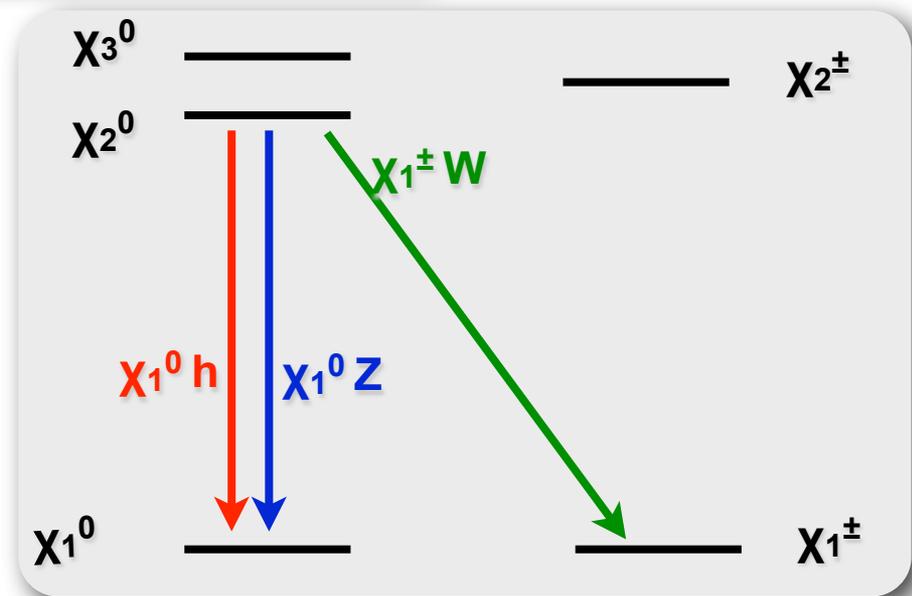
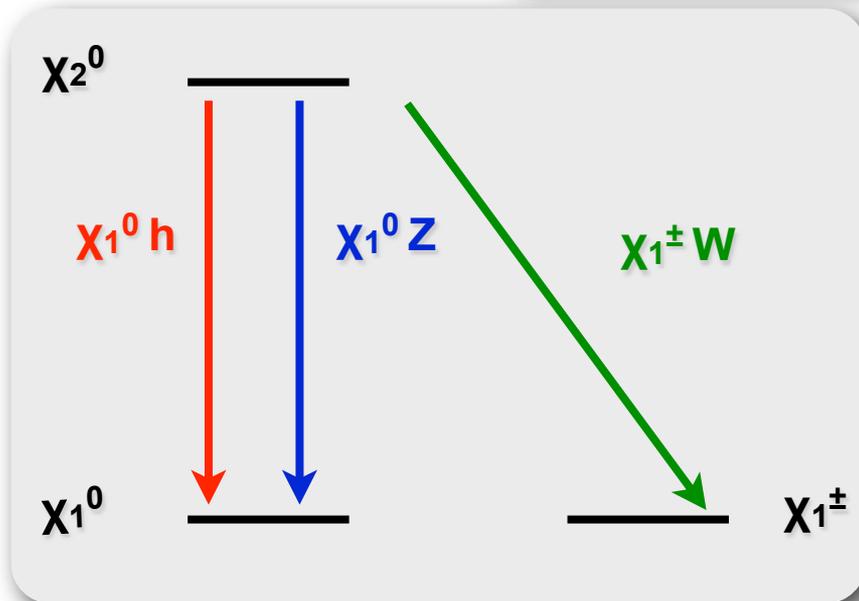
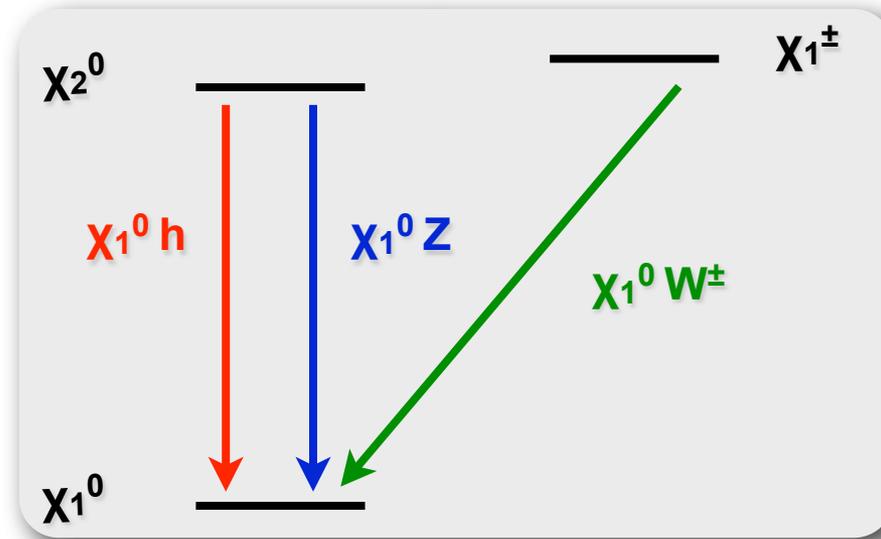
Decay of heavy neutralino and chargino



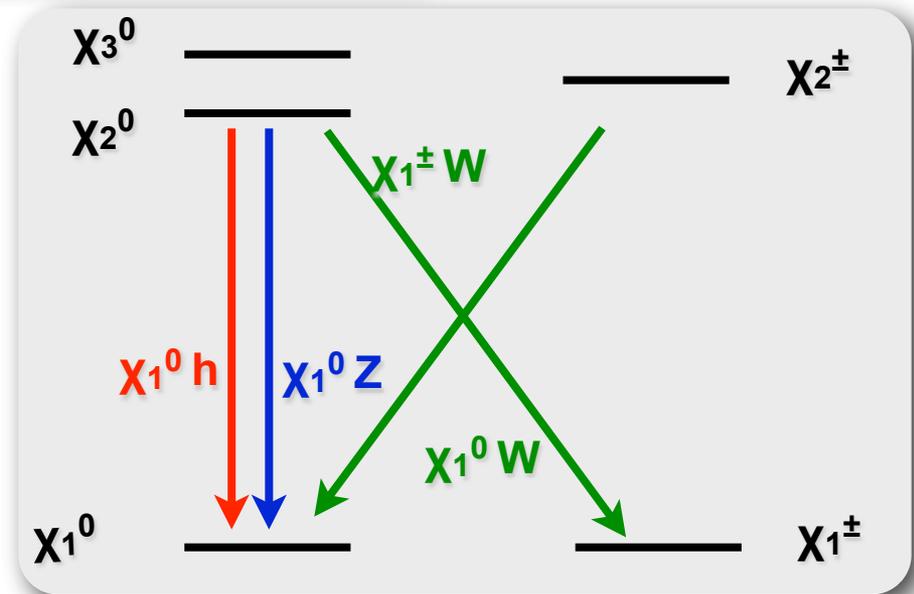
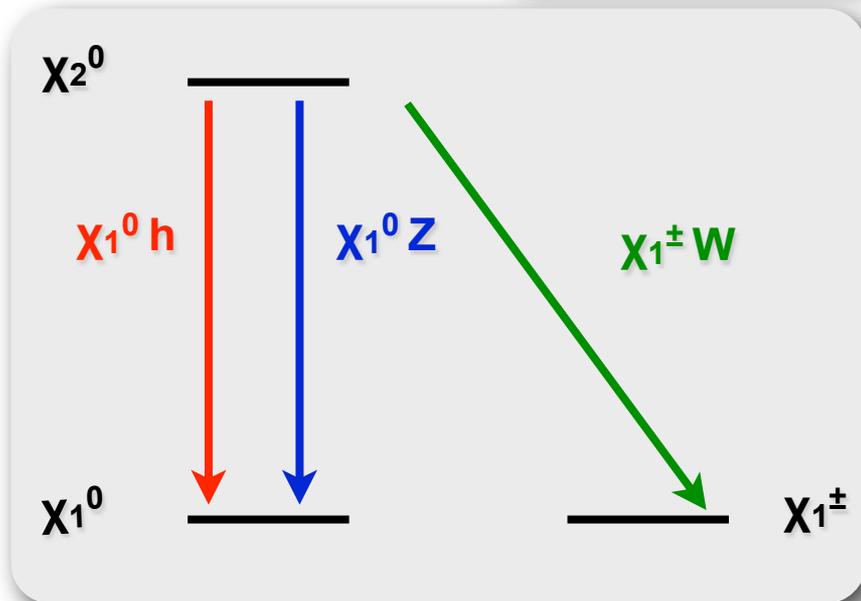
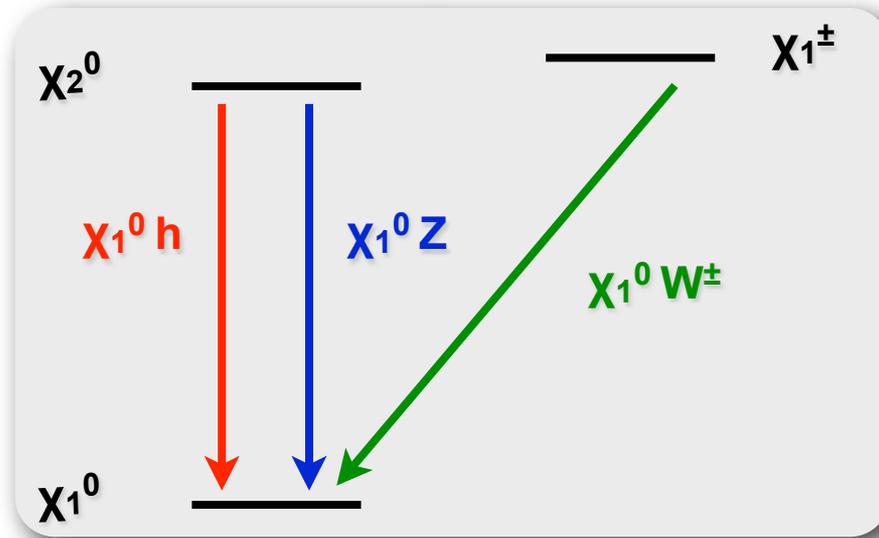
Decay of heavy neutralino and chargino



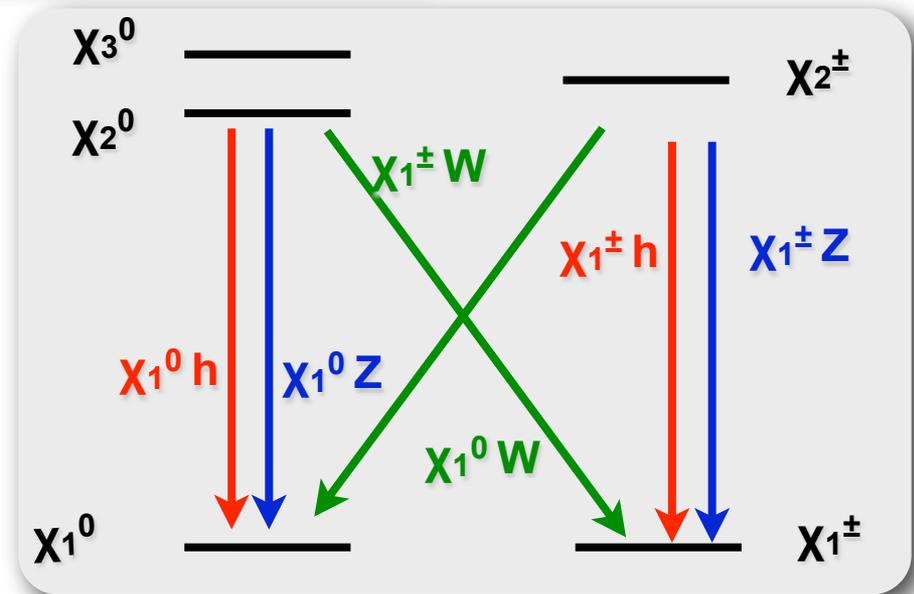
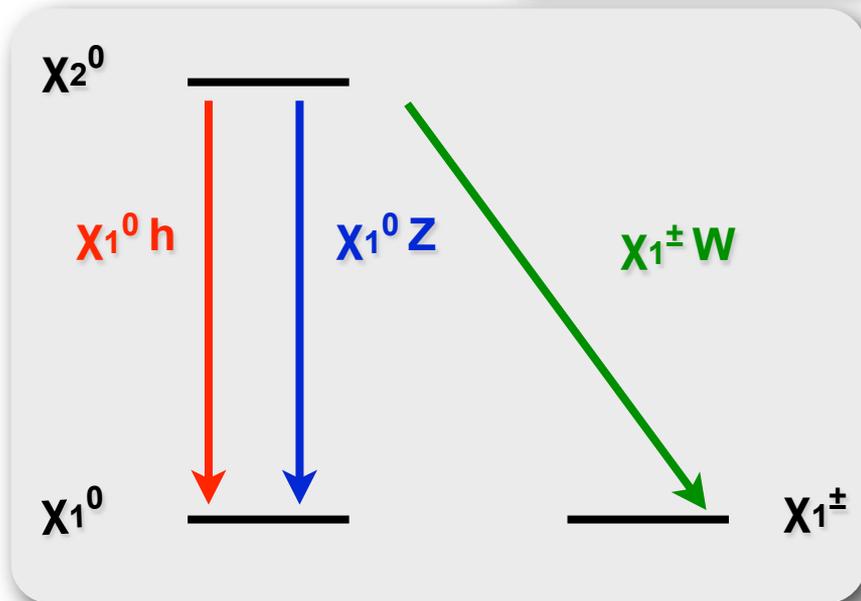
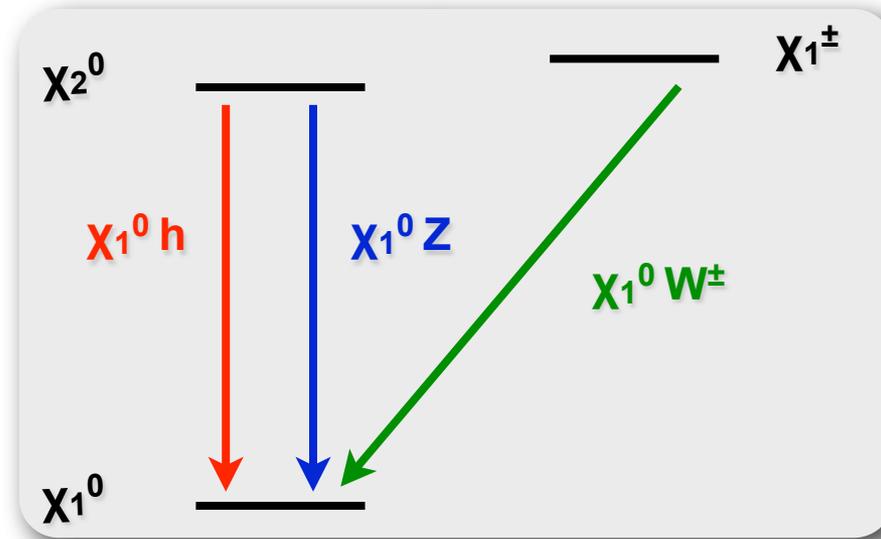
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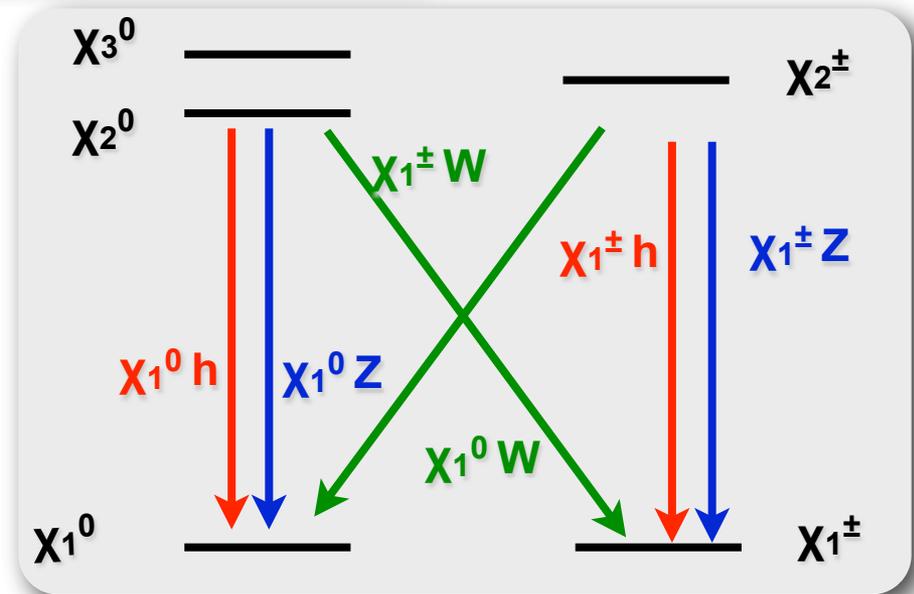
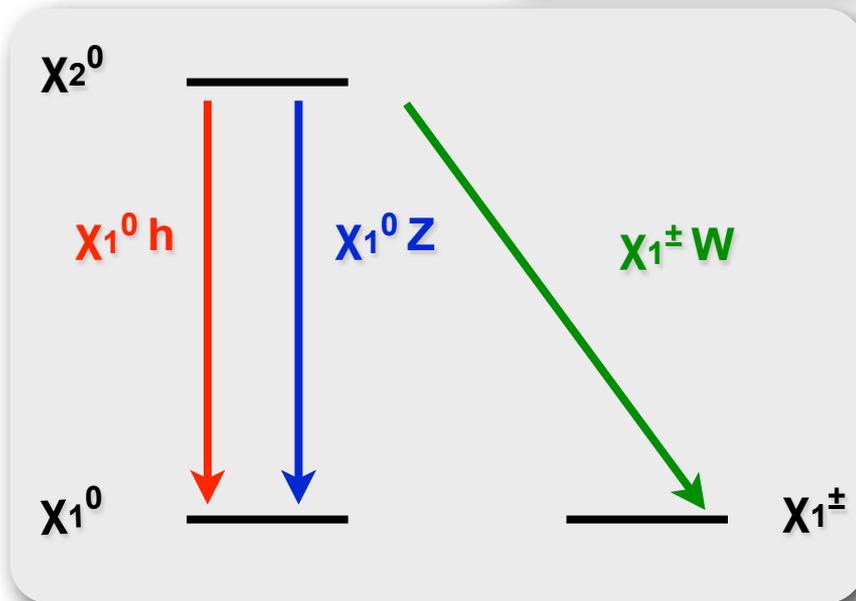
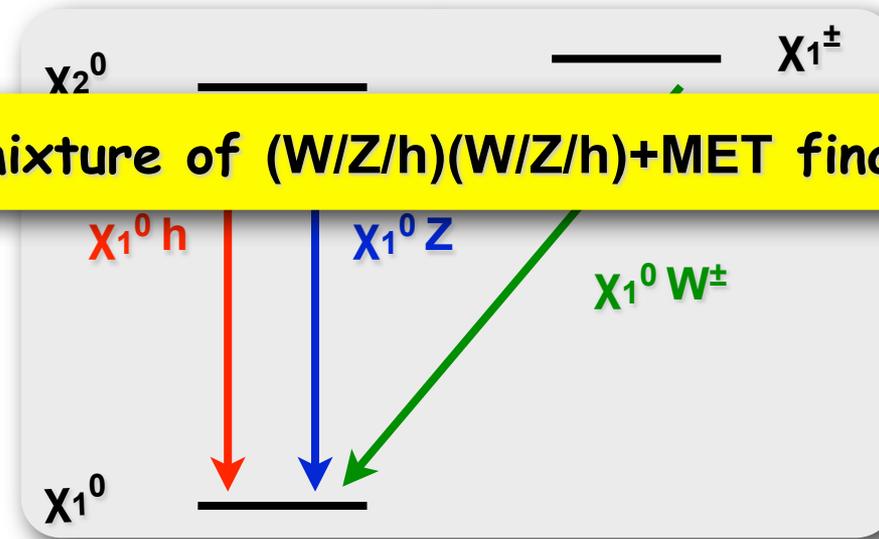


Decay of heavy neutralino and chargino



Decay of heavy neutralino and chargino

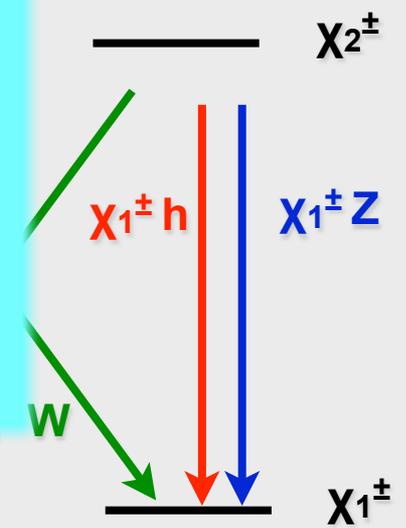
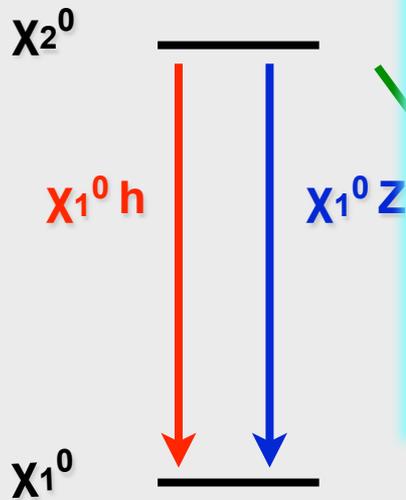
A rich mixture of (W/Z/h)(W/Z/h)+MET final states!



Decay of heavy neutralino and chargino

A rich mixture of (W/Z/h)(W/Z/h)+MET final states!

Gunion et. al., Int. J. Mod. Phys. A2 (1987) 1145
 Gunion and Haber, PRD 37 (1988) 2515
 Bartl et. al., PLB 216 (1989) 233
 Djouadi et. al., hep-ph/0104115
 Datta et. al., hep-ph/0303095
 Huitu et. al., arXiv: 0808.3094
 Gori et. al., arXiv: 1103.4138
 Stal and Weiglein, arXiv: 1108.0595
 Baer et. al., arXiv: 1201.2949
 Ghosh et. al., arXiv:1202.4937
 Howe and Saraswat, arXiv: 1208.1542
 Arbey et. al., arXiv: 1212.6865,
 T. Han, S. Padhi and SS, to appear...



Six cases

LSP(s): usual LSP+degenerate states

NLSP(s): 2nd set low-lying (degenerate) states

Case AI: Bino LSP-Wino NLSP $M_1 < M_2 < \mu$

Case AII: Bino LSP-Higgsino NLSP $M_1 < \mu < M_2$

Case BI: Wino LSP-Bino NLSP $M_2 < M_1 < \mu$

Case BII: Wino LSP-Higgsino NLSP $M_2 < \mu < M_1$

Case CI: Higgsino LSP-Bino NLSP $\mu < M_1 < M_2$

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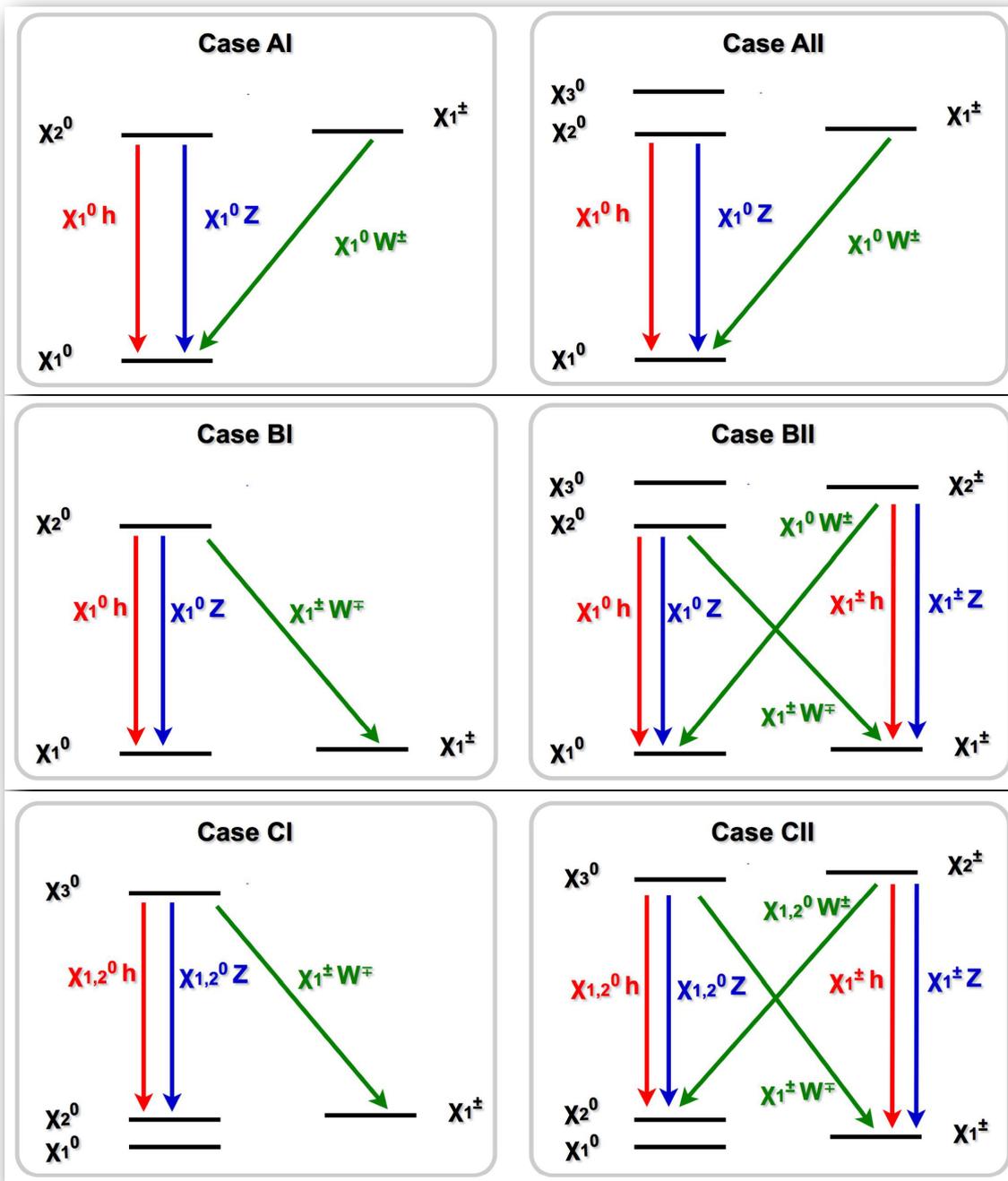
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Case CII: Higgsino LSP-Wino NLSP $\mu < M_2 < M_1$

Small NLSP production at LHC: unobservable

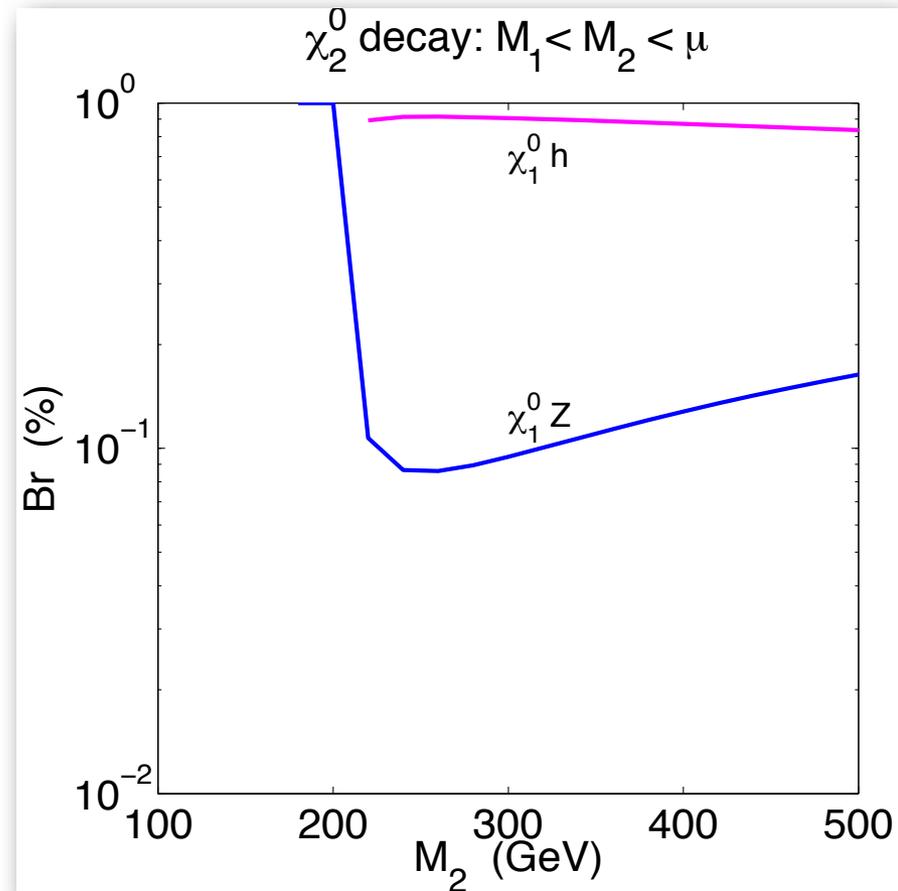
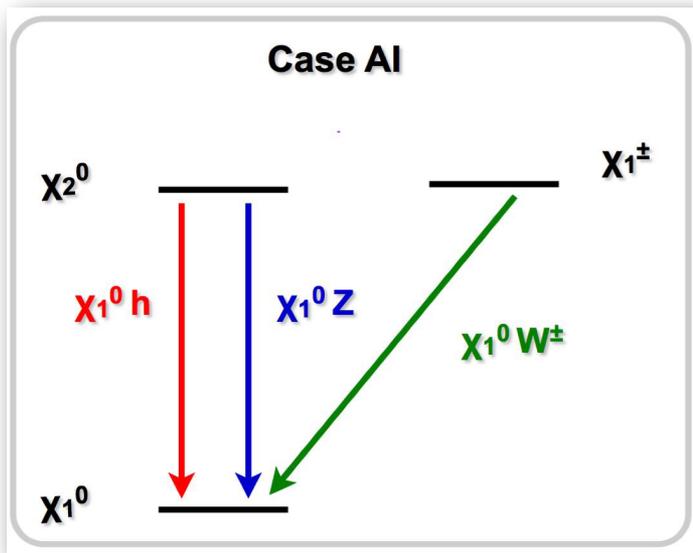
nearly degenerate LSP pair productions at ILC: Unique opportunity!



Case A1: Bino LSP - Wino NLSP

T. Han, S. Padhi, SS (2013)

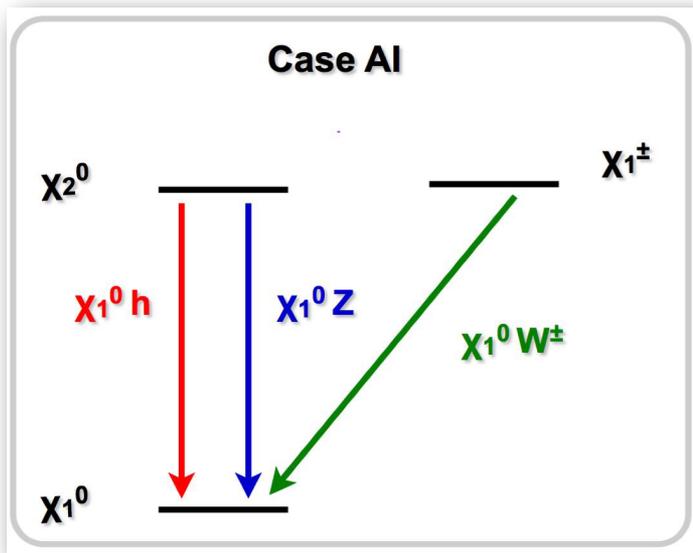
χ_{1^\pm} decay 100% via on/off-shell W



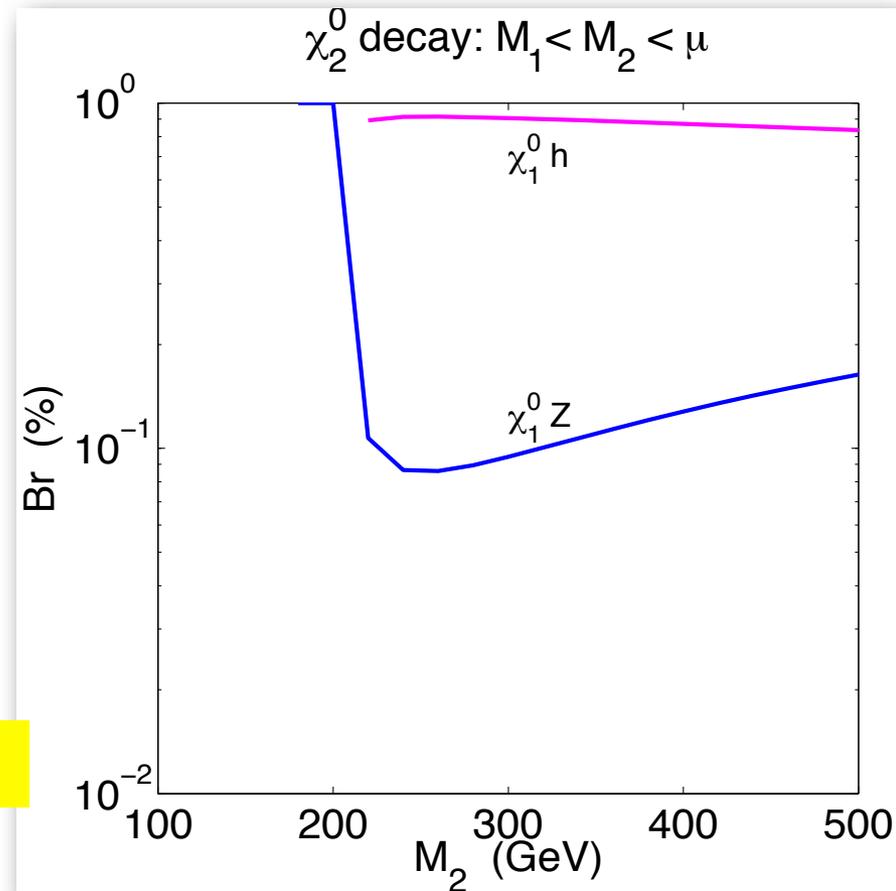
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T. Han, S. Padhi, SS (2013)

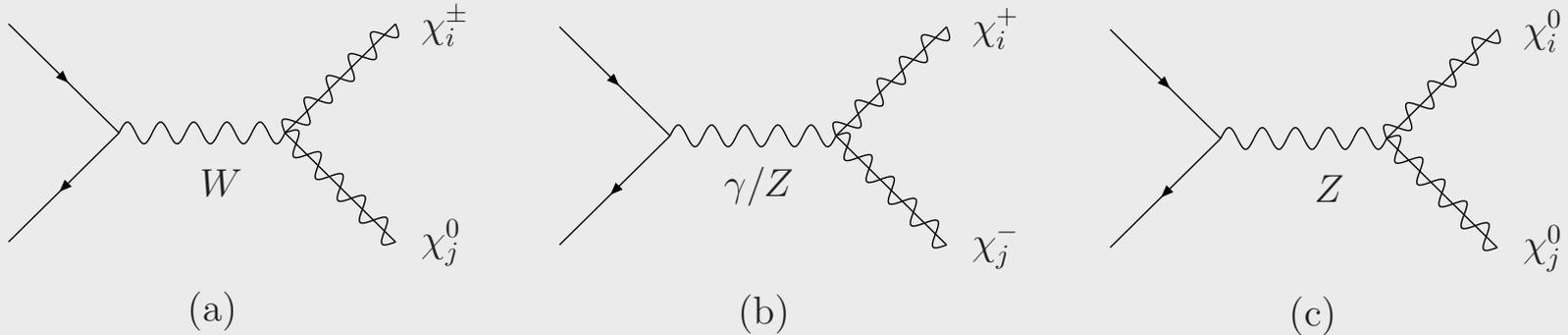
χ_{1^\pm} decay 100% via on/off-shell W



decay to h dominates over decay to Z!



Productions



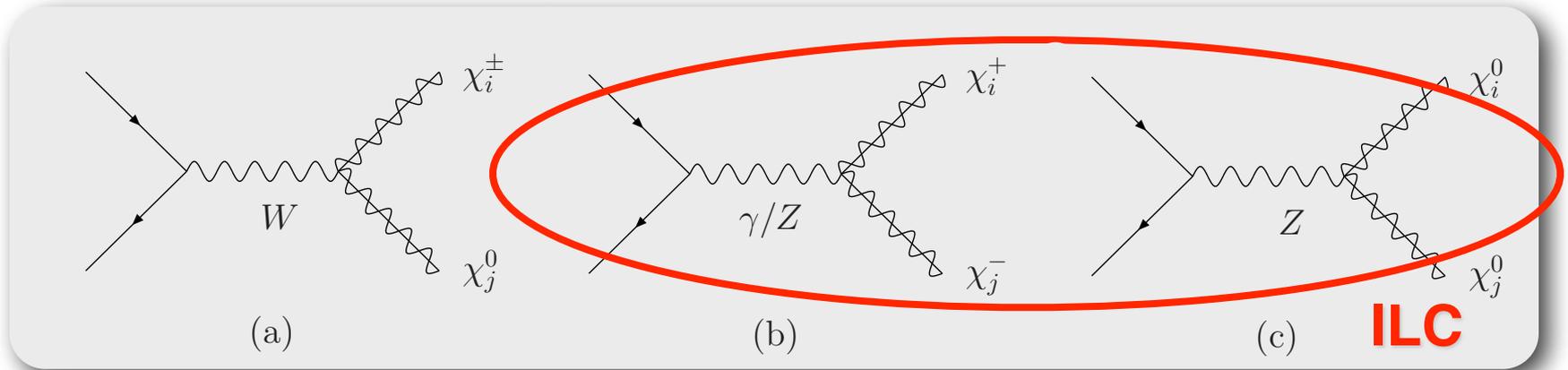
Dominant production:

- **Wino pair production: cha-cha, cha-neu**
- **Higgsino pair production: cha-cha, cha-neu, neu-neu**

$$\sigma_{XY}^{\text{tot}} = \sum_{i,j} \sigma(\chi_i \chi_j) \times Br(\chi_i \chi_j \rightarrow XY),$$

$$XY = W^+W^-, W^\pm W^\pm, WZ, Wh, Zh, ZZ, \text{ and } hh$$

Productions



Dominant production:

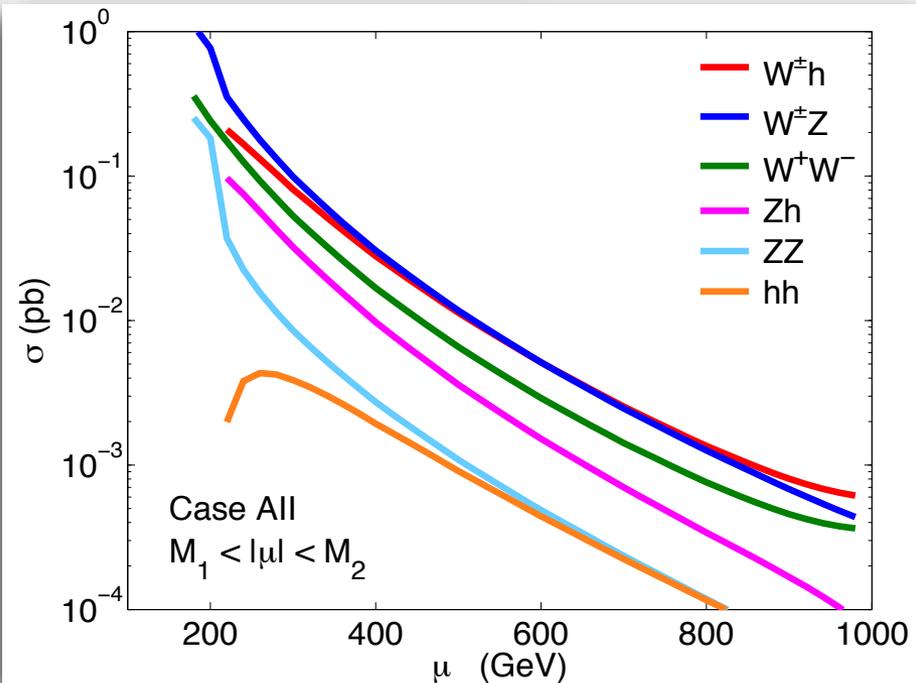
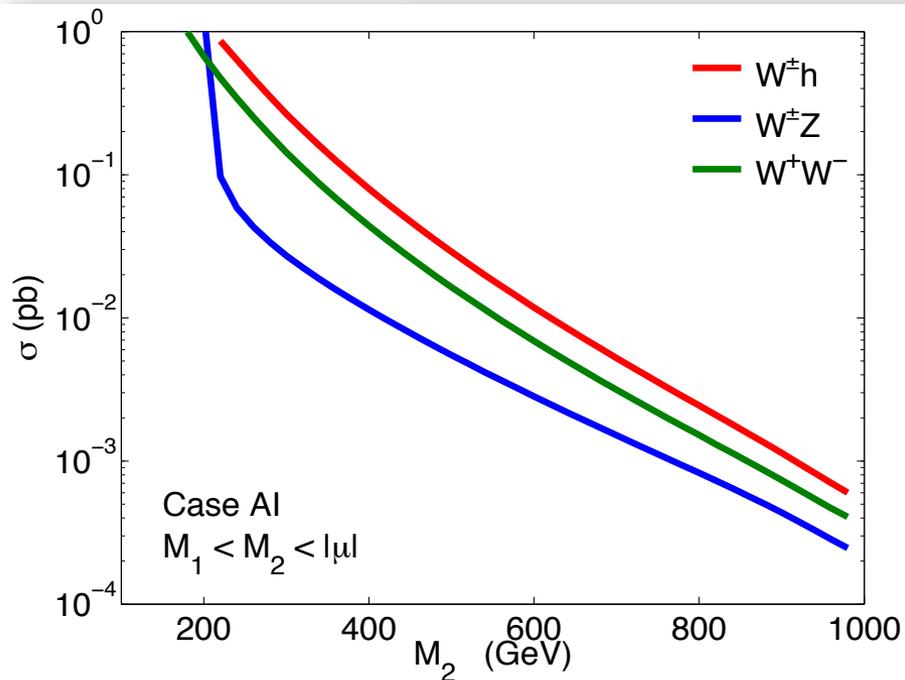
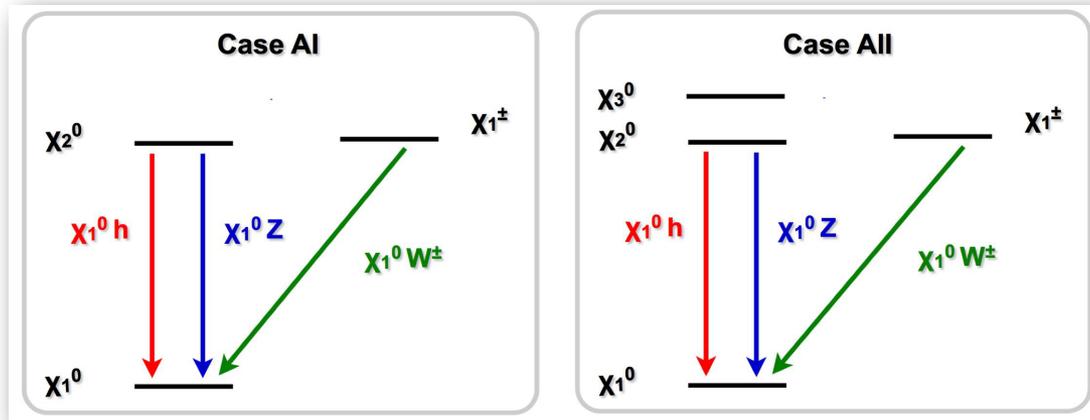
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Productions: Bino LSP

T. Han, S. Padhi, SS (2013)



Productions: Bino LSP

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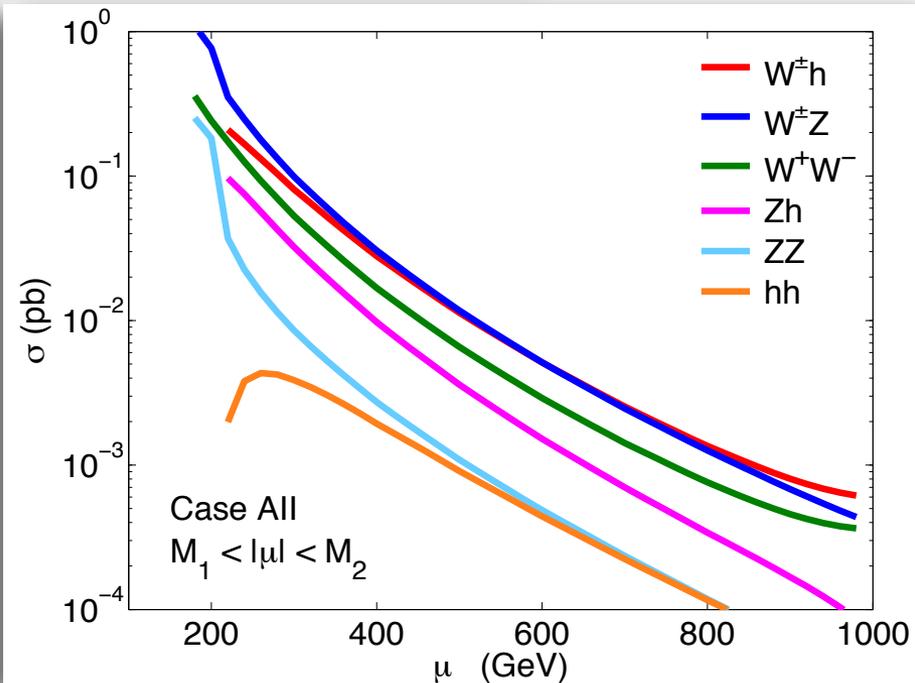
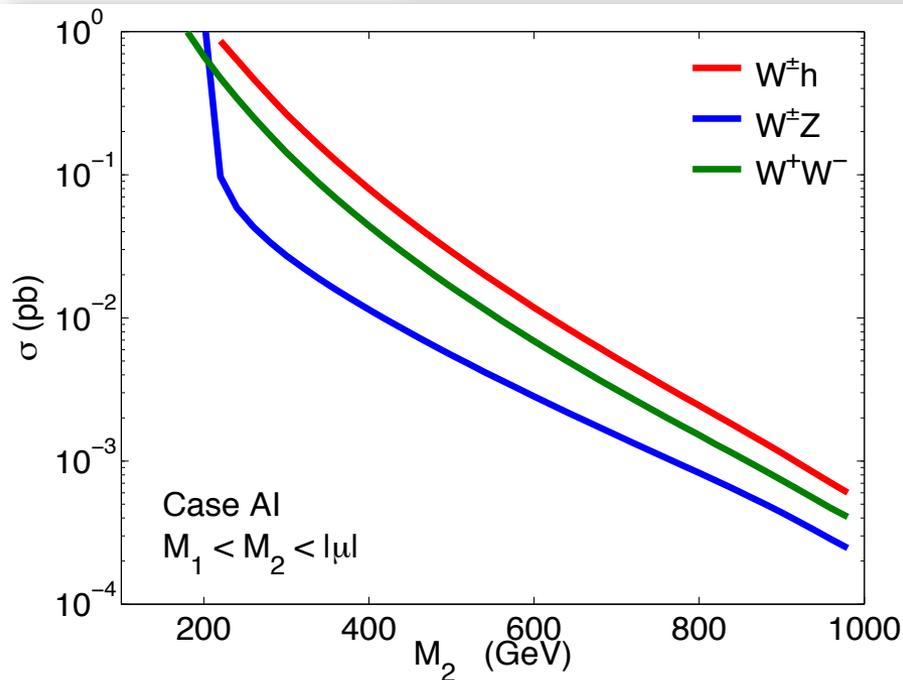
Case A1

Case A11

- $\text{Br}(WZ) < 100\%$, sometime highly suppressed
- Wh complementary to WZ channel: new discovery potential
- Zh could also be important
- hh usually is small

χ_1^0

χ_1^0



LHC/ILC searches

Channel	Signal (LHC)	Signal (ILC)
W^+W^-	OS2L + MET	hadronic (4j), semileptonic, leptonic final states +MT
$W^\pm W^\pm$	SS2L + MET	
WZ	3L + MET	
Wh	1L + bb + MET	
Zh	OS2l +bb + MET	
LSP pair		ISR photon + soft

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Wh and Zh channels comparable/complementary to WW, WZ channels!

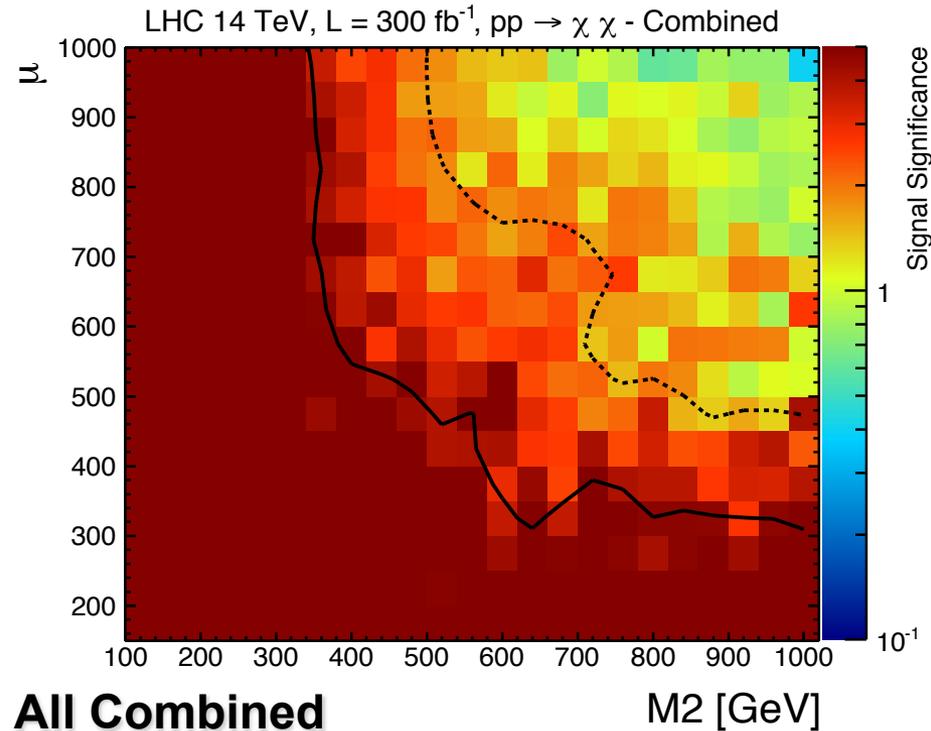
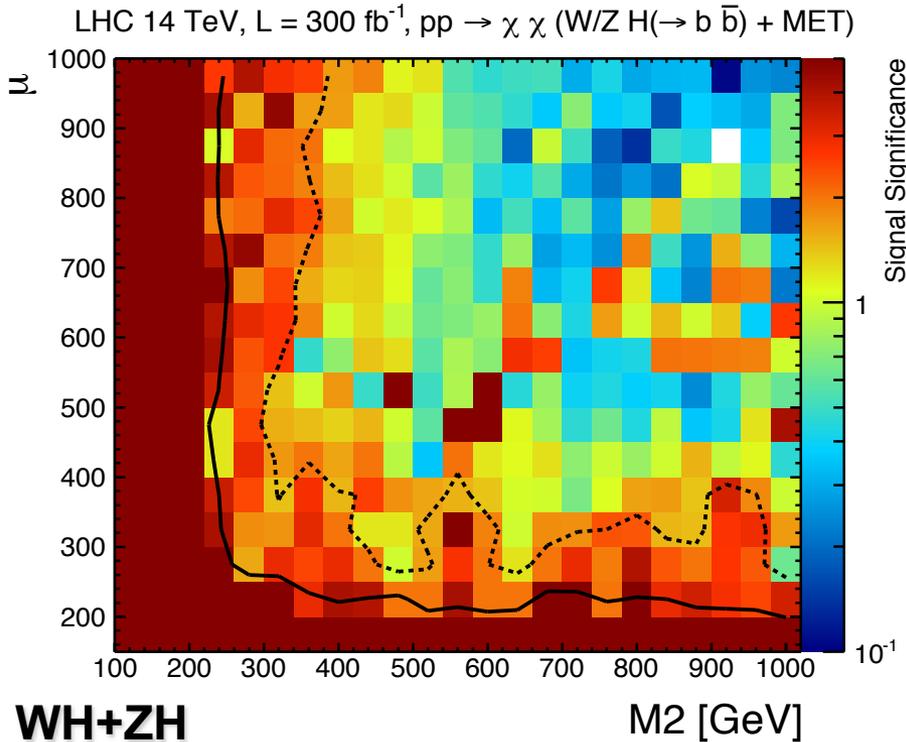
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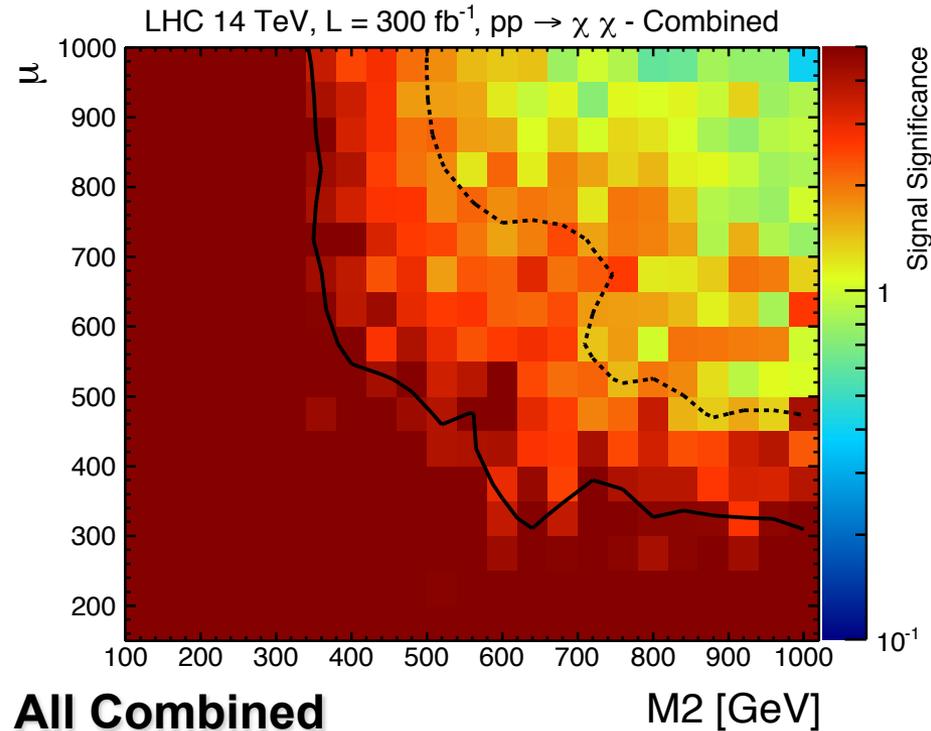
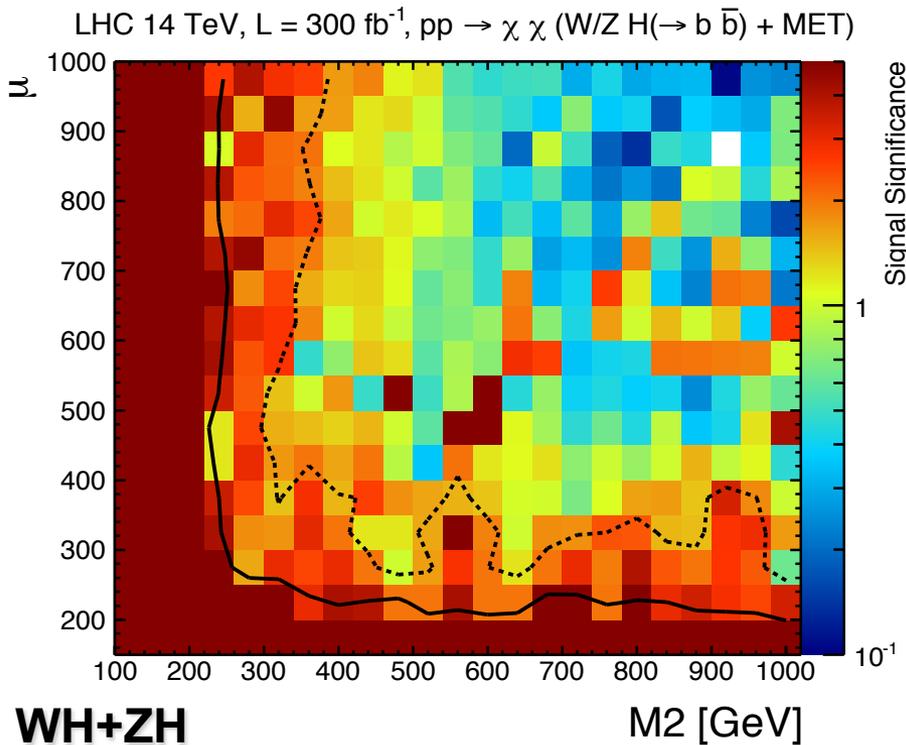
Wh and Zh channels comparable/complementary to WW, WZ channels!
LHC-ILC complementarity

Neutralino/Chargino search



T. Han, S. Padhi, SS (2013)

Neutralino/Chargino search



T. Han, S. Padhi, SS (2013)

Unique signal !
Wh complementary to WZ channels !

III. Exotic decay of non-SM Higgs

© Conventional search channel (even for non-SM Higgs):

$\gamma\gamma$, ZZ , WW , $\tau\tau$, bb

© New Higgs decay modes open for (non-)SM Higgs decay

Searching for Other Higgses

New channels open up for non-SM Higgs decay

HH type	$(bb/\tau\tau/WW/ZZ)(bb/\tau\tau/WW/ZZ)$	$h_{SM} \rightarrow AA,$ $H \rightarrow h_{SM} h_{SM},$ $H \rightarrow AA,$ $A_i \rightarrow H_j A_k, \dots$
H^+H^- type	$(\tau\nu/tb)(\tau\nu/tb)$	$H/A \rightarrow H^+H^-$
ZH type	$(ll/qq/\nu\nu)(bb/\tau\tau/WW/ZZ)$	$h_{SM} \rightarrow ZA,$ $A \rightarrow Zh_{SM}, \dots$
WH^\pm type	$(l\nu/qq')(\tau\nu/tb)$	$H/A \rightarrow WH^\pm$
WH type	$(l\nu/qq')(bb/\tau\tau/WW/ZZ)$	tH^\pm production, $H^\pm \rightarrow WH$ $H^\pm \rightarrow WA$

Searching for Other Higgses

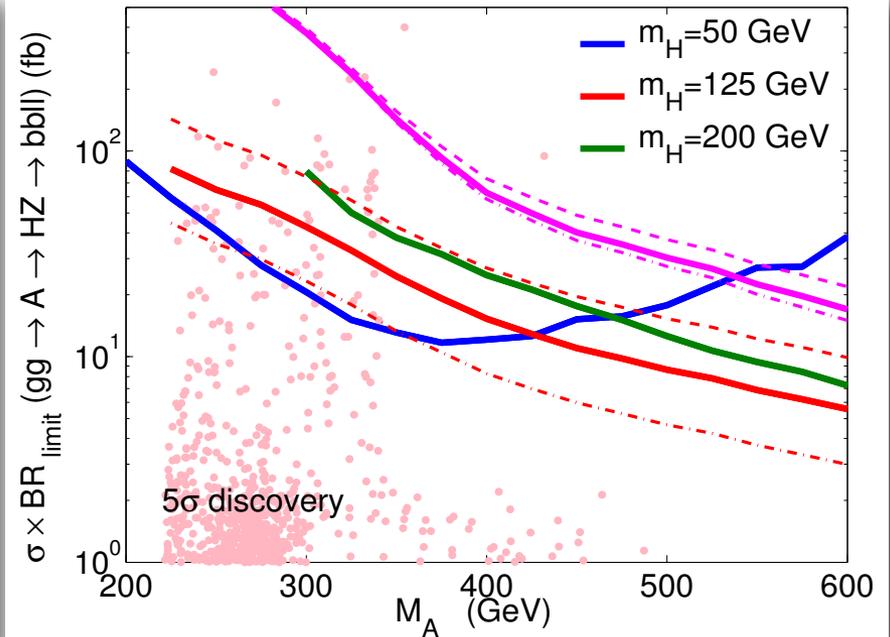
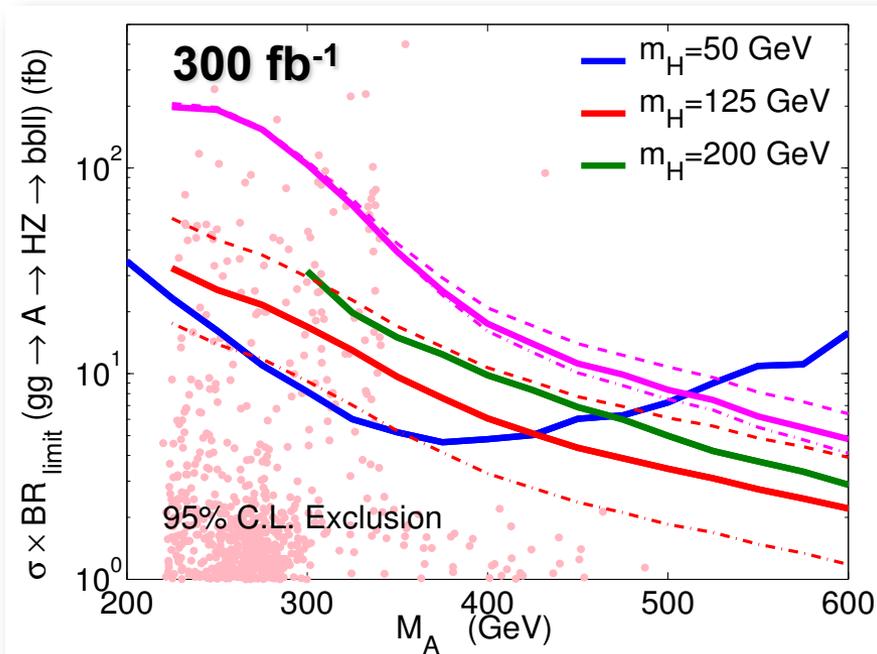
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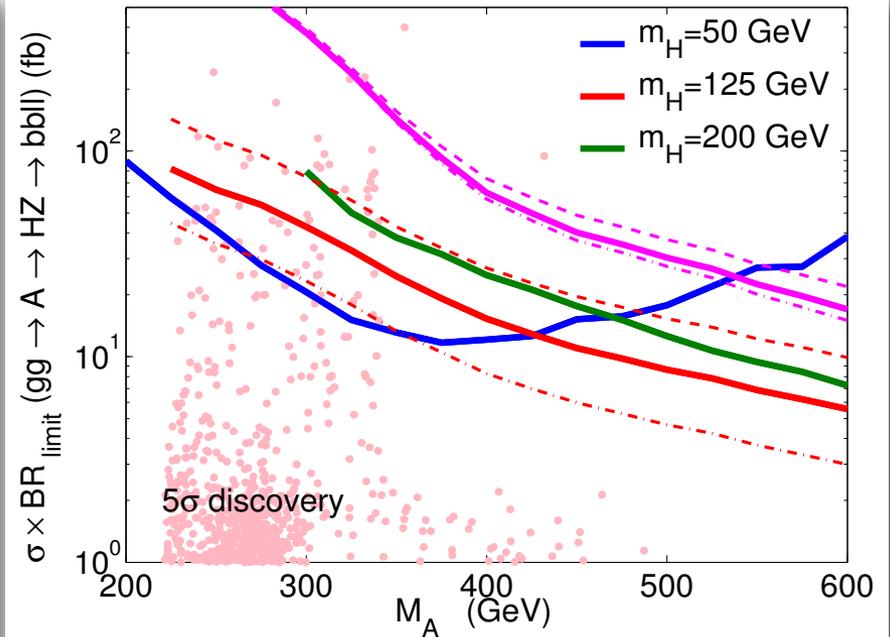
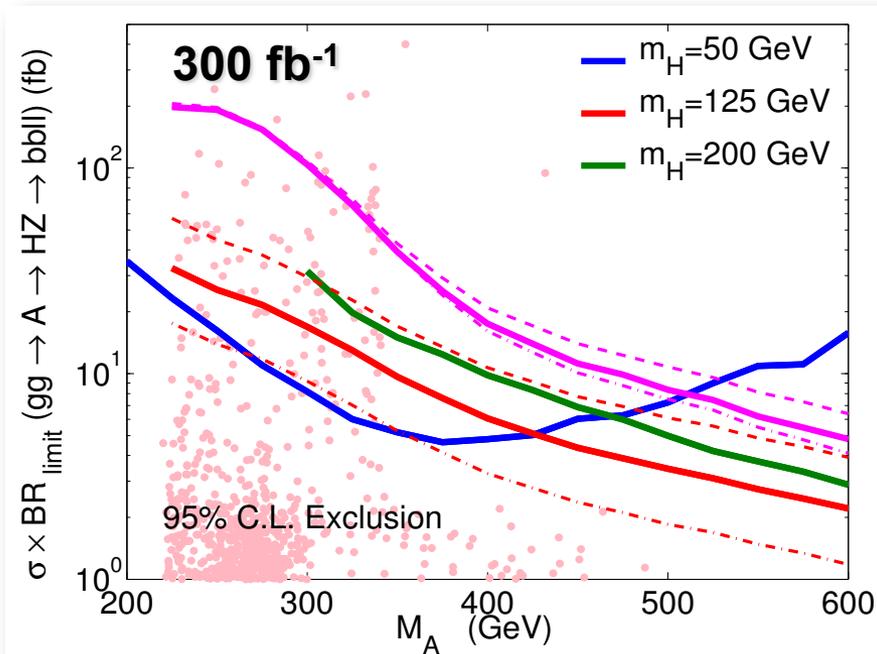
Searching for Other Higgses

B. Coleppa, F. Kling, SS (2013)



Searching for Other Higgses

B. Coleppa, F. Kling, SS (2013)



improved reach for $m_A < 350 \text{ GeV}$

Conclusion

- ◎ the discovery of Higgs is a remarkable triumph in particle physics
- ◎ a light weakly coupled Higgs argues for new physics beyond SM
- ◎ current Higgs search results already impose strong constraints on new physics beyond the SM
- ◎ Higgs should not be a lonely particle: interactive friends and partners
- ◎ Higgs help with searches for other new physics
- ◎ search for Higgs in the unconventional channel
- ◎ LHC lights the way for the searches
- ◎ Higgs factory: precision measurements of Higgs properties

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An exciting journey ahead of us!

We found Higgs

Great!

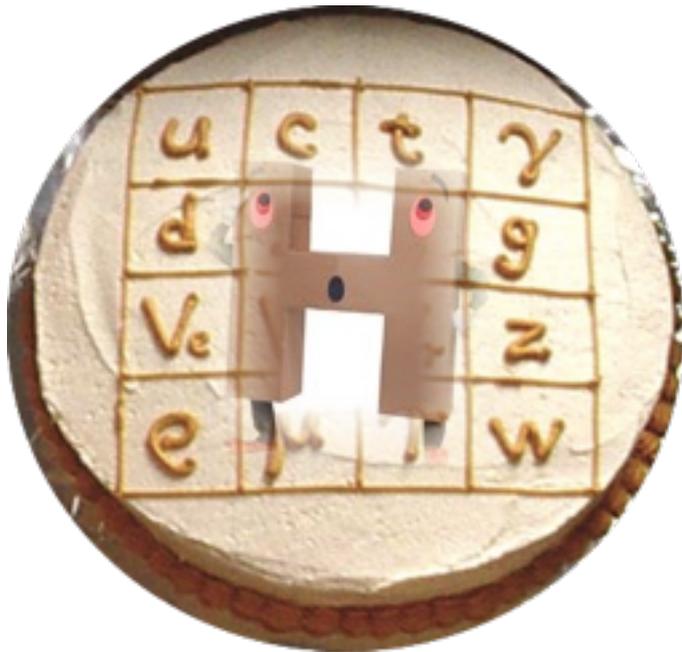
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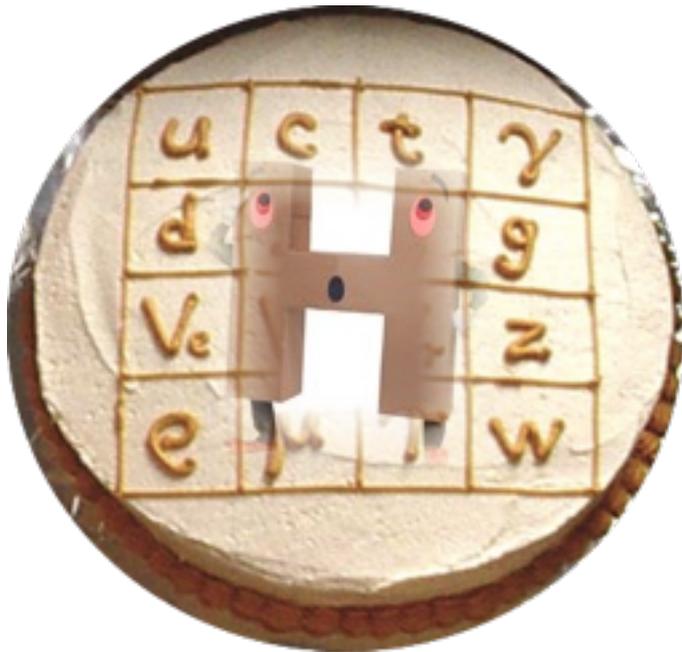
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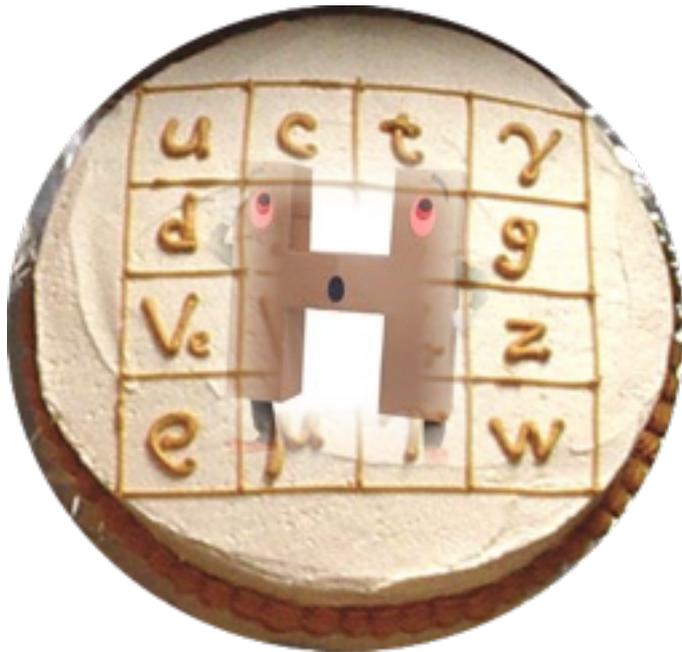
We found Higgs

Great!



Or

We found Higgs

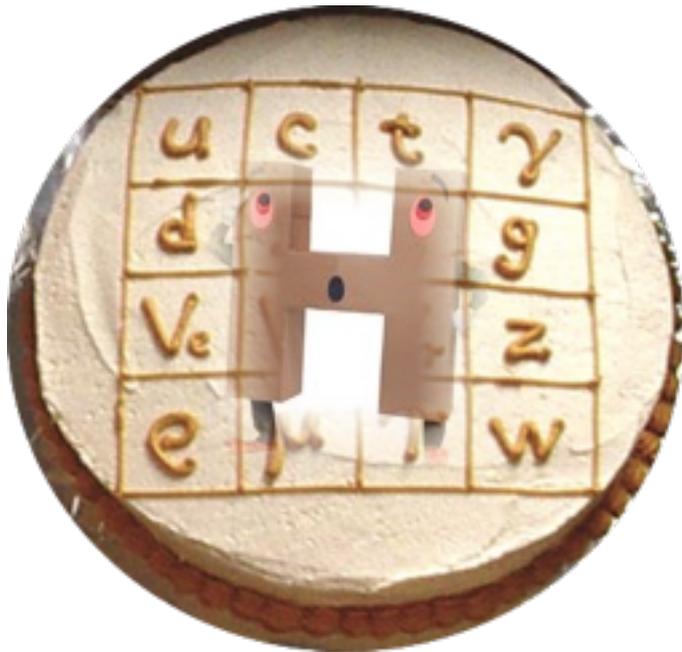


Great!

Or

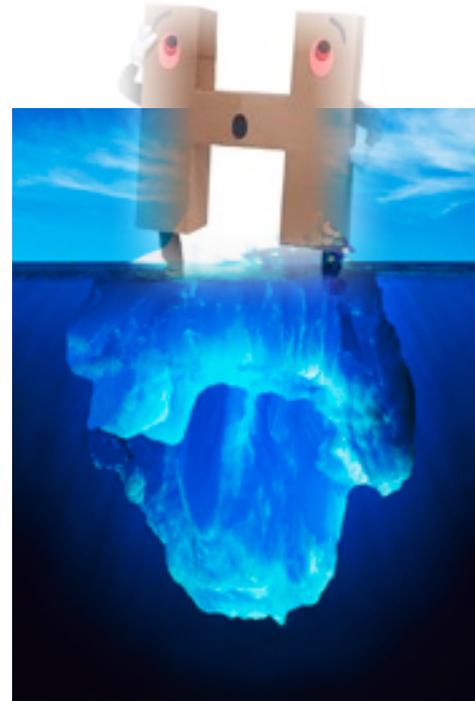


We found Higgs



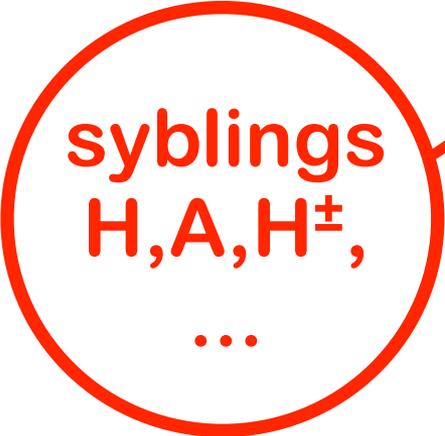
Or

Great!



We found Higgs

Great!



We found Higgs

Great!

friends
stop,
...

...

Road ahead us

Brighter!!!

syblings
H,A,H[±],
...

...

partners
Higgsinos
...

...